

BESTWALL GYPSUM COMPANY

DIRECTION INDEX

PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT

GP-1036

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(Revised 8/13/63)

SGP 0003687

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL FIBERED OR EXTRA FIBERED PLASTER

* _____ Fibered Plaster is for interior basecoat plastering on the following type plaster bases: gypsum lath, metal and wire lath, masonry except monolithic concrete and wood lath. * _____. Fibered Plaster meets A.S.T.M. Specification C-28-55 and Federal Specification SS-P-402 Type N.

Sand or lightweight aggregate (perlite or vermiculite) to be used with * _____ Fibered Plaster as basecoat plastering shall conform to A.S.T.M. Specification C-35-54T.

PROPORTIONING OF AGGREGATES PER 100 LBS. PLASTER SHALL NOT
EXCEED THE FOLLOWING:

	<u>Perlite or Vermiculite</u>	<u>Sand (6 #2 Shovels Equal 1 cu. ft.)</u>
<u>Over Gypsum Lath</u>		
Two Coat Work	2 cu. ft.	2½ cu. ft.
Three Coat Work		
Scratch Coat	2 cu. ft.	2 cu. ft.
Brown Coat	2 cu. ft.	3 cu. ft.
<u>Over Metal Lath or Wood Lath</u>		
Three Coat Work		
Scratch Coat	2 cu. ft.	2 cu. ft.
Brown Coat	2 cu. ft.	3 cu. ft.
<u>Over Masonry except Monolithic Concrete</u>		
Two or Three Coat Work	3 cu. ft.	4 cu. ft.

*NOTE BAG MANUFACTURER:

These blanks are to be filled in with "Bestwall" or "Bestwall Extra", whichever is appropriate for the bag ordered.

MIXING

Keep tools and equipment clean. Use clean water only.

For hand mixing. Dry blend the plaster and aggregate in the mortar box, then add water and blend thoroughly with the hoe. Do not mix damp sand with plaster and let stand in the box before adding water. Clean the box after each batch.

For machine mixing. With the agitator running, add the approximate amount of water needed, half the aggregate, all of the plaster, and then the remainder of the aggregate, and mix thoroughly to proper consistency, adding additional water if necessary. Dump the batch when completely mixed and, if another batch is not to be mixed right away, clean out the mixer ready for next batch.

APPLICATION

For two coat work. Base or first coat shall be applied with sufficient pressure and material to form good bond on gypsum lath or masonry as the case may be, and to cover well. Then, before this scratch coat has set and without raking its surface, material of same proportions shall be doubled back to bring out to grounds and struck to a true surface with rod and darby without application of water and cross rake or scratch to provide a mechanical key for reception of the finish (second coat).

For three coat work. Scratch or first coat shall be applied to cover well (minimum of 3/16" over face of metal lath) and with sufficient pressure and material to form good full keys on wood and metal lath, wire lath and wire fabric, and good bond on gypsum lath or masonry. Then it should be scratched to a rough surface.

The brown or second coat shall be applied after the scratch coat has set firm and hard, brought out to grounds, straightened to a true surface with rod and darby without application of water and cross rake or scratch to provide a mechanical key for reception of the finish (third coat).

NOTE: Three coat work shall always be used over metal lath, wood lath, or other resilient lath.

Gypsum sand float finish. Gypsum sand float finish shall be mixed in proportion of not more than 2 parts of sand by weight to 1 part of unfibered plaster. Where fibered plaster is used, the fiber should be screened from the plaster. The plaster shall be scratched in tight over the basecoat, brought out to an even surface with the trowel, and then floated to a true surface free from slick spots or other blemishes.

PRECAUTIONS

Before plastering over porous absorptive masonry, wet the surface to reduce suction and prevent shrinkage cracks.

Several hours before plastering over wood lath, the lath should be wet thoroughly to prevent plaster cracking.

Do not retemper. Screen openings in hot weather to prevent dryouts. Provide adequate heat in cold weather to prevent freezing. When plaster has set hard and firm, provide ventilation for adequate drying.

(SIGNATURE)

* * *

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL UNFIBERED PLASTER

Bestwall Unfibred Plaster is for interior base coat plastering on the following plaster bases: gypsum lath and masonry except monolithic concrete. It is also suitable for interior gypsum sand float finish. Bestwall Unfibred Plaster meets A.S.T.M. Specification No. C-28-55 and Federal Specification SS-P-402 Type N.

Sand or lightweight aggregate (perlite or vermiculite) to be used with Bestwall Unfibred Plaster as basecoat plastering shall conform to A.S.T.M. Specification C-35-54T.

NOTE: When to be used in gypsum sand float finish, the sand shall pass a No. 12, 16, or 20 mesh sieve, depending on the texture of the surface desired.

PROPORTIONING OF AGGREGATES PER 100 LBS. PLASTER SHALL NOT
EXCEED THE FOLLOWING:

	<u>Perlite or Vermiculite</u>	<u>Sand (6 #2 Shovels Equal 1 cu. ft.)</u>
<u>Over Gypsum Lath</u>		
Two Coat Work	2 cu. ft.	2½ cu. ft.
Three Coat Work		
Scratch Coat	2 cu. ft.	2 cu. ft.
Brown Coat	2 cu. ft.	3 cu. ft.
<u>Over Metal Lath or Wood Lath</u>		
Three Coat Work		
Brown Coat	2 cu. ft.	3 cu. ft.
<u>Over Masonry except Monolithic Concrete</u>		
Two or Three Coat Work	3 cu. ft.	4 cu. ft.

MIXING

Keep tools and equipment clean. Use clean water only.

For hand mixing. Dry blend the plaster and aggregate in the mortar box, then add water and blend thoroughly with the hoe. Do not mix damp sand with plaster and let stand in the box before adding water. Clean the box after each batch.

For machine mixing. With the agitator running, add the approximate amount of water needed, half the aggregate, all of the plaster, and then the remainder of the aggregate, and mix thoroughly to proper consistency, adding additional water if necessary. Dump the batch when completely mixed and, if another batch is not to be mixed right away, clean out the mixer ready for next batch.

APPLICATION

For two coat work. Base or first coat shall be applied with sufficient pressure and material to form good bond on gypsum lath or masonry as the case may be, and to cover well. Then before this scratch coat has set and without raking its surface, material of same proportions shall be doubled back to bring out to grounds and struck to a true surface with rod and darby without application of water and cross rake or scratch to provide a mechanical key for reception of the finish (second coat).

For three coat work. Scratch or first coat shall be applied to cover well (minimum of 3/16" over face of metal lath) and with sufficient pressure and material to form good bond on gypsum lath and masonry. Then it should be scratched to a rough surface.

The brown or second coat shall be applied after the scratch coat has set firm and hard, brought out to grounds, straightened to a true surface with rod and darby without application of water and cross rake or scratch to provide a mechanical key for reception of the finish (third coat).

NOTE: Three coat work shall always be used over resilient lath.

Gypsum sand float finish. Gypsum sand float finish shall be mixed in proportion of not more than 2 parts of sand by weight to 1 part of unfibered plaster. The plaster shall be scratched in tight over the basecoat, brought out to an even surface with the trowel, and then floated to a true surface free from slick spots or other blemishes.

PRECAUTIONS

Before plastering over porous absorptive masonry, wet the surface to reduce suction and prevent shrinkage cracks.

Several hours before plastering over wood lath, the lath should be wet thoroughly to prevent plaster cracking.

Do not retemper. Screen openings in hot weather to prevent dryouts. Provide adequate heat in cold weather to prevent freezing. When plaster has set hard and firm, provide ventilation for adequate drying.

(SIGNATURE)

* * *

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL LITE-MIX FIBERED PLASTER

Bestwall Lite-Mix Fibered Plaster is ready-mixed plaster with perlite aggregate for interior basecoat plastering on the following type plaster bases: gypsum lath, metal and wire lath, fiber insulation lath and wood lath. It meets A.S.T.M. Specification C-28-55 for Gypsum Ready-Mixed Plaster.

MIXING

For hand mixing. Place Bestwall Lite-Mix plaster in one end of mortar box, add water in the other end and hoe the plaster into the water. Mix thoroughly to proper consistency. Clean the box after each batch.

For machine mixing. Add the required amount of water to the mixer and with the agitator running add the plaster. Mix thoroughly to proper consistency, adding more water if necessary. Dump the batch immediately after it is completely mixed. If another batch is not to be mixed right away, wash out the mixer and leave clean for next batch.

APPLICATION

For two coat work on gypsum lath. Base or first coat shall be applied with sufficient pressure and material to form good bond and to cover well. Then before this scratch coat has set and without raking its surface, same plaster shall be doubled back to bring out to grounds, struck to a true surface with rod and darby and left rough for reception of finish (second (second) coat.

For three coat work on gypsum lath, metal and wire lath, fiber insulation lath and wood lath. Scratch or first coat shall be applied to cover well and with sufficient pressure and material to form good full keys on

wood and metal lath, wire lath and wire fabric, and good bond on gypsum lath and fiber insulation lath. Then it should be scratched to a rough surface. The brown or second coat shall be applied after the scratch coat has set firm and hard, brought out to grounds, straightened to a true surface with rod and darby and left rough, ready to receive the third or finish coat.

NOTE: Three coat work shall always be used over fiber insulation lath, wood lath, metal lath or any other resilient lath.

PRECAUTIONS

Lite-Mix plaster is not intended for use over masonry bases. For plastering over masonry, use Masonry Lite-Mix.

Several hours before plastering over wood lath, the lath should be wet thoroughly to prevent shrinkage cracking.

Do not retemper. Screen openings in hot weather to prevent dryouts. Provide adequate heat in cold weather to prevent freezing. When plaster has set hard and firm, provide ventilation for adequate drying.

Add water only, plaster has proper amount of aggregate.

(SIGNATURE)

* * *

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL LITE-MIX UNFIBERED PLASTER

Bestwall Lite-Mix Unfibered Plaster is a ready-mixed plaster with perlite aggregate for interior basecoat plastering on the following type plaster bases: gypsum lath and fiber insulation lath; and for brown coat plastering on metal and wire lath, fiber insulation lath and wood lath. It meets A.S.T.M. Specification C-28-55 for Gypsum Ready-Mixed Plaster.

MIXING

For hand mixing. Place Bestwall Lite-Mix Plaster in one end of mortar box, add water in the other end and hoe the plaster into the water. Mix thoroughly to proper consistency. Clean the box after each batch.

For machine mixing. Add the required amount of water to the mixer and with the agitator running add the plaster. Mix thoroughly to proper consistency, adding more water if necessary. Dump the batch immediately after it is completely mixed. If another batch is not to be mixed right away, wash out the mixer and leave clean for next batch.

APPLICATION

For two coat work on gypsum lath. Base or first coat shall be applied with sufficient pressure and material to form good bond and to cover well. Then before this scratch coat has set and without raking its surface, same plaster shall be doubled back to bring out to grounds and struck to a true surface with rod and darby and left rough for reception of finish (second) coat.

For three coat work on fiber insulation lath. Scratch or first coat shall be applied to cover well and with sufficient pressure and material to form good bond to the lath. Then it should be scratched to

a rough surface. The brown or second coat shall be applied after the scratch coat has set firm and hard, brought out to grounds, straightened to a true surface with rod and darby and left rough, ready to receive the third or finish coat.

For brown coat in three coat work over gypsum lath, metal and wire lath, fiber insulation lath and wood lath. After the scratch coat has set firm and hard, Bestwall Lite-Mix Unfibered Plaster may be used as the second or brown coat. It is applied over the scratch coat, brought out to grounds, straightened to a true surface with rod and darby and left rough, ready to receive the third or finish coat.

