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Provided for Workers Using Deadly Chemical

"It's Dangerous To Be Too Good a Loser!"

This is the advice of John F. Queeny, president and largest stockholder of the Monsanto Chemical Works, at St. Louis, one of the biggest industries of its kind in the world—Mr. Queeny has twice been beaten to a finish financially; but his spirit is simply unbeatable—When he is knocked down he gets up, dusts off his hat, and starts all over

By Harry A. Stewart

JOHN F. QUEENY was working at his desk in St. Louis one day in the year 1897, when the telephone rang. He took the receiver from the hook and said, "Hello."

In an agitated voice, the man at the other end of the wire reported:

"Mr. Queeny, your sulphur plant caught fire as soon as it started to operate. It's burning fiercely now. Nothing can save it!"

Queeny hesitated a moment, then he replied, "All right," and hung up the receiver. He turned back to his papers and resumed work. Every dollar he owned in the world was going up in smoke. He was nearly forty years old.

As purchasing agent for a large St. Louis wholesale drug house, Queeny, in the course of years, had become familiar with sulphur. In those days it all came to this country from Sicily in lumps, just as it was taken from the mines. Before it could be used it had to be refined. There was a good market for refined sulphur, and Queeny decided to go into business for himself. Accordingly, he invested all his money, a few thousand dollars, in a refining plant.

The money he had was sufficient to purchase apparatus and a stock of crude sulphur; but nothing was left for operating expenses. So Queeny kept his job as purchasing agent, intending to devote part of his salary to his plant until the new business should begin to pay its way.

Nights and Sundays he worked on his plans, wrote letters to prospective customers, and scanned machinery catalogues. At last, his new plant was ready to start. The night before, he had gone over everything, talked with his employees, and satisfied himself that all was well. The next morning, with the first turn of the crushing rolls, the plant had burst into flames.

Sulphur is very inflammable. In those days, the refining process consisted of crushing the sulphur ore to a fine powder between heavy rollers, and melting the powder in huge kettles. The impurities sank to the bottom and the pure sulphur was drawn off at the top. Then it was cast into molds, and became the product commercially known as brimstone.

It was a hazardous business. In the crushing process, if a nail or flint or other

hard substance got into the rolls, it was likely to strike sparks, and these sparks exploded the sulphur dust which hung suspended in the air. This was probably what had happened in Queeny's plant. At any rate, Queeny was broke.

Under the circumstances, he might have thrown down his pencil, pushed back his work, and gone to brooding. Some men would have rushed to the scene of the fire and vented their disappointment and bitterness in complaints to others. Queeny did none of these things. When he got the news he said, "All right," and went on with the work for which he was drawing a salary.

He continued to work until his usual hour for leaving his desk. His wife had arranged a little party for that night. Queeny said nothing about the fire, either to his wife or to their guests. He took his usual quiet part in the evening's gayety. If he had a weight upon his mind, nothing in his appearance or in his actions betrayed it.

The next day he was plugging away at his job again. It took him *four years* to save enough money to make a new start; and saving was only a mild preliminary to the real fight of getting established in business.

IN THE language of the prize-ring, Queeny lost his first bout with fate by a quick knockout. In his second, he was twice beaten all over the ring, but he won out. At no time did anyone ever hear John F. Queeny "holler!"

He is now president and chairman of the board of the Monsanto Chemical Works, Incorporated, in St. Louis. The value of the plants owned by this company, in which he is the largest stockholder, runs into millions. It is one of the largest industries of its kind in the United States.

Through the window of his office, where I talked to him, came intermittently the rattle of motor trucks and the soft breathing of some giant machine in the works. The room in which we sat was a very large one. In the corners were gigantic vases of pierced and carved bronze, the work of old Japanese craftsmen. On the walls were many paintings.

Queeny sat at a big mahogany desk, but the man dwarfed the desk. He is more than six feet tall and he is strongly made.

Sixty-five years have whitened his hair and his close-clipped mustache, but time has not lessened his fighting spirit. The same man who refused to be whipped at forty reestablished his claim to unbreakable courage *nearly twenty years* later, when he was in his sixties. I will tell you all about those two fights further on in this article.

