

PLAINTIFF'S
EXHIBIT
GF-1973

The RUBBEROID Co.

**ANNUAL
REPORT
1945**

**TO STOCKHOLDERS
AND EMPLOYEES**

GAF 12653

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1945

To our Stockholders and Employees

In accordance with our established policy, your company's annual report for 1945 is addressed jointly to stockholders and employees. Accordingly, this report includes financial statements for stockholders, together with facts of particular interest to employees, such as the company's policy on wages, production accomplishments, outlook for employment and provisions for personnel welfare.

Financial Results in 1945

The net profit from the company's operations in 1945, after providing for estimated taxes and contingencies, amounted to \$825,118, or \$2.07 per share of stock, compared with \$826,694, or \$2.08 per share of stock in 1944. The net profit in 1945 represents a return of 4.5 per cent on the invested capital and 2.7 per cent on sales.

Dividends paid in 1945 amounted to \$197,297, or \$1.25 per share on the 397,806 shares outstanding—the same as in 1944.

The number of stockholders at the end of 1945 was 2,052, compared with 1,878 in 1944.

Net sales in 1945 amounted to \$30,744,634, compared with \$28,630,138 in 1944, an increase of 7.5 per cent. The trend

Proxies for use at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held at the office of the company, South Hound Brook, N. J., on April 26, 1946, at 1:30 P.M., will be requested by the management of the corporation at a later date. Beginning on or about March 29, 1946, proxies and proxy statements will be mailed to stockholders.

The data herein are published solely for the information of the company's stockholders and employees. No statement in this booklet is made for the purpose of inducing the purchase of any security issued by the company.

of annual net sales and prices realized per ton since 1941 is shown in *Figure 1*.

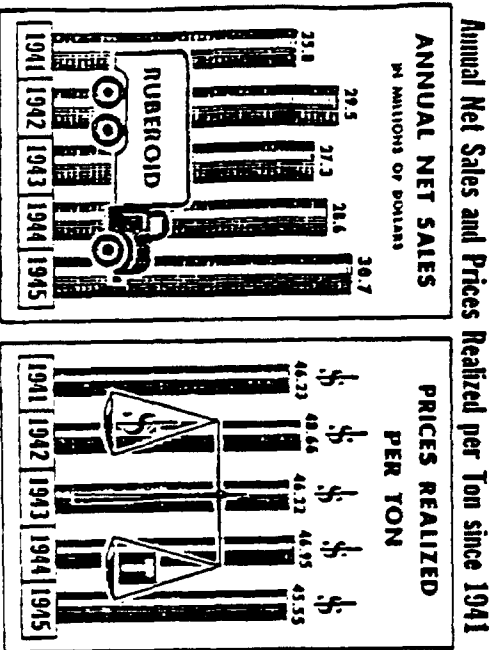
As a result of renegotiation, in 1945, of the company's 1944 Government business, under the Renegotiation Act, the War Contract Price Adjustment Board determined that the company realized no excessive profits during that year. In the opinion of officers of the company, no excessive profits were realized on Government business during 1945.

The distribution of gross profits since 1941 is illustrated in *Figure 2*.

How each dollar received from the sales of Ruberoid products in 1945 was utilized, is illustrated in *Figure 3*.

Appropriations totalling \$1,607,716 were made during 1945 for factory improvements and modernization, compared

Figure 1



[2]

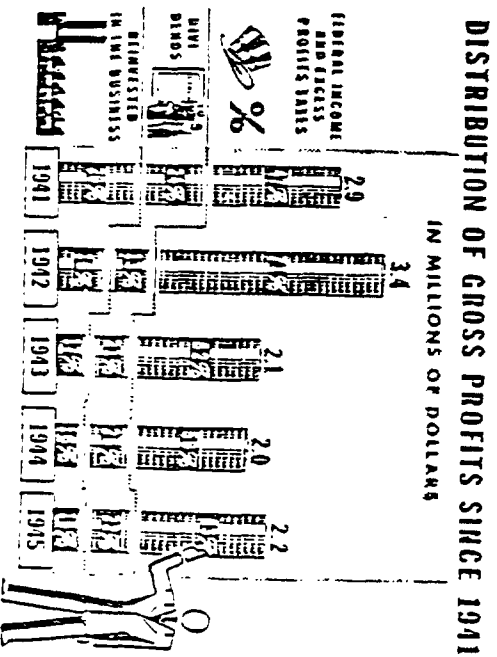
with a charge of \$957,148 for depreciation caused by wear and tear and obsolescence of equipment, and for amortization of war facilities.