NOTE: Three coat work shall always be used over fiber insulation lath, wood lath, metal lath or any other resilient lath.

PRECAUTIONS

Lite-Mix plaster is not intended for use over masonry bases. For plastering over masonry, use Masonry Lite-Mix.

Do not retemper. Screen openings in hot weather to prevent dryouts. Provide adequate heat in cold weather to prevent freezing. When plaster has set hard and firm, provide ventilation for adequate drying.

Add water only, plaster has proper amount of aggregate.

(SIGNATURE)

* * *

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL LITE-MIX MASONRY MIX PLASTER

Bestwall Lite-Mix Masonry Mix Plaster is a ready-mixed plaster with perlite aggregate for interior basecoat plastering over all types of masonry except monolithic concrete. It meets A.S.T.M. Specification C-28-55 for Gypsum Ready-Mixed Plaster.

MIXING

For hand mixing. Place Bestwall Lite-Mix Masonry Mix Plaster in one end of mortar box, add water in the other end and hoe the plaster into the water. Mix thoroughly to proper consistency. Clean the box after each batch.

For machine mixing. Add the required amount of water to the mixer and with the agitator running add the plaster. Mix thoroughly to proper consistency, adding more water if necessary. Dump the batch immediately after it is completely mixed. If another batch is not to be mixed right away, wash out the mixer and leave clean for next batch.

APPLICATION

For two coat work over masonry except monolithic concrete. Base or first coat shall be applied with sufficient pressure and material to form a good bond with the masonry and to cover well. Then before this first coat has set and without raking its surface, same plaster shall be doubled back to bring out to grounds and struck to a true surface with rod and darby and left rough ready to receive the finish (second) coat.

For three coat work over masonry except monolithic concrete. Scratch or first coat shall be applied to cover well and with sufficient pressure

and material to form a good bond with the masonry. Then it should be scratched to a rough surface.

The brown or second coat shall be applied after the scratch coat has set firm and hard, brought out to grounds, straightened to a true surface with rod and darby and left rough, ready to receive the finish coat.

PRECAUTIONS

Do not retemper. Screen openings in hot weather to prevent dryouts. Provide adequate heat in cold weather to prevent freezing. When plaster has set hard and firm, provide ventilation for adequate drying.

Add water only, plaster has proper amount of aggregate.

In plastering over some masonry bases which exhibit high suction, it may be necessary to dampen them prior to application of the plaster, in order to reduce the suction somewhat.

NOTE: For plastering over monolithic concrete, use only Gypsum Concrete Bond Plaster.

(SIGNATURE)

* * *

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

BESTWALL GAUGING PLASTER - SLOW SET DIRECTIONS

Bestwall Gauging Plaster meets A.S.T.M. Specification C-28-55 and Federal Specification SS-P-402 Type G.

Slow Set Gauging is retarded for use.

Use with lime putty for finish coat in the proportions of one measure of dry gauging plaster to not more than three measures of lime putty.

Over lightweight aggregate basecoat, add 1/2 to 1 cu. ft. of fine perlite or fine sand per 100 lbs. of gauging plaster.

Base coat must be broomed or roughened.

Dampen base coat if necessary to reduce suction.

Apply first coat thin as possible, pressing it firmly into base coat; double back with second coat and level out to true even surface. The general thickness of the finish coat shall be 1/16 to 1/8 inch. The finish shall be allowed to draw a few minutes and then it shall be well troweled with water to a smooth finish, free from cat faces and other blemishes or irregularities.

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

BESTWALL GAUGING PLASTER - QUICK SET DIRECTIONS

Bestwall Gauging Plaster meets A.S.T.M. Specification C-28-55 and Federal Specification SS-P-402 Type G.

Quick set gauging is not retarded.

Setting time is to be retarded as necessary by the mechanic.

Use with lime putty for the finish coat in the proportions of one measure of dry gauging plaster to not more than three measures of lime putty.

Over lightweight aggregate basecoat, add 1/2 to 1 cu. ft. of fine perlite or fine sand per 100 lbs. of gauging plaster.

Base coat must be broomed or roughened.

Dampen base coat if necessary to reduce suction.

Apply first coat thin as possible, pressing it firmly into base coat; double back with second coat and level out to true even surface. The general thickness of the finish coat shall be 1/16 to 1/8 inch. The finish shall be allowed to draw a few minutes and then it shall be well troweled with water to a smooth finish, free from cat faces and other blemishes or irregularities.

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

BESTWALL WOOD FIBERED GYPSUM PLASTER DIRECTIONS

Use without sand or not to exceed one part sand to one part plaster by weight.

Keep mortar box clean. Mix thoroughly.

Do not try to remix after mortar has hardened.

When used as patching plaster, remove all loose particles from area to be patched. Thoroughly wet edges of old plaster to reduce suction. Fill small areas flush with old surface and trowel smooth. Fill large areas in two applications. Allow first application to harden, then make second application, filling in flush with old surface and trowel smooth. When dry, touch up patch with fine sand paper if necessary and size before decorating.

For large areas and new work, broom or otherwise roughen surface to receive finishing coat.

Close or screen all openings until plaster has set. Then ventilate to promote rapid drying.

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

WOOD FIBERED PLASTER DIRECTIONS

Mix to a mortar with water only and use immediately. Do not try to remix after mortar has hardened. When used as patching plaster, remove all loose particles from area to be patched. Thoroughly wet edges of old plaster to reduce suction. Fill small areas flush with old surface and trowel smooth. Fill large areas in two applications. Allow first application to harden, then make second application, filling in flush with old surface and trowel smooth. When dry, touch up patch with fine sand paper if necessary and size before decorating.

METRO-MIX DIRECTIONS

This is a gypsum product which requires the addition of water only. Protect the dry Metro-Mix from moisture in storage and transit. Add the dry Metro-Mix to the water in a deep mixing box or mechanical mixer located for prompt delivery of the slurry to the roof area. Mix thoroughly for not more than two minutes. Do not retemper. Avoid whipping air into the slurry to maintain proper density and strength.

Immediately after mixing, pour the mixture on the roof area and screed and level off to specified thickness. Metro-Mix shall not be mixed or poured during weather when the temperature and job exposure will allow the Metro-Mix to freeze before it takes its complete set. Keep all tools and mixing equipment free of set Metro-Mix to maintain uniform setting time.

For Class "A" Metro-Mix, use not more than $8\frac{1}{2}$ gallons clean water per 80 lb. bag. For Class "B" Metro-Mix, use not more than 7 gallons of clean water per 80 lb. bag.

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT METRO-MIX FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

BESTWALL SATIN SPAR WHITE GAUGING PLASTER
QUICK SET DIRECTIONS

Bestwall Satin Spar Gauging Plaster meets A.S.T.M. Specification C-28-55
and Federal Specification SS-P-402 Type G.

Quick set gauging is not retarded.

Setting time is to be retarded as necessary by the mechanic.

Use with lime putty for the finish coat in the proportions of one measure
of dry gauging plaster to not more than three measures of lime putty.

Over lightweight aggregate basecoat, add $1/2$ to 1 cu. ft. of fine perlite or fine sand per 100 lbs. of gauging plaster.

Base coat must be broomed or roughened.

Dampen base coat if necessary to reduce suction.

Apply first coat thin as possible, pressing it firmly into base coat; double back with second coat and level out to true even surface. The general thickness of the finish coat shall be $1/16$ to $1/8$ inch. The finish shall be allowed to draw a few minutes and then it shall be well troweled with water to a smooth finish, free from cat faces and other blemishes or irregularities.

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

BESTWALL SATIN SPAR WHITE GAUGING PLASTER
SLOW SET DIRECTIONS

Bestwall Satin Spar Gauging Plaster meets A.S.T.M. Specification C-28-55 and Federal Specification SS-P-402 Type G.

Slow set gauging is retarded for use.

Use with lime putty for finish coat in the proportions of one measure of dry gauging plaster to not more than three measures of lime putty.

Over lightweight aggregate basecoat, add 1/2 to 1 cu. ft. of fine perlite or fine sand per 100 lbs. of gauging plaster.

Base coat must be broomed or roughened.

Dampen base coat if necessary to reduce suction.

Apply first coat thin as possible, pressing it firmly into base coat; double back with second coat and level out to true even surface. The general thickness of the finish coat shall be 1/16 to 1/8 inch. The finish shall be allowed to draw a few minutes and then it shall be well troweled with water to a smooth finish, free from cat faces and other blemishes or irregularities.

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL CERTEX TEXTURE PAINT - NEUTRAL

* * *

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

FOR USE OVER MOST INTERIOR SURFACES

R E A D C A R E F U L L Y

Caution: Use clean water (suitable for drinking) at 60° to 80° Fahrenheit.

Be sure mixing equipment is clean. Do not beat air into the mix. Protect work from freezing.

Add 25 lbs. of Bestwall Certex to 19 pints of water and mix until the dry powder is completely wetted. Allow the mix to soak for 20 to 30 minutes. After the mix has soaked, add water as necessary to obtain the desired consistency and remix. For heavy textures use about 24 to 25 pints total water and for lighter textures use about 30 to 32 pints total water per 25 lbs. of dry Certex.

For application over old surfaces, wash off any water soluble coatings, remove old paint with trisodium phosphate or other strong detergent and rinse with clean water. Roughen glossy surfaces with sandpaper or steel wool and fill cracks with Bestwall Patching Plaster or Spackling Compound. When such surfaces are dry, apply a vinyl primer or equivalent to even suction over the entire area before texturing.

Finish gypsum wallboard surfaces with Bestwall Joint System material. For best results, apply a vinyl primer to the entire area before texturing.

Direction #D-13
(Continued)

Texturing may be accomplished by using a roller, brush, sponge, or other suitable implement depending on the type of configuration desired.

Protect woodwork and trim during application and remove all droppings before they harden.

(SIGNATURE)

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT TEXTURE FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL JOINT SYSTEM

* * *

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

R E A D C A R E F U L L Y

Caution: Add water only. Do not mix any other material or ingredient with the dry powder (adhesive) in this package. Use clean water (suitable for drinking) at 60° to 80° Fahrenheit. Do not beat air into the mix. Protect work from freezing.

Mix 18 lbs. of Bestwall Joint System Compound (an adhesive) with 12½ pints of water. If dry powder or water or both are cold, more water will be required to reach a workable consistency. Mix at about the consistency the material will be used. The wet mixture will stiffen during the first 5 to 10 minutes then, after 20 to 30 minutes soaking, will lose its stiffness. Cold water or cold powder or both may double the required soaking time. After the soaking period has elapsed, the material should be remixed until it becomes plastic and creamy. Add more water to obtain a thinner consistency if desired.

Apply Bestwall Joint Compound to all flat joints and shear off surplus, leaving no material on the high edges. Allow to dry for about 2 to 12 hours (depending on drying conditions) before taping. This operation will leave a uniform depth of taper for uniform shrinkage of subsequent applications under and over the tapes.

Apply Bestwall Joint System Compound to joints and embed tapes, leaving a uniform thickness of material under the tape. At the same

time cover all nailheads with Joint System Compound. Repeat the latter operation with each subsequent application of compound or as many times as needed.

When the Joint System Compound has lightened (anytime after surface dry), cover the taped joint with Joint System Compound. Shear off surplus, leaving a uniform coverage over tapes with edges well feathered. The Joint System Compound under the tapes and the first coat over the tapes must be THOROUGHLY DRY before the next coat over the joints.

Cover the joints a second time with Joint System Compound and shear off the excess, leaving a smooth well feathered joint. Allow the joints to dry thoroughly before proceeding further.

* * *

For best results cover the joints a third time with Joint System Compound. As an alternate to this step, apply Joint System Compound to the entire area of the board and joints and shear off tight. This operation, called a skim coat, provides the surfaces with a more uniform texture and suction.