Queeny's face tells nothing unless he wishes it to. Words come from him meagerly and slowly, but every syllable has a punch in it. Consideration and reflection are powder; words are bullets. Queeny isn't loaded for anything but big game.

WHEN he told me about the fire which in a few moments had wiped out his first business venture, I asked, "Why didn't you tell your wife what had happened?"

He considered my question, and then replied slowly:

"I suppose I didn't want to spoil her evening."

"Why didn't you say something besides 'All right' to the man who called you up and told you about the fire?"

"What was there to say?" he countered. "I knew that there was nothing to be done, so there was no use talking about it."

"You're a good loser," I remarked.

"Not too good, I hope," he retorted.

"When you meet a backset it's all right not to whine about it. But this business of being a 'good loser' can be carried too far. You can get in the *habit* of losing. You can resign yourself to a loss, and then, the next time something upsets your plans, why, you sort of take it for granted. Finally, you get so you *expect* loss. And we usually get what we expect, don't we? No, I don't want to be too good a loser."

"Well, at any rate," I remarked, "you don't talk about your losses. Why not? Sometimes it does a man good to unburden himself."

"I know it does," he replied; "but did you ever think about what it does to the other person? Isn't it a selfish sort of relief—to unload your troubles on somebody else?"

"Where did you get that idea?" I asked.

He considered again, his blue eyes fixed on vacancy. When Queeny thinks, he devotes everything (Continued on page 193)

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By Mrs. Mary Ellen Lang



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"It's Dangerous To Be Too Good a Loser!"

(Continued from page 37)

he has to the job. He doesn't move a muscle; he hardly breathes. Then, when he has carried his thought to a satisfactory conclusion, he moves just a trifle and his eyes come back to you. When the answer comes, it is always complete and sufficient.

"Well," he said, slowly, "when I was six years old I had my right arm and leg broken. I was playing tag at school, and, without looking where I was going, I ran out in the street directly under the feet of a team of truck horses.

"It was a pretty painful experience. They got me home and set the broken bones and made me as comfortable as possible. My mother hung over me, doing everything she could. I did a good deal of crying and fussing, which was, perhaps, not unnatural under the circumstances, but it hurt her.

"Finally she burst out, 'Please don't cry so, Son! It just breaks Mother's heart to hear you!'

"I stopped crying and began to think. Dimly I understood that my complaints were actually hurting my mother. After that, when the pains grew severe, I just set my teeth and kept my mouth shut. I've been doing it ever since.

"Probably I got well the quicker for it," he went on, with a half smile. "I've noticed that if you keep your troubles to yourself you will try pretty hard to remedy them. Sometimes a fellow who gets into a little difficulty enjoys the sympathy he receives from his friends so much that he doesn't get out of his difficulty as quickly as he might otherwise."

TWO conflagrations have played an important part in Queeny's life. One of them I have told you about. The other occurred in Chicago—where he was born—when he was twelve years old. His father was a contractor and builder who had made a moderate fortune, and retired. His savings were all invested in houses. The family lived on the rents.

On the night of October 8th, 1871, occurred the great Chicago fire. People say that it was started by a cow belonging to a widow named Mrs. O'Leary. The story runs that the cow kicked over the lantern when the good woman went out to the barn to milk. At any rate, when the smoke stopped rising, John Queeny's father was penniless. Every house he owned had burned down.

John had to go to work. He got a job as errand boy in a wholesale drug house, worked there for eleven years, and rose to be city salesman at eighteen dollars a week. Then, through the chance remark of a traveling man, he heard of a job as purchasing agent in another drug concern, in New Orleans. He held this job down another eleven years, until he was thirty-three years old.

One day his boss called him into the office: "John," he asked, "how much money are you getting now?"