Current assets at the close of 1945 were 8 times current liabilities. Working capital amounted to \$9,131,749, compared with \$8,371,312 at the close of 1944. Details of the more significant changes in the company's 1945 financial and operating statistics are presented in the tabulation on page 6.

Payrolls and Production

The average number of employees in 1945 was 3,457, compared with 3,309 in 1944. Wages and salaries in 1945 totalled \$8,968,073, an increase of \$384,222, or 4 per cent over 1944. Of this amount, \$768,922, or 8.6 per cent, represented the excess over regular hourly wage rates paid for

Figure 2



[3]

overtime work, resulting from the manpower shortage and Executive Order 9301, requiring a minimum 48 hour work week.

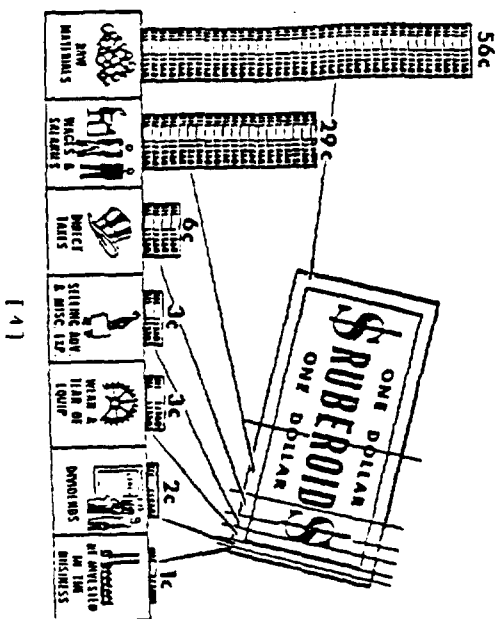
Production of finished materials in 1945 amounted to 674,253 tons, compared with 609,791 tons in 1944, an increase of 10.6 per cent. *Figure 4* shows the relationship between total tons of finished materials produced and man hours per ton since 1941.

Wages and Employment

The average straight time hourly wage rate of factory employees at all Ruberoid plants has been increased in excess of 30 per cent since January 1941.

Figure 3

HOW EACH DOLLAR RECEIVED FROM SALES OF RUBEROID PRODUCTS IN 1945 WAS UTILIZED



The manpower shortage, previously a severe handicap, is gradually being overcome through the welcome return of many of our employees from the armed forces, whose former experience and present ability will serve to increase our operating efficiency.

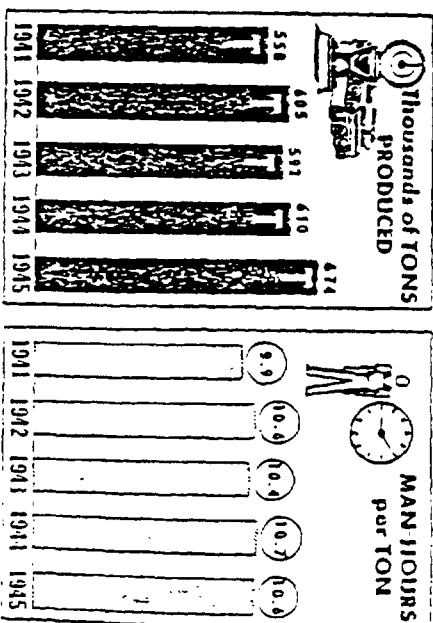
Employee Relations and Welfare

All annual agreements with unions were renewed or extended during the year through the normal course of collective bargaining between management and employee representatives and in conformity with governmental policies on wage stabilization and commodity price control.

