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Lake Charles VCM Plant

Conoco Chemicals Company
A Division of Conoco Inc.
P.O. Box 605
Westlake, Louisiana 70669
(318) 491-5211

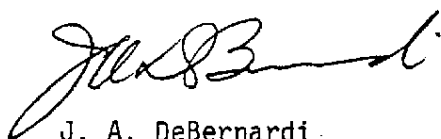
January 14, 1981

Pat R. Wrigley
National Petroleum Refiners Association
Suite 1000
1899 L Street N.W.
Washington, DC 20036

Dear Sir:

Attached you will find the information cards related to achievement awards and the data sheet on accident statistics requested in your recent letter. This information is for Conoco Chemicals Company, Lake Charles VCM Plant, located in Westlake, Louisiana.

Sincerely,



J. A. DeBernardi

is
Enc
CC + enc:
C. H. Klunick
T. G. Grumbles
R. D. Gamblin

CCR 000080400

COMPANY: Conoco Chemicals CompanyPLANT LOCATION: Lake Charles VCM PlantTELEPHONE NO. 318/491-5063By (Full Name) J. A. DeBernardi

(Please type)

REPORT OF OCCUPATIONAL INJURIES AND ILLNESSES FOR THE YEAR 1980

1 Total Hours Worked 1980	2 Recordable Cases			3 Extent and Outcome of Injury or Illness					4 Incidence Rates		
	a. Injuries	b. Illnesses	c. Total (a+b)	d. Fatalities	e.	f.	g.	h.	i.	j.	k.
					Lost Workday Cases				Cases		Days
					Total Cases	Cases Involving Days Away From Work	Number of Days Away From Work	Number of Days of Restricted Activity	Total Cases	Deaths and lost time cases	Lost Workdays
266,897	4	0	4	0	4	0	0	26	2.99	-	-

INSTRUCTIONS:

TOTAL HOURS WORKED—COLUMN 1

If possible, report the total number of hours actually worked by all employees during the reporting year including overtime worked. Do not include any non-work time even though paid such as vacations, holidays, sick leave, etc. The hours worked figure should be obtained from payroll or other time records whenever possible. If necessary to estimate hours worked, give consideration to actual working schedules. For salaried employees working 40 hours per week, a monthly figure of 173.3 hours per employee may be used.

RECORDABLE CASES—COLUMN 2

Recordable occupational injuries and illnesses are any cases which involve:

- (1) Occupational Fatalities (deaths) regardless of the length of time between injury and death, or the length of the illness; or
- (2) Occupational Illnesses; or
- (3) Occupational Injuries which result in one or more of the following: loss of consciousness; restriction of work or motion; transfer to another job; medical treatment (other than first aid); or lost workdays.

EXTENT AND OUTCOME OF INJURY OR ILLNESS—COLUMN 3

Each recordable case must be classified as to extent and outcome as follows:

- Column 3 (d) Fatality - A fatality resulting from an occupational injury or illness should be charged to the year in which the injury occurred or the illness was diagnosed as an occupational illness.
- Column 3 (e) Lost Workday Cases - All cases which involve days away from work or days of restricted activity, or both, should be shown in Column 3 (e).
- Column 3 (f) Lost Workday Cases - Unable to Work - All cases which result in the employee being unable to work should be shown in Column 3 (f).
- Column 3 (g) Number of Days Away From Work - Enter the total number of workdays (consecutive or not) on which the employees involved in cases entered in Column 3 (f) would have worked but did not because of occupational injury and illness.
- Column 3 (h) Number of Days of Restricted Activity - Enter the total number of workdays (consecutive or not) on which the employees involved in cases entered in Column 3 (c) were (1) assigned to a temporary job; (2) worked at a permanent job less than full time or (3) worked at a permanently assigned job but were unable to perform all duties normally assigned to it.
- The number of lost workdays should not include the day of injury or any days which the employee was not scheduled to work.

INCIDENCE RATES—COLUMN 4

All incidence rates recorded in Column 4 are calculated as follows:

$$\text{Incidence Rates} = \frac{\text{Number of Injuries and/or Illness} \times 200,000}{\text{Total Hours Worked During the Year}}$$

200,000 - base for 100 full time equivalent employees.

$$\text{Column 4 (i)} = \frac{\text{Column 2 (c)} \times 200,000}{\text{Column 1}}$$

$$\text{Column 4 (j)} = \frac{\text{Column 3 (d)} + \text{Column 3 (f)} \times 200,000}{\text{Column 1}}$$

$$\text{Column 4 (k)} = \frac{\text{Column 3 (g)} \times 200,000}{\text{Column 1}}$$

CCR 000080401

CATEGORY 6

Please prepare an NPRA AWARD FOR SAFETY ACHIEVEMENT plaque for the refinery or petrochemical plant named below:

For operating 6 years from May 17, 1974 through May 17, 1980 without a lost workday case involving days away from work.
(date) (date)

COMPANY: Conoco Chemicals Company
LOCATION: Lake Charles VCM Plant
(Refinery/Plant Name)
REQUESTED BY: J.A. DeBernardi PIT. Mgr.
(Name & Title)

CATEGORY 2

Please prepare an NPRA GOLD AWARD-1980 for a 37.5% reduction in total recordable incidence rate during the calendar year as compared with the previous calendar year for the refinery or petrochemical plant named below:

COMPANY: CONOCO Chemicals Company
LOCATION: Lake Charles VCM Plant
(Refinery/Plant Name)
REQUESTED BY: J.A. DeBernardi PIT. Mgr.
(Name & Title)

1979 Total Recordable Incidence Rate: 4.79

1980 Total Recordable Incidence Rate: 2.99

☐ We are interested in purchasing _____ of the special flags recognizing this achievement.