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* * * *

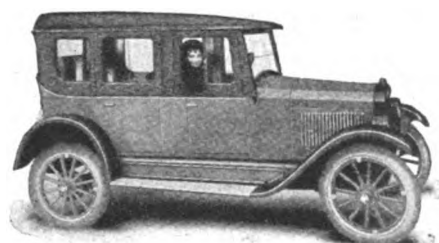
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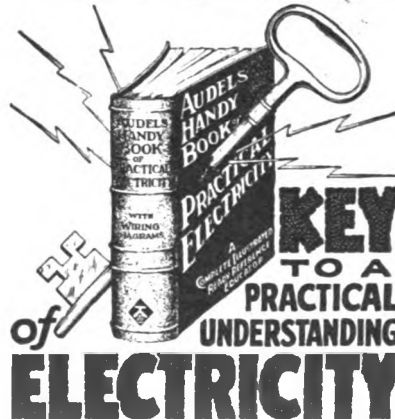
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"I considered this remark highly superfluous," said Queeny to me. "He knew as well as I did how much I was getting. However, I answered him.

"I am getting five thousand a year," I told him.

"Well, you'll never get any more," was his astounding comment. "Do you want to know why? Because you don't save your money!"

Queeny hesitated a moment, and then said:

"My chief was right, of course. Money means opportunity, and there is no use wasting opportunity on a man who doesn't make any use of it."

"Weren't you saving any money then?" I asked.

"No," Queeny responded; "and what my boss told me then did not begin to bear fruit until I had settled down."

SOON Queeny was offered a larger salary by the Meyer Brothers Drug Company, in St. Louis, and he promptly took it. He was having a pretty good time, he says, and hadn't really thought about the future at all.

He stayed a year in St. Louis, and then went to New York as sales manager for another concern. Here he met and married his wife. After three years in New York, he came back to Meyer Brothers, in St. Louis again, and, as I have already told you, in 1897 made his first independent business venture. You know how the plant burned down, taking all his savings with it, on the day it started operating.

Like many another man, as soon as he was married he began to save. He was drawing a high salary, too. But children began to come, a boy and a girl, and savings accumulated slowly. It took him until 1901 to gather together fifteen hundred dollars. Then he decided to make a new start.

At that time, saccharine, which is three to five hundred times sweeter than cane sugar, was made only in Germany. It was discovered, however, in America, in 1879, in a very strange way. A German student, who had come to Johns Hopkins University to learn what he could under Professor Ira Remsen, the famous chemist, had been working all day with coal tar, seeking a new chemical compound. When he left the laboratory that night to go back to his lodging, he had to cross a bridge. A high wind was blowing. The student, after the fashion of those days, wore a long, flowing mustache. As he opened his mouth to breathe, a gust tossed the end of his mustache over his tongue. To his surprise, he tasted an intense sweetness.

He turned round and hastened back to the laboratory. On the table were all the chemicals and reagents he had been using in his experiments. He began to try all sorts of combinations, seeking the cause of that sweetness, and eventually he discovered saccharine.

With characteristic German canniness, he said nothing to Professor Remsen about his discovery, but took it back to Germany, where he patented it. By 1884 the process had been so far perfected as to make commercial manufacture profitable.

There was a good deal of saccharine used in the United States. Queeny decided to undertake its manufacture. He

did not know the process, for the Germans guarded the secret carefully. But they were willing to start the process, carry it to a certain intermediate point, and ship the result to Queeny to be completed.

The late Jacob Baur, founder of the Liquid Carbonic Company, was a large buyer of saccharine. Queeny went to him, explained his plans, and Baur let him have thirty-five hundred dollars to add to his fifteen hundred.

With the five thousand dollars, Queeny rented a small building in St. Louis, bought what apparatus was absolutely essential, and incorporated his business. He chose his wife's maiden name, "Mon-santo" for his firm name. As in the time when he started his sulphur refining plant, he had not enough capital for operating expenses. Therefore he kept his job, and worked nights and Sundays on his new venture.

Queeny's real troubles, however, did not begin until nearly a year after he had started. By almost superhuman industry, he had succeeded not only in holding down his job satisfactorily but also in extending the market for saccharine until the business should turn the corner and begin to show a profit. He had just begun to feel that soon he would be able to resign his position and devote all his time to his own business. Then the Germans threw a bomb at him.