The labor-management meetings inaugurated several years ago have continued to yield beneficial results. Many prob-

Figure 4

TONS PRODUCED and MAN-HOURS PER TON since 1941



COMPARISON OF THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS FOR 1915 AND 1914

	1915	1914
Net Sales:		
Dollars (net)	\$10,714,634.01	\$28,630,138.27
Tonnage	674,253 tons	609,791 tons
Price realized per ton	\$43.55	\$46.95
Net Profit:		
Percentage of sales	83.318 00	82.6594 40
Per share of stock	2.7 per cent	2.9 per cent
	\$2.07	\$2.08
Dividends:		
Total	\$497,257.50	\$497,257.50
Percentage of net profit	60.4 per cent	60.2 per cent
Per share of stock	\$1.25	\$1.25
Wages and Salaries:		
Total	\$8,968,073.76	\$8,383,831.44
Percentage of sales	29.2 per cent	29.3 per cent
Average number of employees	3,457	5,309
Direct Taxes:		
Total	\$1,799,098.55	\$1,593,685.61
Per share of stock	\$1.52	\$1.01
Percentage of dividends	362 per cent	321 per cent
Percentage of net profit	219 per cent	193 per cent
Per employee	\$520.42	\$481.62
Break-down of Direct Taxes:		
Federal Taxes	\$1,412,488.68	\$1,192,164.34
Foreign Taxes	31,447.59	31,454.54
Social Security Taxes	181,226.44	180,653.30
Property Taxes	114,359.67	104,224.59
Franchise Taxes	20,083.85	20,869.53
Miscellaneous Direct Taxes	30,692.32	36,339.31
Total Direct Taxes	\$1,799,098.55	\$1,593,685.61

The Mid-land Co. does not enter into future commitments for the sale or purchase of commodities for an extent that might at any time become a material item in the company's business position.

[6]

Items of mutual concern were worked out in conferences and the management is particularly appreciative of the suggestions emanating from employees with respect to securing additional workers, eliminating waste, providing greater safety and improving manufacturing procedures to increase production.

Approximately 85 per cent of all eligible employees are participating in the Employees Retirement Plan which went into effect on December 1, 1914. This plan has been designed to provide salaried and hourly paid employees with a regular monthly retirement income in addition to Government social security benefits.

Expenditures for various types of employee welfare amounted to approximately 85 per cent of total payroll during 1915, and included the following:

Company's Voluntary Expenditures:	
Employees Retirement Plan	\$153,206
Vacation pay	223,360
The company's contribution to employees group disability and life insurance, provisions for physical examinations and first aid	95,800
Pensions	47,115
Extra compensation paid employees entering military service and to others for unusual services	3,013
Federal and State Sickness:	
Provisions under the Workmen's Compensation Law for accident compensation and disability benefits	83,290
Social security taxes (unemployment insurance and old age benefits)	100,257
Total 1915 expenditures for employee welfare	\$764,507

Present Situation and Outlook

Aside from the absence of any mechanical plant recovery

[7]

GAF 12657

sion problem, the building industry has three highly important factors in its favor:

1. A large backlog of home repairs and modernization.
2. The need for homes by many new families and returning service men.
3. Substantial savings accumulated during the war years, a large portion of which may be expected to be spent for the foregoing.

In consequence of the price ceilings which have been placed upon the company's line of finished products, coupled with the steady advance in wage rates and the increased cost of certain raw materials and fuel, the problem of maintaining the company's profit margin is becoming increasingly difficult. To help solve this problem, three major plans are being pursued:

1. Development of new and improved products by aggressive research, and improvement and mechanization of factory equipment to lower production costs. This it is expected will increase the company's sales volume. The unfilled orders on hand at the close of 1945 were larger than at any preceding time.
2. Construction of a new asbestos cement unit at Mobile, also steps being taken at our various felt mills to increase the production of dry felt utilized in the manufacture of asphalt roofings and shingles, since the demand for this important raw material far exceeds the present supply.
3. Curtailment of expenses wherever possible, without,

[u]

however, sacrificing operating efficiency or the quality of the finished products.