* * *

Where a skim coat has been used to finish the wallboard surfaces, a one coat paint application may be acceptable. For best results, a prime coat should be used over the entire area before the final decoration.

(SIGNATURE)

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT COMPOUND FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL JOINT SYSTEM BEDDING COMPOUND

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL JOINT SYSTEM TOPPING COMPOUND

* * *

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

R E A D C A R E F U L L Y

Caution: Add water only. Do not mix any other material or ingredients with the dry powder (adhesive) in this package. Use clean water (suitable for drinking) at 60 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit. Do not beat air into the mix. Protect work from freezing.

BEDDING COMPOUND

Mix 25 lbs. of Bestwall Bedding Compound (an adhesive) with 17 pints of water. If water or dry powder or both are cold, more water will be required to reach a workable consistency. Mix at about the consistency the material will be used. The wet mixture will stiffen during the first 5 to 10 minutes then, after 20 to 30 minutes soaking, will lose its stiffness. Cold water or cold powder or both may double the required soaking time. After the soaking period has elapsed, the material should be remixed until it becomes plastic and creamy. Add more water to obtain a thinner consistency if desired.

Apply Bestwall Bedding Compound to all flat joints and shear off surplus, leaving no material on the high edges. Allow to dry about 2 to 12 hours (depending on drying conditions) before taping. This operation will leave a uniform depth of taper for uniform shrinkage of subsequent applications under and over the tape.

Apply Bestwall Bedding Compound to joints and embed tapes leaving a uniform thickness of material under the tapes. At the same time cover all nailheads with Bedding or Topping Compound. Repeat the latter operation with each subsequent application of Topping Compound or as many times as needed.

TOPPING COMPOUND

Mix 25 lbs. of Bestwall Topping Compound (an adhesive) with 16 pints of water. If dry powder or water or both are cold, more water will be required to reach a workable consistency. Mix at about the consistency the material will be used. The wet mixture will stiffen during the first 5 to 10 minutes then, after 20 to 30 minutes soaking, will lose its stiffness. Cold water or cold powder or both may double the required soaking time. After the soaking period has elapsed, the material should be remixed until it becomes plastic and creamy. Add more water to obtain a thinner consistency if desired.

When Bedding Compound has whitened (anytime after surface dry), cover the taped joints with Bestwall Topping Compound. Shear off the surplus, leaving a uniform coverage over tapes with edges well feathered. The Bedding Compound under the tapes and the first coat of Topping Compound must be THOROUGHLY DRY before the next coat over the joints.

Cover the joints a second time with Topping Compound and shear off the surplus, leaving a smooth well feathered joint. Allow the joints to dry thoroughly before proceeding further.

* * *

For best results cover the joints a third time with Topping Compound.

As an alternate to this step, apply Bedding or Topping Compound to the entire area of board and joints and shear off tight.

This operation, called a skim coat, provides the surface with a more uniform texture and suction.

* * *

Where a skim coat has been used to finish the wallboard surfaces, a one coat paint application may be acceptable. For best results, a prime coat should be used over the entire area before the final decoration.

(SIGNATURE)

STORE IN DRY PLACE

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL SPACKLING COMPOUND

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

MIXING: Use cool water at about 70° F, adding the spackling compound and mixing to a heavy putty, free of lumps. Generally the larger the hole to be patched, the thicker the putty should be.

Do not mix more than will be used in several hours.

SWEDISH PUTTY: Add white lead, varnish, or colors-in-oil to Bestwall Spackling Compound to make Swedish Putty.

SURFACE PREPARATION: The area to be patched must be clean and dry and free of loose particles. Grease should be removed with a strong solution of trisodium phosphate and soap or any good prepared wall cleaner. Then rinse the area with clear water. Glossy surfaces should be roughened with steel wool or fine sandpaper.

APPLICATION: Bestwall Spackling Compound can be applied with a flexible broad knife, or trowel, or any suitable tool. Small cracks and imperfections can be repaired by one application. Large patches or deep, wide cracks usually require two applications. It is recommended that the first application consist of Bestwall Patching Plaster. Allow this to harden and then follow with the final coat of Spackle. The finished repair may be sanded smooth if necessary.

Patches in repaired surfaces should be primed and sealed so as to even up the suction before redecorating.

(SIGNATURE)

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT SPACKLING COMPOUND FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL PATCHING PLASTER

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

MIXING: Add Bestwall Patching Plaster to cool or cold water (Potable) and stir to a putty, free of lumps. Generally the larger the patch, the thicker the putty should be.

Do not mix more than can be used in 30 minutes.

CAUTION: Do not reclaim patching plaster that has begun to harden by adding more water. It will be worthless.

SURFACE PREPARATION: The areas to be patched must be clean and dry and free of loose particles. Enlarge small cracks by cutting out old plaster to form an inverted V. Dampen the entire area to be patched with water to promote adhesion between the old plaster and the new.

APPLICATION: Small cracks and imperfections are filled by using a thin putty forcing it into the cracks with a broad knife. Use the broad knife to shear off any excess plaster.

Large holes and imperfections require two coats. Apply the first coat so that it nearly fills the area being patched. Allow it to harden. While the first coat is still wet, apply a second coat. Bring this coat out flush to the finished surface. Shear it off smooth with the tool. When the second coat is hard and dry, sand it to a smooth surface if necessary. Prime and seal the surface to even the suction before painting or papering. This may require priming entire area.

(SIGNATURE)

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PATCHING PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

2 LBS.
RETARDER

DIRECTIONS

To make plaster set slower, stir the necessary amount of retarder in the first bucketful of water used per mortar batch; then add sufficient clear water for plastering consistency.

The required amount of Retarder can also be scattered over the plaster and sand and then thoroughly mixed with the mortar.

Usually about an ounce of Retarder (1 heaping tablespoon full) to a sack of plaster is sufficient.

(SIGNATURE)

LINE BAGS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

1. BESTWALL BUILDER'S LIME, an all purpose material, is pressure hydrated or autoclaved lime containing less than 8% of unhydrated oxides and meets requirements of Federal Specification SS-L-351 for Finishing Hydrated Lime, Type F and Amendment. It also meets requirements of A.S.T.M. Specifications for Special Finishing Hydrated Lime C-206-49 Type S.
2. BESTWALL BUILDER'S LIME meets requirements of Federal Specification SS-L-351 for Finishing Hydrated Lime, Type F and A.S.T.M. Specifications for Normal Finishing Hydrated Lime C-6-49 Type N.
3. BESTWALL BUILDER'S LIME meets requirements of Federal Specification SS-L-351 for Mason's Hydrated Lime Type M and Amendment, and A.S.T.M. Specifications for Hydrated Lime for Masonry Purposes C-207-49 Type N and Type S.

DIRECTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

A. PUTTY PREPARATION

Large Volume - Overnight Soaking

Use 6-3/4 gallons of clean water per 50 pound bag. Sift lime slowly through metal lath or screen into water without agitating mixture. Let soak overnight. If putty is too stiff, add a little water. If too soft, add lime.

Immediate Use

Use 6-1/4 gallons of clean water per 50 pound bag. Sift lime slowly through metal lath or screen into water and let stand until water is taken up (15 to 30 minutes). Mixing to speed the action will not destroy workability.

B. GAUGING

When lime putty is ready for use, place on mixing board. Hollow out center and pour water therein. Add at least one part Bestwall Gauging Plaster to three parts of lime putty by volume and mix thoroughly.

C. APPLICATION

Gypsum-Lime Putty Trowel Finish shall be applied over a partially dry base coat or a thoroughly dry base coat which has been evenly wetted by brushing or spraying (avoid excessive watering), scratched in thoroughly, laid on well, doubled back and filled out to a true, even surface. The general thickness shall be 1/16 to 1/8 inch. The finish shall be allowed to draw a few minutes and then it shall be well-troweled with water to a smooth finish, free from cat faces and other blemishes or irregularities.

- D. BESTWALL BUILDER'S LIME may be used with Keene's Cement for a very hard finish, with a fine sand for a sand float finish, or with plastering sand for basecoat plastering. See American Standards Association A42.1-55 for specifications for such applications.

E. MORTAR FOR MASONRY

Bestwall Builder's Lime may be used in preparing mortars in accordance with Tentative Specifications for Mortars for Unit Masonry A.S.T.M. Designation C-270-51T.

Mortar proportions by volume from that specification are as follows:

MORTAR TYPE	PARTS BY VOLUME OF CEMENT	PARTS BY VOLUME OF HYDRATED LIME OR LIME PUTTY	AGGREGATE, MEASURED IN A DAMP, LOOSE CONDITION
M	1 - Portland	1/4	Not under 2-1/4 and not over 3 times the sum of the volumes of the cement and lime used.
S	1 - Portland	over 1/4 to 1/2	
N	1 - Portland	over 1/2 to 1-1/4	
O	1 - Portland	over 1-1/4 to 2-1/2	
K	1 - Portland	over 2-1/2 to 4	

(SIGNATURE)

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT LIME FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

LIME BAGSGENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

CAUTION: Do not use Bestwall Mason's Lime for plastering. It may cause "pops".

A. BESTWALL MASON'S LIME is normal hydrated and meets requirements of Federal Specification SS-L-351 for Mason's Hydrated Lime Type M, and A.S.T.M. Specifications for Hydrated Lime for Masonry Purposes C-207-49 Type N.

B. PUTTY PREPARATION

Sift lime slowly through metal lath or screen into water without agitating mixture. Let it soak at least 12 hours in putty form before using.

C. MORTAR FOR MASONRY

Bestwall Mason's Lime may be used in preparing mortars in accordance with Tentative Specifications for Mortars for Unit Masonry A.S.T.M. Designation C-270-51T.

Mortar proportions by volume from that specification are as follows:

MORTAR TYPE	PARTS BY VOLUME OF CEMENT	PARTS BY VOLUME OF LIME PUTTY	AGGREGATE, MEASURED IN A DAMP, LOOSE CONDITION
M	1 - Portland	1/4	Not under 2-1/4 and not over 3 times the sum of the volumes of the cement and lime used.
S	1 - Portland	over 1/4 to 1/2	
N	1 - Portland	over 1/2 to 1-1/4	
O	1 - Portland	over 1-1/4 to 2-1/2	
K	1 - Portland	over 2-1/2 to 4	

(SIGNATURE)

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT LIME FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

LIME BAGS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

1. BESTWALL SMOOTH FINISHING LIME is normal hydrated and meets requirements of Federal Specification SS-L-351 for Finishing Hydrated Lime Type F and A.S.T.M. Specifications for Normal Finishing Hydrated Lime C-6-49, Type N.
2. BESTWALL SMOOTH FINISHING LIME meets requirements of Federal Specification SS-L-351 for Mason's Hydrated Lime Type M and A.S.T.M. Specifications for Hydrated Lime for Masonry Purposes C-207-49 Type N.

DIRECTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

A. PUTTY PREPARATION

Sift lime slowly through metal lath or screen into water without agitating mixture. Let soak 24 hours. If putty is too stiff, add a little water. If too soft, add lime.

B. GAUGING

When lime putty is ready for use, place on mixing board. Hollow out center and pour water therein. Add at least one part Bestwall Gauging Plaster to three parts of lime putty by volume and mix thoroughly.

C. APPLICATION

Gypsum-Lime Putty Trowel Finish shall be applied over a partially dry base coat or a thoroughly dry base coat which has been evenly wetted by brushing or spraying (avoid excessive watering), scratched in thoroughly, laid on well, doubled back and filled out to a true even surface. The general thickness shall be 1/16 to 1/8 inch. The

finish shall be allowed to draw a few minutes and then it shall be well-troweled with water to a smooth finish, free from cat faces and other blemishes or irregularities.