They were envious of the profitable market that Queeny had built up. So they sent a man to tell him that they had decided to limit him to a certain number of pounds of the intermediate, and that in the future they would supply the surplus themselves. This meant that Queeny's business would be so limited that he would be working for practically nothing. Queeny replied that he would accept no such terms.

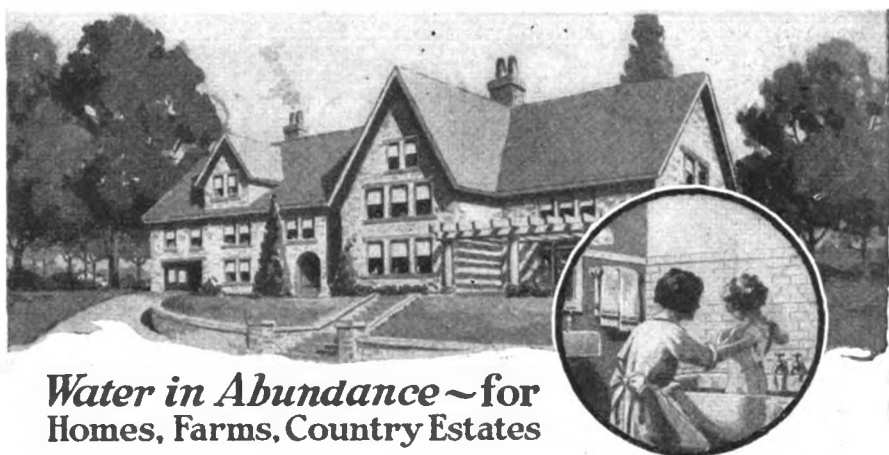
THEN the struggle began. He discovered in Switzerland a new source of intermediate. Then his Teutonic competitors built a factory of their own in the eastern part of the United States, and began to cut prices. When Queeny started to manufacture saccharine, it sold for six dollars a pound. Before the price-cutting was over, it was down to *sixty cents!*

This lasted for three years, during which Queeny was so constantly on the edge of bankruptcy that it became an old story for him. Every cent of his salary which was not necessary to keep his family going went into the business. But he hung on and he hung on! And he told *nobody* how near to ruin he actually was.

"There were times," he told me simply, "when I was so near failure that one more little punch would have sent me over. But I kept a bold front and, somehow, they never delivered that final shove!"

Queeny won his victory by strictly American tactics. He so improved methods of manufacture that, at the end of four years, he was able to meet at a profit the lowest prices his competitors were willing to make; and the tide began to turn. Prosperity began to come his way. His few employees were increased to hundreds. And, as soon as the battle was won, the Germans capitulated completely.

In 1907 he was able to resign his position as a buyer, and devote all his time to his own business. By 1913 he had one of the most complete plants in the coun-



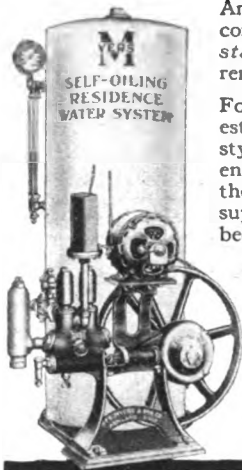
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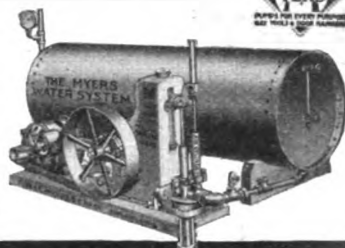
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try, and wealth was actually within sight. He was fifty-four years old; his son was in college, and his daughter was ready for higher education.

The future looked rosy. Then came another explosion, which looked, for a while, as if it would wreck beyond hope of repair everything that Queeny had done.

You must remember that, although by this time Queeny was manufacturing caffeine, vanillin, phenacetin, and other products, in addition to the saccharine with which he started, nothing originated in his plant. The German manufacturers were supplying him with intermediates for all of them.