This report would not be complete without special reference to the fine teamwork in all departments of our organization that has made possible the year's accomplishments. And to our stockholders sincere thanks are extended for their continued support.

Respectfully submitted,

Arthur A. ...
President

February 25, 1946

GAF 12658

[2]

THE RUBBEROID CO. AND WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
COMPARATIVE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET, DECEMBER 31, 1945 AND DECEMBER 31, 1944

GAF 12659

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS:

	December 31, 1945	December 31, 1944
Cash	\$ 2,711,703.47	\$ 2,335,612.92
United States Government obligations, at cost	1,674,801.04	932,000.00
Accounts and notes receivable, less reserves (Note 1)	2,324,116.85	2,293,834.22
Inventories (Note 2)	3,411,797.03	3,346,676.02
Total CURRENT ASSETS	\$10,122,418.41	\$ 9,320,123.16

PROVISIONS AND ADVANCES:

The Rubberoid Company Limited (England), a partly owned subsidiary company not consolidated:

Investment in ordinary shares, at nominal value	1.00	1.00
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Miscellaneous investments, at cost, and advances (less reserves: 1945, \$1,663.38; 1944, \$12,313.38)	13,466.11	30,602.81
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Post-war Return of Excess Profits Tax (estimated)

	283,900.00
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PROVISIONS AND RESERVES, LESS RESERVES (Note 3)	9,689,341.38	9,830,143.28
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DEFERRED CHARGES	234,410.69	339,499.16
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	\$20,079,437.59	\$19,634,269.41
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LIABILITIES

CURRENT LIABILITIES:

	December 31, 1945	December 31, 1944
Trade accounts payable	\$ 676,100.76	\$ 644,815.69
Accrued wages and commissions	229,339.33	190,576.30
Sundry liabilities (principally property, franchise, social security, and withheld taxes, and deposits)	339,139.69	310,007.70
Reserve for Federal income and excess profits taxes (after deducting U. S. Treasury notes, tax series 1943, \$1,414,000; 1944, \$1,433,000)		
Total CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$ 1,243,079.00	\$ 1,116,307.77

RESERVES:

For roof maintenance, compensation insurance, and other contingencies	1,090,736.31	1,033,214.66
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For wartime contingencies	364,000.00	429,000.00
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CAPITAL STOCK (Note 4)	15,034,363.60	13,033,163.60
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EARNED SURPLUS, per statement on page 12	4,343,147.00	4,019,577.50
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	\$20,079,437.59	\$19,634,269.41
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[10]

[11]

THE RUMFORD CO.

AND WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

COMPARATIVE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

For the Years Ended December 31, 1945 and December 31, 1944

	1945	1944
Sales, less returns, discounts and allowances	\$30,714,634.01	\$28,630,138.27
Cost of goods sold (Note 2)	23,560,033.70	23,052,730.01
Gross profit	\$ 7,154,600.31	\$ 5,577,408.26
Selling, advertising, administrative and general expenses	2,971,021.64	2,636,023.18
Other income:		
Cash dividends received from The Rumford Company Limited (England) (Note 6)	31,437.53	31,424.48
Interest received	24,435.13	21,682.03
Release of a portion of reserve for wartime contingencies (Note 9)	65,000.00	—
Miscellaneous other income	18,344.86	18,368.19
Other charges (Note 7)	\$ 2,322,776.19	\$ 2,212,038.58
Profit before provision for Federal income and excess profits taxes (Note 8)	\$ 2,235,606.68	\$ 2,018,838.74
Provision for Federal income and excess profits taxes (estimated) (Note 9)	1,412,488.68	1,192,164.34
Net profit for the year (added to earned surplus)	\$ 823,118.00	\$ 826,674.40

THE RUMFORD CO.