- D. BESTWALL SMOOTH FINISHING LIME may be used with Keene's Cement for a very hard finish, with a fine sand for a sand float finish, or with plastering sand for basecoat plastering. See American Standards Association A42.1-55 for specifications for such applications.

E. MORTAR FOR MASONRY

Bestwall Smooth Finishing Lime may be used in preparing mortars in accordance with Tentative Specifications for Mortars for Unit Masonry A.S.T.M. Designation C-270-51T.

Mortar proportions by volume from that specification are as follows:

MORTAR TYPE	PARTS BY VOLUME OF CEMENT	PARTS BY VOLUME OF LIME PUTTY	AGGREGATE, MEASURED IN A DAMP, LOOSE CONDITION
M	1 - Portland	1/4	Not under 2-1/4 and not over 3 times the sum of the volumes of the cement and lime used.
S	1 - Portland	over 1/4 to 1/2	
N	1 - Portland	over 1/2 to 1-1/4	
O	1 - Portland	over 1-1/4 to 2-1/2	
K	1 - Portland	over 2-1/2 to 4	

(SIGNATURE)

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT LIME FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

LIME BAGSGENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

CAUTION: Do not use Bestwall Speedy Mason's Lime for plastering. It may cause "pops".

A. BESTWALL SPEEDY MASON'S LIME is pressure hydrated or autoclaved and meets requirements of Federal Specification SS-L-351 for Mason's Hydrated Lime Type M and Amendment, and A.S.T.M. Specification for Hydrated Lime for Masonry Purposes C-207-49 Type N and Type S.

B. PUTTY PREPARATION

Bestwall Speedy Mason's Lime does not need to be soaked before use. It may be mixed with other dry mortar ingredient.

C. MORTAR FOR MASONRY

Bestwall Speedy Mason's Lime may be used in preparing mortars dry (or as putty) in accordance with Tentative Specifications for Mortars for Unit Masonry A.S.T.M. Designation C-270-51T.

Mortar proportions by volume from that specification are as follows:

MORTAR TYPE	PARTS BY VOLUME OF CEMENT	PARTS BY VOLUME OF HYDRATED LIME OR LIME PUTTY	AGGREGATE, MEASURED IN A DAMP, LOOSE CONDITION
M	1 - Portland	1/4	Not under 2-1/4 and not over 3 times the sum of the volumes of the cement and lime used.
S	1 - Portland	over 1/4 to 1/2	
N	1 - Portland	over 1/2 to 1-1/4	
O	1 - Portland	over 1-1/4 to 2-1/2	
K	1 - Portland	over 2-1/2 to 4	

(SIGNATURE)

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT LIME FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

PREPARED TROWEL FINISH DIRECTIONS

Mix with water only.

Base plaster coat must be thoroughly set and nearly dry before finish is applied.

Dampen base coat if necessary to reduce suction.

Surface of base coat must be broomed or otherwise roughened to receive finish.

Apply first coat thin as possible, pressing it firmly into base coat; double-back with second coat and level out to true even surface. Allow to draw, then dampen surface with water and trowel to a smooth surface.

Close or screen all openings until plaster has set. Then ventilate to promote rapid drying.

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PREPARED TROWEL FINISH FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

BESTWALL GRABIT

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

READ CAREFULLY

FOR: Direct attachment of gypsum wallboard to interior masonry walls. May be used on poured concrete, cinder block, or concrete block walls which are reasonably straight and true and free from any surface treatment or decoration.

CAUTION

Add water only. Do not mix any other material or ingredients with the adhesive in this package. Use clean water suitable for drinking. Mix in a clean container, free from any previously hardened masonry adhesive or other foreign ingredients.

SURFACE PREPARATION

Surfaces should be reasonably straight and true and free of fragments of mortar, splinters from forms, protruding reinforcing rods, etc. Surfaces out of alignment by 1" or more should be leveled by some suitable means.

MIXING

Mix 50 lbs. of Grabit with 10 quarts of water. The resultant consistency is such that it may be applied with a caulking gun, yet stiff enough that the bead will not sag or flow. Mix until powder is completely wetted. Allow to soak for 5 minutes, then remix and adjust consistency by addition of small amounts of water. Do not use excessive amounts of water. Do not mix more than can be used in 2-1/2 hours. Clean out all tools and containers before the 2-1/2 hour setting time of the adhesive has elapsed.

APPLICATION

On the back side of the board apply a 1" ribbon of Grabit to each edge, keeping the adhesive as close to the edges as possible and two ribbons in the field of the

board 16" from each edge. The ribbons of adhesive are applied parallel to the paper bound edges of the board. Position the board containing the adhesive either vertically or horizontally. Use masonry nails where necessary, to hold the board in place until the adhesive sets. To align joints, place a 2 x 4 over the adjoining board edges and tap with a hammer. If the boards are warped, use masonry nails to pull the boards into alignment. Remove all droppings from the face of the boards before the adhesive sets. The Grabit will set hard in 3-4 hours, after which joint taping and finishing operations may be started.

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL JOINT SYSTEM COMPOUND

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

R E A D C A R E F U L L Y

Caution: Add water only. Do not mix any other material or ingredient with the dry powder (adhesive) in this package. Use clean water (suitable for drinking) at 60° to 80° Fahrenheit. Do not beat air into the mix. Protect work from freezing.

Mix 25 lbs. of Bestwall Joint System Compound (an adhesive) with 17 pints of water. If dry powder or water or both are cold, more water will be required to reach a workable consistency. Mix at about the consistency the material will be used. The wet mixture will stiffen during the first 5 to 10 minutes then, after 20 to 30 minutes soaking, will lose its stiffness. Cold water or cold powder or both may double the required soaking time. After the soaking period has elapsed, the material should be remixed until it becomes plastic and creamy. Add more water to obtain a thinner consistency if desired.

Apply Bestwall Joint System Compound to all flat joints and shear off surplus, leaving no material on the high edges. Allow to dry for about 2 to 12 hours (depending on drying conditions) before taping. This operation will leave a uniform depth of taper for uniform shrinkage of subsequent applications under and over the tapes.

Apply Bestwall Joint System Compound to joints and embed tapes, leaving a uniform thickness of material under the tapes. At the same time cover all nailheads with Joint System Compound. Repeat the latter operation with each subsequent application of compound or as many times as needed.

When the Joint System Compound has lightened (anytime after surface dry), cover the taped joint with Joint System Compound. Shear off surplus, leaving a uniform coverage over tapes with edges well feathered. The Joint System Compound under the tapes and the first coat over the tapes must be THOROUGHLY DRY before the next coat over the joints.

Cover the joints a second time with Joint System Compound and shear off the excess, leaving a smooth, well feathered joint. Allow the joints to dry thoroughly before proceeding further.

* * *

For best results cover the joints a third time with Joint System Compound.

As an alternate to this step apply Joint System Compound to the entire area of board and joints and shear off tight. This operation, called a skim coat, provides the surface with a more uniform texture and suction.

* * *

Where a skim coat has been used to finish the wallboard, a one coat paint application may be acceptable. For best results, a prime coat should be used over the entire area before final decoration.

(SIGNATURE)

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT COMPOUND FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL ALL PURPOSE JOINT SYSTEM COMPOUND

* * *

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

R E A D C A R E F U L L Y

Caution: Add water only. Do not mix any other material or ingredient with the dry powder (adhesive) in this package. Use clean water (suitable for drinking) at 60° to 80° Fahrenheit. Do not beat air into the mix. Protect work from freezing.

Mix 25 lbs. of Bestwall All Purpose Compound with 17 pints of water. If dry powder or water or both are cold, more water will be required to reach a workable consistency. Mix at about the consistency the material will be used. The wet mixture will stiffen during the first 5 to 10 minutes then, after 20 to 30 minutes soaking, will lose its stiffness. Cold water or cold powder or both may double the required soaking time. After the soaking period has elapsed, the material should be remixed and more water may be added to obtain a thinner consistency if desired.

Apply Bestwall All Purpose Compound to all flat joints and shear off surplus, leaving no material on the high edges. Allow to dry for about 2 to 12 hours (depending on drying conditions) before taping. This operation will leave a uniform depth of taper for uniform shrinkage of subsequent applications under and over the tapes.

Apply Bestwall All Purpose Compound to joints and embed the tapes, leaving a uniform thickness of material under the tapes. At the same time cover all nailheads with All Purpose Compound. Repeat the latter operation with each subsequent application of All Purpose Compound or as many times as needed.

When the All Purpose Compound has whitened (anytime after surface dry), cover the taped joint with All Purpose Compound. Shear off surplus, leaving a uniform coverage over the tapes with edges well feathered. The All Purpose Compound under the tapes and the first coat over the tapes must be THOROUGHLY DRY before the next coat over the joints.

Cover the joints a second time with All Purpose Compound and shear off the excess, leaving a smooth, well feathered joint. Allow the joints to dry before proceeding further.

Bestwall All Purpose Compound may also be used to texture the surface of the finished wallboard surfaces. For best results, apply a vinyl primer to the entire area before texturing. The texture may be applied with a roller, sponge, brush or other suitable implement depending on the type of configuration desired. For heavy textures, use about 22 pints of water and for light textures use about 25 pints of water per 25 lbs. of All Purpose Compound. Protect woodwork and trim during application and remove all droppings before they harden.

(SIGNATURE)

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT COMPOUND FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL CONCRETE BOND PLASTER

Mix with water only.

Concrete surface must be cleaned free from all dirt and oil and must be well hacked before mortar is applied.

Dampen concrete surface if necessary to reduce suction.

Close or screen all openings until plaster has set. Then ventilate to promote rapid drying.

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT CONCRETE BOND PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

BESTWALL GAUGING PLASTER - MEDIUM SET DIRECTIONS

Bestwall Gauging Plaster meets A.S.T.M. Specifications C-28-55 and Federal Specifications SS-P-402 Type G.

Medium set gauging is retarded for use.

Use with lime putty for finish coat in the proportions of one measure of dry gauging plaster to not more than three measures of lime putty.

Over lightweight aggregate basecoat, add 1/2 to 1 cu. ft. of fine perlite or fine sand per 100 lbs. of gauging plaster.

Base coat must be broomed or roughened.

Dampen base coat if necessary to reduce suction.

Apply first coat thin as possible, pressing it firmly into base coat; double back with second coat and level out to true even surface. The general thickness of the finish coat shall be 1/16 to 1/8 inch. The finish shall be allowed to draw a few minutes and then it shall be well troweled with water to a smooth finish, free from cat faces and other blemishes or irregularities.

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL LAMINATING COMPOUND

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

R E A D C A R E F U L L Y

Caution: Add water only. Do not mix any other material or ingredient with the contents of this package. Use clean water (suitable for drinking) at 60° to 80° Fahrenheit. Protect work from freezing.

Add Bestwall Laminating Compound to water in the ratio of 1 part dry powder to $1\frac{1}{2}$ parts water by weight. ($4\frac{1}{2}$ gallons of water for 25 lbs. of Laminating Compound or $1\frac{1}{2}$ pints of water per 1 lb. of Laminating Compound.)

Slowly add the dry powder to the water with continuous stirring. Use a wire whip or other suitable agitator to mix to a smooth paste.

Allow the Laminating Compound to soak for 5 to 10 minutes.

Remix and adjust the consistency, so that the Laminating Compound can be spread easily, and the applied ridges will not self level or sag when the board is held in a vertical position.

Either a comb type spreader, Ames tool designed for applying Laminating Compound, or equivalent, may be used. The comb type spreader should have triangular notches $\frac{3}{16}$ " wide x $\frac{3}{16}$ " deep, spaced $\frac{3}{4}$ " on centers. Other spreaders should leave the same size and pattern of ridges as the comb type spreader.

