Mr. M. P. Murdock — New York

W. R. Perdue, Jr. — New York

TML--European Authorities — July 29, 1960

When Dr. Kehoe reported to us upon his trip to various European countries in connection with advising the medical authorities of the advent of TML, it was agreed that he would furnish us with a list of the officials in the various countries and that we would pass this on to our customers for purposes of notification of the commencement of distribution of gasoline containing TML.

Dr. Kehoe has now furnished me with a list for a number of countries as follows:

Belgium (Brussels)	Dr. Kisters Deputy Chief Medical Inspector of Factories of Government Labour Office.
Norway (Oslo)	Dr. Bruusgaard Medical Chief to Labour Ministry.
Denmark (Copenhagen)	Dr. S. Haussen Deputy to Chief Medical Officer, National Health Service.
Germany (Bonn)	Dr. Dierkes Head of Medical Department, Ministry of Labour.
Sweden (Stockholm)	Dr. Olaf Wohlin Acting Chief of Public Health Division, The Royal Medical Board. or Dr. Bengt Kylin Acting Head of Department of Occupational Health The National Institute of Public Health.

Finland (Helsinki)	Prof. Leo Noro Director of Institute of Occupational Health, Consultant in Occupational Health to Government Authorities; Medical Director of Esso, Finland
Holland (Leiden)	Dr. F. H. Bonjer Head of Department of Occupational Health, Netherlands Institute for Preventive Medicine.

You will note that in some cases the full name of the doctor is not available, and for the most part, we do not yet have addresses. However, Dr. Kehoe advises that the local representatives of the oil companies will be able easily to identify these men and know where they are to be reached.

In addition to the above countries, Dr. Kehoe recommends that in the case of Italy, we should advise Associated Ethyl when gasoline containing TML is to be distributed so that they may bring the matter to the attention of Dr. E. Vigliani. No official notification is required in Italy, but Dr. Kehoe feels that some advice through Dr. Vigliani would be in order. In France and Switzerland, we are not advised that the necessary procedures for amendment of regulations have been completed. In the United Kingdom, no formal notification of official nature is required, but Dr. Kehoe recommends that when distribution in England is imminent, Associated Ethyl should be advised in order that they may take any steps considered advisable.

In Venezuela, a permit for the use of TML has been issued and further official notification would not be required. However, in case consultation or a courtesy notification is considered desirable, communication may be had with Mr. Erich Schmidt, Section of Industrial Hygiene, Division of Sanitary Engineering, Ministry of Health and Social Security, Apartado 1723, Caracas.

As the foregoing indicates, Finland and the U. K. are already clear so far as TML is concerned. Steps are being initiated by Dr. Kehoe to take care of the matter in Austria.

W. R. Perdue, Jr.

WRP/d