AND WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

COMPARATIVE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EARNED SURPLUS

For the Years Ended December 31, 1945 and December 31, 1944

	1945	1944
Earned surplus at beginning of the year	\$ 4,019,577.38	\$ 3,690,140.48
Add - Net profit for the year	823,118.00	826,674.40
Deficit - Dividends paid in cash: 1945 and 1944, \$1.25 per share	\$ 4,892,693.38	\$ 4,316,834.08
Earned surplus at end of the year, per balance sheet	\$ 4,343,437.00	\$ 4,019,577.38

(12)

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1: ACCOUNTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE, LESS RESERVES:

	December 31, 1945	December 31, 1944
Customers	\$ 2,118,033.03	\$ 2,117,003.02
Sundry	12,462.60	9,097.03
Employees	64,713.64	12,097.96

Note 2: INVENTORIES AND NOTES RECEIVABLE:

	December 31, 1945	December 31, 1944
Raw materials and factory supplies	\$ 2,160,138.64	\$ 2,213,031.07
Products in process of manufacture	471,167.46	318,071.79
Finished products	700,490.95	703,330.56

Note 3: PROPERTIES AND PLANTS, LESS RESERVES:

	December 31, 1945	December 31, 1944
Land, mineral properties, buildings and equipment, machinery and tools, outside real estate, etc.	\$17,317,627.00	\$16,890,435.07
At reproductive value as appraised by the American Appraisal Company in 1927, 1932, and 1936, subsequent additions at cost	111,001.03	117,202.94
At sale and salvage on useful values as determined by the American Appraisal Company, December 31, 1938	\$10,221,431.01	\$17,607,736.01
Less - Reserves to reduce reproductive value to found value as appraised, together with subsequent provision for depreciation and depletion	8,333,290.46	7,737,397.75
	\$ 9,682,141.58	\$ 9,070,115.20

* An item of \$308,366.61 reclassified as raw material

Note 4: INVENTORIES AND NOTES RECEIVABLE:

	December 31, 1945	December 31, 1944
Raw materials and factory supplies	\$ 2,160,138.64	\$ 2,213,031.07
Products in process of manufacture	471,167.46	318,071.79
Finished products	700,490.95	703,330.56

* An item of \$308,366.61 reclassified as raw material

	December 31, 1945	December 31, 1944
Land, mineral properties, buildings and equipment, machinery and tools, outside real estate, etc.	\$17,317,627.00	\$16,890,435.07
At reproductive value as appraised by the American Appraisal Company in 1927, 1932, and 1936, subsequent additions at cost	111,001.03	117,202.94
At sale and salvage on useful values as determined by the American Appraisal Company, December 31, 1938	\$10,221,431.01	\$17,607,736.01
Less - Reserves to reduce reproductive value to found value as appraised, together with subsequent provision for depreciation and depletion	8,333,290.46	7,737,397.75
	\$ 9,682,141.58	\$ 9,070,115.20

(13)

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

NOTE 4: CAPITAL STOCK.

Authorized 1,000,000 shares of no par value		
Issued	438,912 shares	\$13,493,338 18
Preferred	41,336 shares	\$ 439,394 38 (acquired and held in treasury at cost)
Outstanding	397,576 shares	\$13,053,943 60

NOTE 5: Cost of goods sold was computed on the basis of standard costs and adjusted at the year end when establishing the value of inventories.

NOTE 6: The equity of The Rubberoid Co. in the profit of The Rubberoid Company Limited (England), a partly owned subsidiary company not consolidated, exceeded the sharehold received from that company for the year 1943 by approximately £8,700.

NOTE 7: OTHER FINANCES.