Bestwall Laminating Compound may be covered and kept overnight for the next day's use. Slight thickening or thinning may be necessary prior to use the following day.

(SIGNATURE)

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL FIBERED PLASTER - MACHINE APPLICATION

Bestwall Fibered Plaster is for interior basecoat plastering on the following type plaster bases: gypsum lath, metal and wire lath, masonry except monolithic concrete and wood lath. Bestwall Fibered Plaster meets A.S.T.M. Specification C-28-55 and Federal Specification SS-P-402 Type N.

Sand or lightweight aggregate (perlite or vermiculite) to be used with Bestwall Fibered Plaster as basecoat plastering shall conform to A.S.T.M. Specification C-35-54T.

PROPORTIONING OF AGGREGATES PER 100 LBS. PLASTER SHALL NOT
EXCEED THE FOLLOWING:

	<u>Perlite or Vermiculite</u>	<u>Sand (6 #2 Shovels Equal 1 cu. ft.)</u>
<u>Over Gypsum Lath</u>		
Two Coat Work	2 cu. ft.	2½ cu. ft.
Three Coat Work		
Scratch Coat	2 cu. ft.	2 cu. ft.
Brown Coat	2 cu. ft.	3 cu. ft.
<u>Over Metal Lath or Wood Lath</u>		
Three Coat Work		
Scratch Coat	2 cu. ft.	2 cu. ft.
Brown Coat	2 cu. ft.	3 cu. ft.
<u>Over Masonry except Monolithic Concrete</u>		
Two or Three Coat Work	3 cu. ft.	4 cu. ft.

MIXING

Keep tools and equipment clean. Use clean water only.

For hand mixing. Dry blend the plaster and aggregate in the mortar box, then add water and blend thoroughly with the hoe. Do not mix damp

sand with plaster and let stand in the box before adding water. Clean the box after each batch.

For machine mixing. With the agitator running, add the approximate amount of water needed, half the aggregate, all of the plaster, and then the remainder of the aggregate, and mix thoroughly to proper consistency, adding additional water if necessary. Dump the batch when completely mixed and, if another batch is not to be mixed right away, clean out the mixer ready for next batch.

APPLICATION

The material in this bag has been formulated specifically for application through a plastering machine. For best results in hand application of plaster, use regular gypsum plaster material.

For two coat work. Base or first coat shall be applied with sufficient pressure and material to form good bond on gypsum lath or masonry as the case may be, and to cover well. Then before this scratch coat has set and without raking its surface, material of same proportions shall be doubled back to bring out to grounds and struck to a true surface with rod and darby without application of water and cross rake or scratch to provide a mechanical key for reception of finish (second coat).

For three coat work. Scratch or first coat shall be applied to cover well (minimum of 3/16" over metal lath) and with sufficient pressure and material to form good full keys on wood and metal lath, wire lath, and wire fabric, and good bond on gypsum lath or masonry. Then it should be scratched to a rough surface.

The brown or second coat shall be applied after the scratch coat has set firm and hard, brought out to grounds, straightened to a true surface with rod and darby without application of water and cross rake or scratch to provide a mechanical key for reception of the finish (third coat).

NOTE: Three coat work shall always be used over metal lath, wood lath, or other resilient lath.

Gypsum sand float finish. Gypsum sand float finish shall be mixed in proportion of not more than 2 parts of sand by weight to 1 part of unfibered plaster. Where fibered plaster is used, the fiber should be screened from the plaster. The plaster shall be scratched in tight over the basecoat, brought out to an even surface with the trowel, and then floated to a true surface free from slick spots or other blemishes.

PRECAUTIONS

Before plastering over porous absorptive masonry, wet the surface to reduce suction and prevent shrinkage cracks.

Several hours before plastering over wood lath, the lath should be wet thoroughly to prevent plaster cracking.

Do not retemper. Screen openings in hot weather to prevent dryouts. Provide adequate heat in cold weather to prevent freezing. When plaster has set hard and firm, provide ventilation for adequate drying.

(SIGNATURE)

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STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL UNFIBERED PLASTER - MACHINE APPLICATION

Bestwall Unfibered Plaster is for interior base coat plastering on the following plaster bases: gypsum lath, masonry except monolithic concrete. It is also suitable for interior gypsum sand float finish. Bestwall Unfibered Plaster meets A.S.T.M. Specification No. C-28-55 and Federal Specification SS-P-402 Type N.

Sand or lightweight aggregate (perlite or vermiculite) to be used with Bestwall Unfibered Plaster as basecoat plastering, shall conform to A.S.T.M. Specification C-35-54T.

NOTE: When to be used in gypsum sand float finish, the sand shall pass a No. 12, 16, or 20 mesh sieve, depending on the texture of the surface desired.

PROPORTIONING OF AGGREGATES PER 100 LBS. PLASTER SHALL NOT
EXCEED THE FOLLOWING:

	<u>Perlite or Vermiculite</u>	<u>Sand (6 #2 Shovels Equal 1 cu. ft.)</u>
<u>Over Gypsum Lath</u>		
Two Coat Work	2 cu. ft.	2½ cu. ft.
Three Coat Work		
Scratch Coat	2 cu. ft.	2 cu. ft.
Brown Coat	2 cu. ft.	3 cu. ft.
<u>Over Metal Lath or Wood Lath</u>		
Three Coat Work		
Scratch Coat	2 cu. ft.	2 cu. ft.
Brown Coat	2 cu. ft.	3 cu. ft.
<u>Over Masonry except Monolithic Concrete</u>		
Two or Three Coat Work	3 cu. ft.	4 cu. ft.

MIXING

Keep tools and equipment clean. Use clean water only.

For hand mixing. Dry blend the plaster and aggregate in the mortar box, then add water and blend thoroughly with the hoe. Do not mix damp sand with plaster and let stand in the box before adding water. Clean the box after each batch.

For machine mixing. With the agitator running, add the approximate amount of water needed, half the aggregate, all of the plaster, and then the remainder of the aggregate, and mix thoroughly to proper consistency, adding additional water if necessary. Dump the batch when completely mixed and, if another batch is not to be mixed right away, clean out the mixer ready for next batch.

APPLICATION

The material in this bag has been formulated specifically for application through a plastering machine. For best results in hand application of plaster, use regular gypsum plaster material.

For two coat work. Base or first coat shall be applied with sufficient pressure and material to form good bond on gypsum lath or masonry as the case may be, and to cover well. Then before this scratch coat has set and without raking its surface, material of same proportions shall be doubled back to bring out to grounds and struck to a true surface with rod and darby without application of water and cross rake or scratch to provide a mechanical key for reception of the finish (second coat).

For three coat work. Scratch or first coat shall be applied to cover well and with sufficient pressure and material to form good bond on gypsum lath and masonry. Then it should be scratched to a rough surface.

The brown or second coat shall be applied after the scratch coat has set firm and hard, brought out to grounds, straightened to a true surface with rod and darby without application of water and cross rake or scratch to provide a mechanical key for reception of the finish (third coat).

NOTE: Three coat work shall always be used over metal lath or other resilient lath.

Gypsum sand float finish. Gypsum sand float finish shall be mixed in proportion of not more than 2 parts of sand by weight to 1 part of unfibred plaster. The plaster shall be scratched in tight over the basecoat, brought out to an even surface with the trowel, and then floated to a true surface free from slick spots or other blemishes.

PRECAUTIONS

Before plastering over porous absorptive masonry, wet the surface to reduce suction and prevent shrinkage cracks.

Several hours before plastering over wood lath, the lath should be wet thoroughly to prevent plaster cracking.

Do not retemper. Screen openings in hot weather to prevent dryouts. Provide adequate heat in cold weather to prevent freezing. When plaster has set hard and firm, provide ventilation for adequate drying.

(SIGNATURE)

* * *

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL ACOUSTICAL PLASTER

USE

This is a mill mixed product to be mixed with clean water only for machine or trowel application over gypsum basecoat plasters, monolithic concrete and other surfaces which are firm, clean and free of efflorescence or water soluble substances. Gypsum basecoats should be half dry to dry. Concrete should be dry.

MIXING

Be sure equipment and tools are clean. Machine mix at least 5 minutes. If hand mixed, hoe until thoroughly mixed.

APPLICATION

SPRAY APPLICATION - For first coat use 55 - 65 quarts water per 40 lb. bag. Apply 3/8" thick. Level with darby and allow to dry before applying finish coat. For finish coat, use 5 to 10 additional quarts water per bag depending on the texture desired.

When applied over low suction bases, the material should be applied in three applications, the first application furnishing the suction for subsequent coats.

Any large fissures in the base coat should be filled and leveled before applying finish coat.

HAND APPLICATION - Use 50 - 60 quarts water per 40 lb. bag for both basecoat and finish coat. Apply basecoat 3/8" thick, allow to dry, then apply finish coat 1/8" thick. Trowel finish may be smooth troweled, floated, stippled, or darbied after it has taken-up sufficiently.

PRECAUTIONS

Provide adequate heat and ventilation in slow drying weather. Avoid too rapid drying to minimize excessive cracking. Use only on ceilings and other areas which are not subject to abrasion or free moisture. Cover any exposed metal with rust resistant paint before applying Bestwall Acoustical Plaster.

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL BESTEX TEXTURE PAINT - WHITE

* * *

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

FOR USE OVER MOST INTERIOR SURFACES

R E A D C A R E F U L L Y

Caution: Use clean water (suitable for drinking) at 60° to 80° Fahrenheit.

Be sure mixing equipment is clean. Do not beat air into the mix. Protect work from freezing.

Add 25 lbs. of Bestwall Bestex to 19 pints of water and mix until the dry powder is completely wetted. Allow the mix to soak for 20 to 30 minutes. After the mix has soaked, add water as necessary to obtain the desired consistency and remix. For heavy textures use about 25 to 27 pints total water and for lighter textures use about 32 to 34 pints total water per 25 lbs. of dry Bestex.

For application over old surfaces, wash off any water soluble coatings, remove old paint with trisodium phosphate or other strong detergent and rinse with clean water. Roughen glossy surfaces with sandpaper or steel wool and fill cracks with Bestwall Patching Plaster or Speckling Compound. When such surfaces are dry, apply a vinyl primer or equivalent to even suction over the entire area before texturing.

Finish gypsum wallboard surfaces with Bestwall Joint System material.

For best results, apply a vinyl primer to the entire area before texturing.

Texturing may be accomplished by using a roller, brush, sponge, or other suitable implement depending on the type of configuration desired.

Protect woodwork and trim during application and remove all droppings before they harden.

If it is desired to tint the texture, as well as obtain increased durability, latex paints may be added in the amount of 1 gallon per 25 lb. bag of Bestex. The addition of paint should be made after the 20 to 30 minute soaking period.

(SIGNATURE)

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT TEXTURE FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES.

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL BESTEX TEXTURE PAINT - WHITE

FOR SPRAY APPLICATION ONLY

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

FOR USE OVER MOST INTERIOR SURFACES

R E A D C A R E F U L L Y

CAUTION: Use clean water (suitable for drinking) at 60° to 80° Fahrenheit.

Be sure mixing equipment is clean. Do not beat air into the mix. Protect work from freezing.

FOR SPRAY APPLICATION OF BESTEX:

1. Add contents of this bag to 17 pints of water and mix until the dry powder is completely wetted.
2. Allow the mix to soak for 15 minutes.
3. After the mix has soaked, remix and add water as necessary to obtain the desired consistency. It is desirable to use about 18 to 19 pints total water.

