"Coating Plant": any building, structure or installation that contains a coating line and which is located on one or more contiguous or adjacent properties and which is owned or operated by the same person (or by persons under common control).

"Coil Coating": the application of a coating material to any flat metal sheet or strip that comes in rolls or coils.

"Cold Cleaning": the process of cleaning and removing soils from surfaces by spraying, brushing, flushing or immersion while maintaining the organic solvent below its boiling point. Wipe cleaning is not included in this definition.

"Complete Combustion": a process in which all carbon contained in a fuel or gas stream is converted to carbon dioxide.

"Component": any piece of equipment which has the potential to leak volatile organic material including, but not limited to, pump seals, compressor seals, seal oil degassing vents, pipeline valves, pressure relief devices, process drains and open ended pipes. This definition excludes valves which are not externally regulated, flanges and equipment in heavy liquid service. For purposes of Subpart Q (35 Ill. Adm. Code 215), this definition also excludes bleed ports of gear pumps in polymer service.

"Concentrated Nitric Acid Manufacturing Process": any acid producing facility manufacturing nitric acid with a concentration equal to or greater than 70 percent by weight.

"Condensate": hydrocarbon liquid separated from its associated gases which condenses due to changes in the temperature or pressure and remains liquid at standard conditions.

"Conveyorized Degreasing": the continuous process of cleaning and removing soils from surfaces utilizing either cold or vaporized solvents.

"Crude Oil": a naturally occurring mixture which consists of hydrocarbons and sulfur, nitrogen or oxygen derivatives of hydrocarbons and which is a liquid at standard conditions.

"Crude Oil Gathering": the transportation of crude oil or condensate after custody transfer between a production facility and a reception point.

"Custody Transfer": the transfer of produced petroleum and/or condensate after processing and/or treating in the producing operations, from storage tanks or automatic transfer facilities to pipelines or any other forms of transportation.

"Cutback Asphalt": any asphalt which has been liquified by blending with petroleum solvents other than residual fuel oil and has not been emulsified with water.

"Degreaser": any equipment or system used in solvent cleaning.

"Delivery Vessel": any tank truck or trailer equipped with a storage tank that is used for the transport of gasoline to a stationary storage tank at a gasoline dispensing facility, bulk gasoline plant or bulk gasoline terminal.

"Distillate Fuel Oil": fuel oils of grade No. 1 or 2 as specified in detailed requirements for fuel oil A.S.T.M. D-369-69 (1971).

"Dry Cleaning Facility": a facility engaged in the cleaning of fabrics using an essentially nonaqueous solvent by means of one or more solvent washes, extraction of excess solvent by spinning and drying by tumbling in an airstream. The facility includes, but is not limited to, washers, dryers, filter and purification systems, waste disposal systems, holding tanks, pumps and attendant piping and valves.

"Dump-Pit Area": any area where grain is received at a grain-handling or grain-drying operation.

"Effective Grate Area": that area of a dump-pit grate through which air passes, or would pass, when aspirated.

"Effluent Water Separator": any tank, box, sump or other apparatus in which any organic material floating on or entrained or contained in water entering such tank, box, sump or other apparatus is physically separated and removed from such water prior to outfall, drainage or recovery of such water.

"Emission Rate": total quantity of any air contaminant discharge into the atmosphere in any one-hour period.

"End Sealing Compound Coat": a compound applied to can ends which functions as a gasket when the end is assembled on the can.

"Excess Air": air supplied in addition to the theoretical quantity necessary for complete combustion of all fuel and/or combustible waste material.

"Excessive Release": a discharge of more than 295 g (0.65 pounds) of mercaptans and/or hydrogen sulfide into the atmosphere in any five minute period.

"Existing Grain-Drying Operation": any grain-drying operation the construction or modification of which was commenced prior to June 30, 1975.

"Existing Grain-Handling Operation": any grain-handling operation the construction or modification of which was commenced prior to June 30, 1975.

"Exterior Base Coat": an initial coating applied to the exterior of a can after the can body has been formed.