FILE NAME: Owens-Corning (OC)

DATE: 1952

DOC#: OC209

DOCUMENT DESCRIPTION: Potentially Dangerous Properties of Kaylo

XII. OTHER PROPERTIES OF KAYLO

Kaylo is not an efficient acoustical insulator; its effectiveness in this property approaches that of a plaster wall. The air cells are too small to effectively dampen the sound waves.

The dust of kaylo consists of a hydrous calcium silicate and asbestos and the hazards of such dust to health have been investigated by the Trudeau Laboratories at Saranac Lake, N. J. The hydrous calcium silicate is harmless, and the asbestos manifested the usual effect of this mineral. The actual hazard to health of those handling kaylo was considered to be small.

The hydrous calcium silicates forming in kaylo possess unusually large surface areas in the order of 100 to 130 $M^2/g.$ and therefore have potential uses as adsorbents. Studies were made of this property. The results indicate that these products would probably be restricted for use in contact with aqueous solution, having relatively high pH.

this is old O-I draft brochure language on hazard. (c 1952). Never published, but passed on to OCF.