FOR SPRAY APPLICATION OF BESTEX WITH PERLITE:

1. Add contents of this bag to 17 pints of water and mix until the dry powder is completely wetted.
2. Allow the mix to soak for 15 minutes.
3. After the mix has soaked, remix and add water as necessary to obtain the desired consistency and remix. It is desirable to use 20 to 26 pints total water depending upon the desired texture.
4. Add $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $13\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. of perlite, depending upon the coarseness of texture desired and remix until thoroughly blended. For best results, use perlite which will all pass through a 20 mesh screen.

For best coverage and uniformity of texture, spray a given area by first applying vertically and then immediately doubling back with a horizontal application.

For application over old surfaces, wash off any water soluble coatings, remove old paint with trisodium phosphate, or other strong detergent and rinse with clean water. Roughen glossy surface with sandpaper or steel wool and fill cracks with Bestwall Patching Plaster or Spackling Compound. When such surfaces are dry, apply a vinyl primer or equivalent to even suction over the entire area before texturing.

Finish gypsum wallboard surfaces with Bestwall Joint System material.

For best results, apply a vinyl primer to the entire area before spraying texture.

Protect woodwork and trim during application and remove all droppings before they harden.

If it is desired to tint the texture, as well as obtain increased durability, latex paints may be added in the amount of 1 gallon per 25 lb. bag of Bestex. The addition of paint should be made after the 20 to 30 minute soaking period.

(SIGNATURE)

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT TEXTURE FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL FIBERED TWIN COAT PLASTER

Bestwall Fibered Plaster is for interior basecoat plastering on the following type plaster bases: gypsum lath, metal and wire lath, masonry (except monolithic concrete) and wood lath. Bestwall Fibered Plaster meets A.S.T.M. Specification C-28-60 and Federal Specification SS-P-402 Type N.

Sand or lightweight aggregate (perlite or vermiculite) to be used with Bestwall Fibered Plaster as basecoat plastering shall conform to A.S.T.M. Specification C-35-57T.

PROPORTIONING OF AGGREGATES PER 100 LBS. PLASTER SHALL NOT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING:

	<u>Perlite or Vermiculite</u>	<u>Sand (6 #2 Shovels Equal 1 cu. ft.)</u>
<u>Over Gypsum Lath</u>		
Two Coat Work	2 cu. ft.	2½ cu. ft.
Three Coat Work		
Scratch Coat	2 cu. ft.	2 cu. ft.
Brown Coat	2 cu. ft.	3 cu. ft.
<u>Over Metal Lath or Wood Lath</u>		
Three Coat Work		
Scratch Coat	2 cu. ft.	2 cu. ft.
Brown Coat	2 cu. ft.	3 cu. ft.
<u>Over Masonry except Monolithic Concrete</u>		
Two or Three Coat Work	3 cu. ft.	4 cu. ft.

MIXING

Keep tools and equipment clean. Use clean water only.

For hand mixing. Dry blend the plaster and aggregate in the mortar box, then add water and blend thoroughly with the hoe. Do not mix damp

sand with plaster and let stand in the box before adding water. Clean the box after each batch.

For machine mixing. With the agitator running, add the approximate amount of water needed, half the aggregate, all of the plaster, and then the remainder of the aggregate, and mix thoroughly to proper consistency, adding additional water if necessary. Dump the batch when completely mixed and, if another batch is not to be mixed right away, clean out the mixer ready for next batch.

HAND APPLICATION

For two coat work. Base or first coat shall be applied with sufficient pressure and material to form good bond on gypsum lath or masonry as the case may be, and to cover well. Then before this scratch coat has set and without raking its surface, material of same proportions shall be doubled back to bring out to grounds and struck to a true surface with rod and darby without application of water and cross rake or scratch to provide a mechanical key for reception of finish (second coat).

For three coat work. Scratch or first coat shall be applied to cover well (minimum of 3/16" over metal lath) and with sufficient pressure and material to form good full keys on wood and metal lath, wire lath and wire fabric, and good bond on gypsum lath or masonry. Then it should be scratched to a rough surface.

The brown or second coat shall be applied after the scratch coat has set firm and hard, brought out to grounds, straightened to a true surface with rod and darby without application of water and cross rake

BESTWALL GRABIT

BESTWALL

GRABIT

(AN ADHESIVE)

Wallboard Joint Compound

CAUTION

DO NOT EAT OR DRINK FROM CONTAINER
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
SEE INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

NET WEIGHT 50 LBS

BESTWALL GYPSUM COMPANY, ARDMORE, PENN.

GRABIT

BESTWALL GRABIT

BESTWALL GRABIT
Gypsum Wallboard Joint Compound
NET WEIGHT 50 LBS

GRABIT

or scratch to provide a mechanical key for reception of the finish (third coat).

NOTE: Three coat work shall always be used over metal lath, wood lath, or other resilient lath.

MACHINE APPLICATION

For machine application, the plaster usually is applied at a slightly thinner consistency than for hand application but use of excessive water must be avoided.

When machine applying scratch coat to metal lath, the material must be applied against the flat surface of the mesh to prevent excessive blow through.

All other directions for hand application also apply to machine application.

Gypsum sand float finish. Gypsum sand float finish shall be mixed in proportion of not more than 2 parts of sand by weight to 1 part of unfibred plaster. Where fibred plaster is used, the fiber should be screened from the plaster. The plaster shall be scratched in tight over the basecoat, brought out to an even surface with the trowel, and then floated to a true surface free from slick spots or other blemishes.

PRECAUTIONS

Before plastering over porous absorptive masonry, wet the surface to reduce suction and prevent shrinkage cracks.

Several hours before plastering over wood lath, the lath should be wet thoroughly to prevent plaster cracking.

Do not retemper. Screen openings in hot weather to prevent dryouts.
Provide adequate heat in cold weather to prevent freezing. When plaster
has set hard and firm, provide ventilation for adequate drying.

(SIGNATURE)

* * *

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

DIRECTIONS FOR BESTWALL UNFIBERED TWIN COAT PLASTER

Bestwall Unfibered Plaster is for interior basecoat plastering on the following type plaster bases: gypsum lath, metal and wire lath, masonry (except monolithic concrete) and wood lath. Bestwall Unfibered Plaster meets A.S.T.M. Specification C-28-60 and Federal Specification SS-P-402 Type N.

Sand or lightweight aggregate (perlite or vermiculite) to be used with Bestwall Unfibered Plaster as basecoat plastering shall conform to A.S.T.M. Specification C-35-57T.

PROPORTIONING OF AGGREGATES PER 100 LBS. PLASTER SHALL NOT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING:

	<u>Perlite or Vermiculite</u>	<u>Sand (6 #2 Shovels Equal 1 cu. ft.)</u>
<u>Over Gypsum Lath</u>		
Two Coat Work	2 cu. ft.	2½ cu. ft.
Three Coat Work		
Scratch Coat	2 cu. ft.	2 cu. ft.
Brown Coat	2 cu. ft.	3 cu. ft.
<u>Over Metal Lath or Wood Lath</u>		
Three Coat Work		
Scratch Coat	2 cu. ft.	2 cu. ft.
Brown Coat	2 cu. ft.	3 cu. ft.
<u>Over Masonry except Monolithic Concrete</u>		
Two or Three Coat Work	3 cu. ft.	4 cu. ft.

MIXING

Keep tools and equipment clean. Use clean water only.

For hand mixing. Dry blend the plaster and aggregate in the mortar box, then add water and blend thoroughly with the hoe. Do not mix damp

sand with plaster and let stand in the box before adding water. Clean the box after each batch.

For machine mixing. With the agitator running, add the approximate amount of water needed, half the aggregate, all of the plaster, and then the remainder of the aggregate, and mix thoroughly to proper consistency, adding additional water if necessary. Dump the batch when completely mixed and, if another batch is not to be mixed right away, clean out the mixer ready for next batch.

HAND APPLICATION

For two coat work. Base or first coat shall be applied with sufficient pressure and material to form good bond on gypsum lath or masonry as the case may be, and to cover well. Then before this scratch coat has set and without raking its surface, material of same proportions shall be doubled back to bring out to grounds and struck to a true surface with rod and darby without application of water and cross rake or scratch to provide a mechanical key for reception of finish (second coat).

For three coat work. Scratch or first coat shall be applied to cover well (minimum of 3/16" over metal lath) and with sufficient pressure and material to form good full keys on wood and metal lath, wire lath and wire fabric, and good bond on gypsum lath or masonry. Then it should be scratched to a rough surface.

The brown or second coat shall be applied after the scratch coat has set firm and hard, brought out to grounds, straightened to a true surface with rod and darby without application of water and cross rake or scratch

to provide a mechanical key for reception of the finish (third coat).

NOTE: Three coat work shall always be used over metal lath, wood lath, or other resilient lath.

MACHINE APPLICATION

For machine application, the plaster usually is applied at a slightly thinner consistency than for hand application but use of excessive water must be avoided.

When machine applying scratch coat to metal lath, the material must be applied against the flat surface of the mesh to prevent excessive blow through.

All other directions for hand application also apply to machine application.

Gypsum sand float finish. Gypsum sand float finish shall be mixed in proportion of not more than 2 parts of sand by weight to 1 part of unfibered plaster. The plaster shall be scratched in tight over the basecoat, brought out to an even surface with the trowel, and then floated to a true surface free from slick spots or other blemishes.

PRECAUTIONS

Before plastering over porous absorptive masonry, wet the surface to reduce suction and prevent shrinkage cracks.

Several hours before plastering over wood lath, the lath should be wet thoroughly to prevent plaster cracking.

Direction #D-36
(Continued)

Do not retemper. Screen openings in hot weather to prevent dryouts.
Provide adequate heat in cold weather to prevent freezing. When plaster
has set hard and firm, provide ventilation for adequate drying.

(SIGNATURE)

* * *

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

BESTWALL FIVE STAR JOINT SYSTEM

* * * * *

(AN ADHESIVE)

- * Long wet life permits large quantities of cement to be mixed at one time without danger of spoilage within 30 days. This makes it possible to eliminate mixing on the job and also eliminates waste due to spoilage.
- * Fast drying allows more operations to be completed in a given period of time and minimizes delayed shrinkage.
- * Low shrinkage may, in some cases, reduce the number of coats required.
- * Superior working qualities make the cement easier to apply, reduce sanding, and reduce waste, since the cement retains its workability as it is used.
- * Outstanding skim coating properties make this operation easier to perform and more desirable. The uniformly smooth surfaces which result from skim coating give a better base for the decoration and make acceptable one coat paint jobs possible.

* * * * *

IN ORDER TO TAKE FULL ADVANTAGE OF THE QUALITIES OF

BESTWALL FIVE STAR JOINT CEMENT

R E A D C A R E F U L L Y

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

CAUTION: Add water only. Do not mix any other material or ingredient with the contents of this package. All mixers, tools, buckets, pumps, etc., must be absolutely clean and entirely free of any

other cement. Use clean water (suitable for drinking) at 60° to 80° Fahrenheit. Do not beat air into the mix.

MIXING: Mix 40 lbs. of Bestwall Five Star with 12 to 14 pints of water. Use 20 gallons of water for 500 lbs. of cement, 40 gallons of water for 1000 lbs. of cement, etc. For best results use a drill type mixer or other suitable mixer for small quantities and a ribbon or other suitable mechanical mixer for large quantities. Mix until all of the powder is completely wetted. Allow the cement to soak for at least an hour prior to use and preferably overnight. The mixed cement may be kept for at least a month in a sealed container or by merely keeping a layer of water over the surface. Prior to use, remove the surface water and remix the cement with a potato masher, drill, or other suitable agitator. Adjust to the desired consistency and mix until the cement is smooth and plastic.