In the latter part of 1914, after the Great War had been going on for a few months, Queeny got a letter from the people who were supplying him with intermediates. In substance it said:

"Unless you stop selling to England, and unless you agree to combat in every possible way any stories you hear that are to the discredit of Germany, we are going to cut off your supply of intermediates!"

"It looked a good deal like a smash to me," said Queeny; "but I would rather have been smashed than to have accepted such terms. I told them to go to blazes."

Other manufacturers were offered similar conditions. To the eternal credit of the chemical industry, they refused. Of all the products of which the supply was in this way suddenly cut off, the two most vital were phenacetin and phenol.

The other name for phenol is carbolic acid. It is one of the strongest disinfectants and germicides known and, in time of war, vital. While it plays a useful part in the manufacture of medicinal products, it is also the base for a high explosive, picric acid.

Phenacetin was also important. It was then being used extensively in the treatment of influenza. And now the supply of these vital products was cut off. Furthermore, *not one man in the United States knew how to make them!*

"**THAT** was the situation that confronted us," said Queeny. "It was up to us to discover those processes from the ground up."

"We decided to start with phenacetin. We had only a small amount on hand, and if a flu epidemic should break out the supply would soon be exhausted."

"We started to look for textbooks containing the laboratory formulas for the different stages of the production of phenacetin. A strange discovery resulted from this search: wherever such books were kept in libraries, or in other places to which the public had access, the leaves referring to the coal-tar derivatives had been cut out!"

"You may draw your own conclusions about that. Evidently, the situation had been anticipated by months, perhaps by years, and every obstacle possible had been thrown in our way."

"However, it was not difficult to work out the formulas. But there is a big difference between producing a chemical in small quantities in the laboratory, and in manufacturing it on a large scale."

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testing to determine which particular alloy could best resist the action of the different chemicals. You must remember that the Germans had been very careful to keep their manufacturing processes secret. They had done more than that: they had left in the way of the experimenter a pitfall, into which we fell. It nearly defeated us. What happened was this:

"In my plant, the men engaged in this work suddenly began to sicken with a mysterious disease. Three died and twenty-five were in almost a dying condition. Doctors examined them, but could not discover the cause of the illness. The sick men had no symptoms of any known disease; but in the men who died it was noted that the blood corpuscles had broken down into a sort of watery serum. They had literally bled to death without a wound.

"For a time we were completely baffled. Men who would have faced bullets without flinching recoiled from the mysterious terror of the chemical laboratory. It began to look as if we were going to be beaten.

"Then it was discovered that the poison was entering through the skin. Chemicals would slop over containers and get on the men's shoes and clothing. At a certain stage in the manufacture of phenacetin, we found that the product was intensely poisonous if allowed to remain on the skin. It penetrated and destroyed the blood.

"The remedy was easy: We installed shower baths and, when the men finished their work, they were bathed and treated under the scrutiny of physicians, and they were provided with new underwear, socks, and shirts every day. The strange sickness at once stopped, and from then on our only difficulties were those always connected with the production of a new chemical."

Queeny passed his hand over his forehead. Even after the lapse of ten years the remembrance of this fight in the dark moved him deeply.

"That was the hardest thing I ever had to go through," he said. "My struggle with poverty and adverse business conditions was as nothing compared to it. In my earlier battles I risked no man's life, and only my financial welfare."

PHENOL, or carboic acid, the other great coal-tar product of which the supply was shut off by the war, was first produced in America by Thomas A. Edison, and, second, by John F. Queeny.

On the wall of Queeny's office hangs one of his most prized possessions. It is a certificate from the United States War Department, testifying to the distinguished service rendered this country in its war against Germany by John F. Queeny and the Monsanto Chemical Works.

Queeny now is sixty-five years old. His company has emerged unscathed from the throes of the reorganization which followed the war. His son is assisting him in the plant. Once more he looks forward to an era of peaceful enjoyment of his home and the works of art with which it is filled. If the unexpected should happen again, Queeny probably won't have much to say. But he has not forgotten how to fight!

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