

PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT

MET-390

May 2, 1938

Dr. Leroy S. Gardner, Director,
Saranac Laboratory,
7 Church Street,
Saranac Lake, New York.

Dear Roy:

Your letter of April 23 is very welcome. I have just returned from Toronto where I spent a day with Cunningham and Riddell. Incidentally, Riddell has some extremely interesting X-ray films of various kinds which I persuaded him to bring down to Saranac so we could show them over.

I do not know what to say about the asbestos matter. I am wondering what results Miller got with his intra-peritoneal injections. I have not heard yet. I think we can get together on this at Saranac - you and I and Sayers - to see what the outcome is.

Best regards.

Sincerely yours,

A. J. Lanza, M.D.
Assistant Medical Director

C O P Y

2 - Silicosis. (Silicosis shall mean a pulmonary disease resulting from the prolonged inhalation of silicon dioxide (SiO_2) dust, characterized by a uniformly distributed discrete fibrous mass nodulation in the parenchyma of the lungs.).....

ANY process in coal mine or workshop that exposes the workman to the inhalation of silica dust in harmful quantities.

Nothing in this act shall entitle a workman or his dependents to compensation, medical treatment, or payment of funeral expenses, for disability or death from silicosis, unless the workman shall have been actually exposed to silicon dioxide dust in his employment in Ohio for periods amounting in all to at least five years preceding his disablement or death, and unless such silicosis be accompanied by active pulmonary tuberculosis (resulting from infection with the tubercle bacillus) and characterized by the recognized objective signs and symptoms indicating activity or progression of the process, and unless the existence of such silicosis and tuberculosis be established by roentgenogram exhibiting the characteristic appearance of silicosis and tuberculosis as here defined in case of disability or by autopsy in case of death. No claim for compensation for disability or death from silicosis shall be allowed unless the workman has been actually exposed to silicon dioxide dust in his employment within a period of two years prior to his disablement or death.

In claims for silicosis the commission may appoint three physicians who are qualified to diagnose silicosis and tuberculosis, to examine the claimant and consider the clinical and other evidence, and report their findings to the commission, and the decision of the commission shall be final.