APPLICATION: Apply the mixed Bestwall Five Star Cement to the joints and embed the tapes, leaving a uniform thickness of material under the tapes. At the same time, cover all nailheads. Repeat the latter operation with each subsequent application of cement or as many times as needed.

When the Bestwall Five Star Cement has thoroughly dried, apply a coat over the tape. If necessary, another coat may be applied. The cement under and over the tape must be thoroughly dry before the next coat is applied. Usually ceiling joints will require one coat more than sidewall joints.

Direction #D-37
(Continued)

For best results, apply Bestwall Five Star Joint Cement to the entire area of the board and joints and shear off tight to get uniform suction and uniformly smooth surfaces. This is called a skim coat. In some cases, this operation will take the place of the final coat over the nails and joints. If any bags become broken, use them first. Rotate stock and use the oldest material first.

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT CEMENT FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

MOLDING PLASTER BAGS

BAG NO. P-1650

Bestwall Molding Plaster Bag - Pasted Valve (Stepped End) - Construction
2/40K-2/50K for 100#, 2/40K-1/50K for 50# - Natural brown color kraft -
Patent Number - None - Printed one side - edges - top and bottom
Light Blue - Gross weight to be specified on purchase order - Direction
No. NONE.

BAG NO. P-1651

Bestwall Molding Plaster Bag - Pasted Valve (Stepped End) - Construction
1/40K-1/90AL-2/50K for 100#, 1/40K-1/90AL-1/50K for 50# - Natural
brown color kraft - Patent Number - None - Printed one side - edges -
top and bottom Light Blue - Gross weight to be specified on purchase
order - Direction No. NONE. AL sheets to have overall perforations.

1 DAY JOINT COMPOUND BAG DIRECTIONS

INSTRUCTIONS - READ CAREFULLY

GENERAL

- 1) Bestwall 1 Day Wallboard Joint Compound is to be used for taping and all coats preceding the final coat in the finishing of joints, concealing of nailheads and corner bead in gypsum wallboard construction.
- 2) Bestwall 1 Day Wallboard Joint Compound is formulated to harden in $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 hours. The working life is approximately 2 hours.
- 3) When hardened Bestwall 1 Day Wallboard Joint Compound will not shrink.
- 4) Material from a previously mixed batch added to a freshly mixed batch will shorten the working life.
- 5) Where joint system textures are to be used as decoration or part of the decorating scheme, a vinyl primer sealer or equivalent must be applied to entire surface to be decorated prior to texturing.

MIXING

- 1) Mix 25 lbs. of Bestwall 1 Day Wallboard Joint Compound with 13 pints of water.
- 2) Allow mix to soak 5 minutes.
- 3) Remix, adding additional water if necessary to obtain the desired working consistency.

APPLICATION

- 1) Apply Bestwall 1 Day Wallboard Joint Compound to joints and embed tapes, leaving a uniform thickness of material under the tapes.
- 2) Apply first coat over tapes as soon as compound under tapes has hardened to a point where movement of the tapes will not occur while

(Added 12/7/62)

Page #D-38

SGP 0003759

performing this application. At this time, fill corner bead. Nail-heads may be spotted at convenient intervals as soon as previous spots are partially or completely hardened.

- 3) Apply final tight coat over previous Bestwall 1 Day Wallboard Joint Compound coats with Bestwall Topping Compound or other Bestwall finishing compounds as soon as the Bestwall 1 Day Wallboard Joint Compound applications have completely hardened.

FOR BEST RESULTS

- 1) Add only clean (potable) water to the contents of this bag. Water temperatures should be 60-80° F.
- 2) Do not mix any other material or ingredients with the dry powder in this package.
- 3) Do not beat air into mix.
- 4) Mix only enough material for 2 hours use. If slight stiffening should occur, a small amount of water may be added to obtain a more workable consistency.
- 5) Mixing pails and tools must be thoroughly clean.
- 6) Mixing tools should be cleaned after each use, otherwise hardened material will be difficult to remove.
- 7) Freshly mixed batches must be kept free of previously mixed material or working life may be shortened considerably.
- 8) Do not use as the final finish coat on joints, nails, or corner bead. Use Bestwall Topping Compound or other Bestwall finishing products for this purpose.

Direction #D-38
(Continued)

- 9) Where joint system textures are to be used as decoration or part of the decorating scheme, a vinyl primer sealer or equivalent must be applied to entire surface to be decorated prior to texturing.
- 10) Protect work from freezing.

STORE IN DRY PLACE

DIRECTIONS FOR
BESTWALL ALL PURPOSE (WITH TAPE) JOINT SYSTEM COMPOUND

* * *

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

READ CAREFULLY

Caution: Add water only. Do not mix any other material or ingredient with the

dry powder (adhesive) in this package. Use clean water (suitable for drinking) at 60° to 80° Fahrenheit. Do not beat air into the mix.

Protect work from freezing.

Mix 18 lbs. of Bestwall All Purpose Compound with 12-1/2 pints of water. If dry powder or water or both are cold, more water will be required to reach a workable consistency. Mix at about the consistency the material will be used. The wet mixture will stiffen during the first 5 to 10 minutes then, after 20 to 30 minutes soaking, will lose its stiffness. Cold water or cold powder or both may double the required soaking time. After the soaking period has elapsed, the material should be remixed and more water may be added to obtain a thinner consistency if desired.

Apply Bestwall All Purpose Compound to all flat joints and shear off surplus, leaving no material on the high edges. Allow to dry for about 2 to 12 hours (depending on drying conditions) before taping. This operation will leave a uniform depth of taper for uniform shrinkage of subsequent applications under and over the tapes.

Apply Bestwall All Purpose Compound to joints and embed the tapes, leaving a uniform thickness of material under the tapes. At the same time cover all nailheads with All Purpose Compound. Repeat the latter operation with each subsequent application of All Purpose Compound or as many times as needed.

When the All Purpose Compound has whitened (anytime after surface dry), cover the taped joint with All Purpose Compound. Shear off surplus, leaving a uniform coverage over the tapes with edges well feathered. The All Purpose Compound under the tapes and the first coat over the tapes must be THOROUGHLY DRY before the next coat over the joints.

Cover the joints a second time with All Purpose Compound and shear off the excess, leaving a smooth, well feathered joint. Allow the joints to dry before proceeding further.

Bestwall All Purpose Compound may also be used to texture the surface of the finished wallboard surfaces. For best results, apply a vinyl primer to the entire area before texturing. The texture may be applied with a roller, sponge, brush or other suitable implement depending on the type of configuration desired. For heavy textures, use about 14 pints of water and for light textures use about 18 pints of water per 18 lbs. of All Purpose Compound. Protect woodwork and trim during application and remove all droppings before they harden.

(SIGNATURE)

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT COMPOUND FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

(Added 5/17/63)

Page #D-39A

SGP 0003763

BESTWALL DENS-COTE
SMOOTH FINISH

INSTRUCTIONS - Read Carefully

For: Application over Bestwall Dens-Cote Gypsum Base.

MIXING

- 1) Any good mechanical mixer may be used. Add one bag (100 lb.) of Dens-Cote Smooth Finish to 4 gallons of water with the mixer turning. When the dry mix is wetted, bring the mix to the desired consistency with additional water. A good working consistency will require approximately $4\frac{1}{2}$ gallons of water per bag (100 lb.) of Dens-Cote Smooth Finish.
- 2) Mix about 3 minutes or until the material is lump free. Do not overmix.
- 3) Dens-Cote Smooth Finish normally has a 1 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ hour working time, so do not mix more than can be applied and finished in that length of time.
- 4) Flush mixing equipment and carrying containers with water after each batch. Material from a previous batch mixed in with a fresh batch will shorten the setting time.

APPLICATION

- 1) Use 2" wide glass fiber mesh (7 x 11) to reinforce all flat joints and angles. Use 1" x 1" perforated metal beads for corners. Corner beads should be set to regulate plaster thickness at $1/8$ ". Nail or screw corner bead to framing member. For best results, apply the mesh by embedding it with Dens-Cote Smooth Finish. This is accomplished by troweling a layer of Dens-Cote Smooth Finish over the joint area and pressing the glass fiber mesh into the Dens-Cote

Smooth Finish with a trowel. The mesh may be first stapled to the Dens-Cote gypsum base, if desired.

In any case, the mesh must be embedded with Dens-Cote Smooth Finish before the over-all application begins. At the same time, fill all metal corner beads. These areas may be allowed to set before the over-all application is commenced. This preliminary embedding of the joints keep the glass fiber mesh from wrinkling, promotes uniform take-up, and assures positive keying of Dens-Cote Smooth Finish into the mesh.

- 2) Trowel the first coat tightly over the entire wall or ceiling surface. This application should be a minimum of 1/16" thick.
- 3) As soon as the first coat has taken up (10-15 mins.), double back with a leveling coat, which will bring the total thickness applied to a minimum of 3/32".
- 4) After the second coat is well taken up (15-20 mins.), begin final troweling, using water if required. The final troweling must be completed before the set takes place, as evidenced by darkening of the surface.
- 5) Make joinings at angles. Ceilings should be done first, then side-walls.
- 6) Coverage of Dens-Cote Smooth Finish is 18-20 square yards (3/32" thick) per 100 lb. bag.

FOR BEST RESULTS

- 1) Maintain a temperature of at least 55°F. in the working area 24 hours, before, during, and after application.
- 2) In hot dry weather, reduce drafts and ventilation by covering door and window openings.

(Revised 5/15/64)

Page #D-40A

Direction #D-40

- 3) Plan the work so that it proceeds in an orderly fashion from one end of the surface to the other. This will promote a progressively uniform takeup.

CAUTION

- 1) Joints may be visible if minimum thickness of 3/32" is not maintained, especially on ceilings.
- 2) Use only clean potable water with Dens-Cote Smooth Finish.
- 3) Keep mixing equipment and tools clean at all times.
- 4) Do not mix retarders, accelerators, or any other ingredient with Dens-Cote Smooth Finish.
- 5) Keep Dens-Cote Smooth Finish from freezing until it is set and dry.
- 6) Use only Bestwall Dens-Cote Gypsum Base for Dens-Cote Smooth Finish application.
- 7) Do not attempt to retemper Dens-Cote Smooth Finish.

STORAGE IN A DRY PLACE

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FLINTKOTE BAGS

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(Revised 9/20/63)

SGP 0003767

INSTRUCTIONS

Flintkote bags take the same number as Bestwall bags, except the "P" has been omitted and "F" has been added to represent Flintkote.

These bags will have the same construction as that shown under the Bestwall bag number. The bag size and valve size will be the same as the corresponding Bestwall bag.

Bestwall patent numbers are to be printed on these bags. They will be the same as on the corresponding Bestwall bags.

The directions for these bags are not shown separately as are the Bestwall directions. Directions and other copy must be taken from the miniatures. The direction number shown under the Bestwall bag number does not apply.

Ink colors are to be as shown on the miniature.

Color of outer kraft ply to be the same as miniature.

SGP 0003769

FLINTROCK

JOINT BEDDING

Joint Bedding is for use only in bed joints. All surfaces must be clean and dry. Mix **FLINTROCK** Joint Bedding to a thick, creamy consistency. Pour approximately 2 1/2 gal. of clean water into the bucket. Add the contents of this bag to the water. Mix thoroughly with thoroughly. Allow to stand for 30 min. longer to make ready. If additional water is added, mix thoroughly. Joint Bedding is now ready for use.

MADE IN NEW JERSEY BY THE FLINTKOTE COMPANY

PREPARED BY THE FLINTKOTE COMPANY
APPLICABLE PATENT CLAIMS
REGISTERED BY ST. BROS. PATENT CO.