	1943	1944
Interest paid	789 70	1,620 83
Life plant expense	22,311 18	28,078 99
Provision for wartime contingencies		90,000 00
Post service cost under employees retirement plan	33,331 69	73,300 00
Loss on disposal of capital assets	10,316 94	...
	\$ 87,169 31	\$ 193,199 81

NOTE 8: Depreciation and depletion provided during the years 1943, 1943, 1948 87, 1944, 1947, 1946 66. The provision for the year 1943 includes \$33,389 66 for amortization of war facilities, which is \$193,206 74 greater than depreciation at normal rates. The net effect on profit after taxes of this and certain other extraordinary charges, is the reason for releasing \$63,000 00 from the reserve for wartime contingencies.

NOTE 9: Provision for excess profits tax (after deducting post war refund) for the years 1943, 1948 80, 1944, \$630,000

[14]

PRICE, WATERHOUSE & CO.

60 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK

February 24, 1946

To the Board of Directors of
The RUBEROID Co.

We have examined the consolidated balance sheet of The Rubberoid Co. and its wholly owned subsidiary companies as at December 31, 1945, and the related statements of profit and loss and earned surplus for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards applicable in the circumstances, and attached hereto are the accounting records and other supporting evidence and such other procedures as we considered necessary.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated balance sheet and related statements of profit and loss and earned surplus present fairly the position of the consolidated companies as at December 31, 1945, and the results of their operations for the year, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

PRICE, WATERHOUSE & CO.

[15]

GAF 12661

BOOK VALUE OF CAPITAL STOCK Appointment of Balance Sheet Items per Share of Capital Stock, of which 397,806 Shares were outstanding December 31, 1915

		Book value per share of stock outstanding
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash	\$ 2,711,703.47	\$ 6.82
U. S. Government obligations	1,674,801.04	4.21
Accounts and notes receivable (less reserves)	2,324,116.85	5.84
Inventories	3,411,797.05	8.58
Total Current Assets	\$10,122,418.41	\$25.43
CURRENT LIABILITIES (deduct)	1,245,079.80	3.13
Net Current Assets	\$ 8,877,338.61	\$22.32
RESERVES	1,434,756.31	3.66
Excess of CURRENT ASSETS OVER LIABILITIES AND RESERVES	\$ 7,442,582.30	\$18.66
OTHER ASSETS:		
Properties (less reserves)	\$ 9,689,141.38	\$24.36
Investments and advances	13,467.11	.03
Deducted charges	234,410.69	.64
Total Other Assets	\$ 9,557,019.18	\$25.03
Net Book Value	\$17,379,601.48	\$43.69

Summary of Capital Structure and Dividend Record of The KUBHEKOH CO. and Predecessor Companies*

Year	Shares Outstanding	Dividend Per Share	Total Dividend	Year	Shares Outstanding	Dividend Per Share	Total Dividend
1889	10,000	\$1.00	\$10,000	1910	497,913	\$1.00	\$497,913
1890	10,000	5.00	50,000	1911	497,962	2.00	997,924
1891	10,000	5.00	50,000	1912	497,962	4.00	1,991,856
1892	10,000	5.00	50,000	1913	497,962	4.00	1,991,856
1893	10,000	1.50	15,000	1914	497,962	4.00	1,991,856
1894	10,000	1.50	15,000	1915	497,962	4.00	1,991,856
1895	10,000	2.00	20,000	1916	497,962	4.00	1,991,856
1896	10,000	2.00	20,000	1917	497,962	4.00	1,991,856
1897	10,630	2.00	21,260				
1898	11,017	2.50	27,542				
1899	11,017	3.75	41,314				
1900	11,826	10.00	118,260				
1901	11,826	12.00	141,912				
1902	11,826	15.00	177,390				
1903	11,853	20.00	237,060				
1904	11,900	10.00	119,000				
1905	23,978	10.00	239,780				
1906	41,397	9.00	372,573				
1907	41,397	9.00	372,573				
1908	41,397	7.00	290,779				
1909	41,397	9.00	372,573				
1910	44,397	9.00	399,573				
1911	44,397	9.00	399,573				
1912	44,450	8.00	355,600				
1913	46,010	7.00	322,070				
1914	47,750	5.00	238,750				
1915	47,750	4.25	202,937				
1916	47,750	5.25	250,731				
1917	49,413	6.00	296,466				

RUBBEROID PRODUCTS

RUBBEROID PRODUCTS

Adhesion (Isoprene) Sheets for:		Insulating Materials - Thermal	
Bricks	Coal tar impregnated rag felt	<i>(Continued)</i>	
Block linings	Concrete primer	Asbestos roll board	Roof Materials
Concrete	Plumbing strips	Fire proof insulating board	Roofing
Crack fillings	Roof insulation board	High temperature pipe coverings and blocks	Roof wool Products:
Felts			Flies
Millboard	Chemicals:	Asphaltes (85%) pipe coverings and blocks	Wood shingles
Roofing products	Crude oil	Range boiler insulating jackets	Wood shingles
Paints	Naphthalene	Blanket and sound blankets, blocks, felts, linings, and coverings	Wood wool
Papers	Tar acid oils		
Shingles and shingles			
Automotive Products:		Sponges, felt pipe coverings	
Door insulation	Adhesion felts	Wood felt pipe coverings	Wood felt pipe coverings
Panel board	Automotive felts		
Sound deadening felts	Carpet linings		
	Braking felts		
	Insulation felts		
	Flag felts for felt base floorings		
	Flag felts for roofing products		
	Shoes' felt		
	Sitting felt		
Bricks:		Felt pipe coverings	
Cracked adhesion cement sheets			
Flat sheets of adhesion cement			
Smooth wall adhesion cement board			
Thin board roof insulation			
Building Papers:		Felt pipe coverings	
Reinforced kraft sheathing	Floor Coverings:		
Thin sheathing	Carpet linings		
Red sheathing	Felt base flooring felt		
Waterproof sheathings	Insulation felts		
Weather proof insulator			
Built up Roofing Products:		Insulating Materials - Thermal:	
Asphalt adhesive		Asbestos roll board	Roofing
Asphalt impregnated adhesion felt		Fire proof insulating board	Roofing
Asphalt impregnated rag felt		High temperature pipe coverings and blocks	Roofing
Asphalt waterproofing felt			
Base sheets			
Cap sheets			
Coal tar (refined)			

GAF 12663

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

HERBERT ABRAMSON	G. E. KIRK
C. F. BARTHOLOMEW	S. P. MORRIS
W. G. COWAN	E. Q. POULK
E. E. DILLINGER	E. M. RANTON
C. E. EVANS	M. C. WHITAKER
LOUIS HERSKOVITZ	STANLEY WOODWARD

OFFICERS

HERBERT ABRAMSON
President and Chairman of Executive Committee

SAUL P. MORRIS
Executive Vice President

STANLEY WOODWARD

Vice President

LOUIS HERSKOVITZ

Vice President

G. E. BAIRD

Treasurer

K. H. BEANE

Secretary

JOE L. GINS
Assistant Secretary

E. M. RANTON
Vice President

W. G. COWAN
Vice President

R. E. BYRNES
Assistant to President

T. H. DEMASOY
Comptroller

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

HERBERT ABRAMSON	E. M. RANTON
C. F. BARTHOLOMEW	M. C. WHITAKER
S. P. MORRIS	STANLEY WOODWARD

EXECUTIVE OFFICES

300 Fifth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.

Sales Offices: Baltimore, Md.; Chicago, Ill.; New York, N. Y.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Mobile, Ala.; New York, N. Y.;
 Paterson, Baltimore, Md.; South Island Road, N. J.; Fort Lee and 16th Street (plants), Gloucester City, N. J.; Elko, W. Va.; John, Ill.; Mobile, Ala.; Miami Springs, Miami; Mobile, Ala.; Port Neches, Texas; St. Louis, Mo.
 Arrangement with the Texas Company

Stock Transfer Agent
BANK OF NEW YORK
New York

Stock Register
THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK
New York