6012 3-240-AL

Joint Bedding
FOR BEDDING ONLY

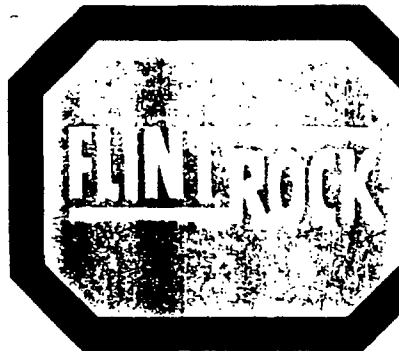


Joint Bedding
FOR BEDDING ONLY



FLINTROCK

NET 25 LBS.



Joint Bedding
FOR BEDDING ONLY

THE FLINTKOTE COMPANY NEW YORK, N.Y.

FLINTROCK



Joint Bedding
FOR BEDDING ONLY

Bag No. F 1052

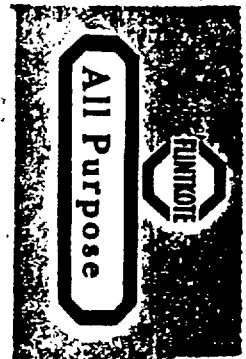
Page No. F 4

SGP 0003770

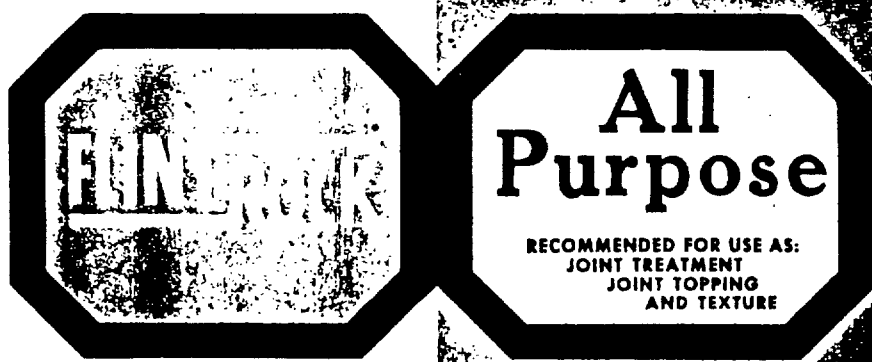
SGP 0003771



FLINTKOTE
3-240-AL
0109



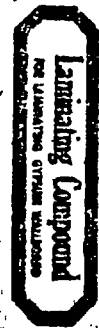
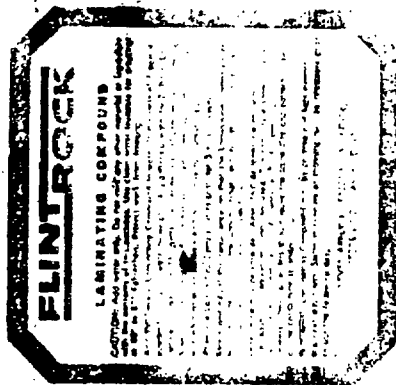
NET 25 LBS.



THE FLINTKOTE COMPANY • NEW YORK, N. Y.
*T.M. OF FLINTKOTE CO.



Bag. No. F 1054
Page No. F 6



NET 25 LBS.



THE FLINTKOTE COMPANY • NEW YORK, N. Y.



Bag. No. 1055
Page No. 7

JAN 1964

SGP 0003773

TEXTURE

[illegible]

STOCKS IN ONLY ANNUAL CROPS

APPLICABLE FEDERAL INSTRUCTIONS
 AND REGULATIONS OF
 THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

UAGG

Texture

PUNKTOTE

Texture

PLUNKOTE

FLINT ROCK

NET 25 LBS.

FLINT ROCK

Texture

THE FLINTKOTE COMPANY, NEW YORK, N.Y.
*T.M. OF FLINTKOTE CO.

*T.M. OF PLANTING CO.

FLINT ROCK

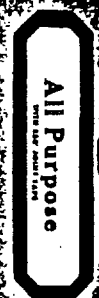
FLINTKOTE

Texture

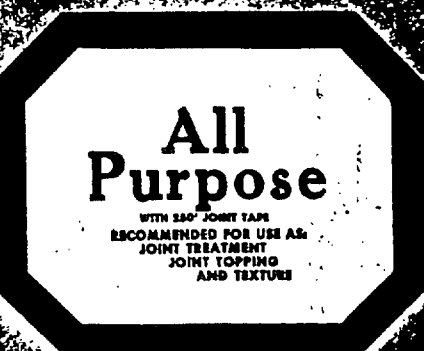
Bag. No. F 1150

Page No. **F** **8**

SGP 0003774



NET 20 LBS.



THE FLINTKOTE COMPANY NEW YORK, N.Y.
ATTN: OF FLINTKOTE CO.



TO BE SAME SIZE & CONSTRUCTION AS P-1051 OR 1051. BESTWALL PLANT WILL SPECIFY ON ORDER.

FLINT ROCK

FLINTFAST™

WALLBOARD JOINT COMPOUND

(An Adhesive)

CAUTION
DO NOT MIX FLINTFAST JOINT COMPOUND
WITH ANY OTHER MATERIAL

Add water on and use according to directions on back of bag.
 Use for bedding, tarp, and tar covering fastener head.
 Use Flintrock Tectonic Compound for finishing work.

NET WEIGHT 25 LBS.

— "Rozmowa z" Vol. 6, 1980-1981

THE FLINTKOTE COMPANY - NEW YORK, N. Y.



America's Broadest Line of Building Products

FLINT ROCK

FLINTFAST

WALLBOARD JOINT COMPOUND



FLINTFAST

GENERAL

[illegible]

SPECIAL NOTE - TEXTURE FINISHES

When the Commission was established in 1994, it was the only body of its kind in the world. It was the only body of its kind in the world.

Mixing

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840.

NOI 1729144

[illegible]

FOR BEST RESULTS

[illegible]

at 12, some endocrine metabolism - 2 hours use. If slightly of Hering them's
value in your time. If water may be added to clinic in a more moment a
concentration.

1. Moving the study to a different time or in the same place;
2. Moving the study to a different time or in the same place;
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5. Moving the study to a different time or in the same place;
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8. Moving the study to a different time or in the same place;
9. Moving the study to a different time or in the same place;
10. Moving the study to a different time or in the same place;

4. Do not use the term "the reaction of..." for the mechanism of a reaction. Use the term "the mechanism of..." for the reaction of a substance.

1. The first 30 days of the year are the most important for the business. The first 30 days of the year are the most important for the business. The first 30 days of the year are the most important for the business.

1993-1994

STORY IN DAY PLACE

Bag. No. F 1058

SGP 0003776

INDEX

BIG HORN BAGS

| <u>DESCRIPTION</u> | <u>PAGE NUMBER</u> |
|---|--------------------|
| INSTRUCTIONS | BH-1 |
| Joint System Compound Miniature | BH-2 |
| Joint System with tape Miniature | BH-3 |
| Joint System Bedding Compound Miniature | BH-4 |
| Joint System Topping Compound Miniature | BH-5 |
| Joint System All Purpose Miniature | BH-6 |

(Revised 5/17/63)

SGP 0003777

INSTRUCTIONS

Big Horn bags take the same number as Bestwall bags, except the "P" is omitted and "BH" is added to represent Big Horn.

These bags will have the same construction as that shown under the Bestwall bag number. The bag size and valve size will likewise be the same as the corresponding Bestwall bag.

Bestwall patent numbers are to be printed on these bags. They will be the same as on the corresponding Bestwall bag.

The directions for these bags are not shown separately as are the Bestwall directions. Directions and other copy must be taken from the miniatures. The direction number shown under the Bestwall bag number does not apply.

Ink colors are to be as shown on the miniature.

Color of outer kraft ply is to be the same as miniature.

JOINT SYSTEM COMPOUND

SGP 0003780

SGP 0003781

TOPPING COMPOUND

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION - READ CAREFULLY

CAUTION: This compound is not to be used on masonry or concrete surfaces. It is designed for use on wood and metal surfaces only. It is not to be used on surfaces that are exposed to weathering or moisture. It is not to be used on surfaces that are exposed to fire or heat. It is not to be used on surfaces that are exposed to chemicals or solvents. It is not to be used on surfaces that are exposed to abrasion or impact. It is not to be used on surfaces that are exposed to UV radiation. It is not to be used on surfaces that are exposed to ozone. It is not to be used on surfaces that are exposed to any other environmental factors that may cause degradation of the compound. It is not to be used on surfaces that are exposed to any other environmental factors that may cause degradation of the compound.

MIXING: Mix the compound with a hand mixer or power mixer. Mix for 2-3 minutes until the compound is smooth and free of lumps. Do not mix for more than 5 minutes. Do not mix in a metal container. Do not mix in a container that has been used for other materials. Do not mix in a container that has been exposed to moisture or chemicals. Do not mix in a container that has been exposed to UV radiation or ozone. Do not mix in a container that has been exposed to any other environmental factors that may cause degradation of the compound.

APPLICATION: Apply the compound to the surface with a brush or roller. Apply in a thin, even coat. Do not apply more than 1/8 inch of compound at one time. Do not apply to a surface that is wet or damp. Do not apply to a surface that is exposed to weathering or moisture. Do not apply to a surface that is exposed to fire or heat. Do not apply to a surface that is exposed to chemicals or solvents. Do not apply to a surface that is exposed to abrasion or impact. Do not apply to a surface that is exposed to UV radiation or ozone. Do not apply to a surface that is exposed to any other environmental factors that may cause degradation of the compound.

STORAGE: Store the compound in a dry place. Do not store in a container that has been used for other materials. Do not store in a container that has been exposed to moisture or chemicals. Do not store in a container that has been exposed to UV radiation or ozone. Do not store in a container that has been exposed to any other environmental factors that may cause degradation of the compound.

BIG HORN®
JOINT SYSTEM
TOPPING COMPOUND



TOPPING COMPOUND

THE PEAK OF QUALITY

**JOINT
SYSTEM
TOPPING COMPOUND**

PLASTISIZED FOR SMOOTH WORKING

CAUTION

DO NOT MIX THIS TOPPING COMPOUND WITH ANY OTHER MATERIAL. Add water only, and mix according to directions on back of bag. Use for finishing joints which have been tapered and for masonry and block. Applying compound to wet or dampened surfaces will cause the compound to cure too fast, resulting in cracking and other defects.

NET WEIGHT 25 LBS.
BIG HORN GYPSUM COMPANY
GENERAL OFFICES, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH



BIG HORN.
JOINT SYSTEM
TOPPING COMPOUND

SGP 0003782

Bag. No. BH 1053
R II 5

ALL PURPOSE JOINT COMPOUND



BIG HORN
ALL PURPOSE
JOINT COMPOUND

BIG HORN®
ALL PURPOSE
JOINT
COMPOUND

(An Adhesive) For use with gypsum wallboard

PLASTERED FOR SMOOTH WORKING

CAUTION

NET WEIGHT 25 LBS.

BIG HORN GYPSUM COMPANY
CHICAGO, ILL. 60606



BIG HORN

ALL PURPOSE
JOINT COMPOUND

I N D E X

JOHNS MANVILLE BAGS

| <u>DESCRIPTION</u> | <u>PAGE NUMBER</u> |
|--|--------------------|
| INSTRUCTIONS | JM-1 |
| Glass Fibered Miniature | JM-2 |
| Unfibered Miniature | JM-3 |
| Extra Fibered Miniature | JM-4 |
| Fibered for Machine App. Miniature | JM-5 |
| Unfibered for Machine App. Miniature | JM-6 |
| Light Mix Glass Fibered Miniature | JM-7 |
| Light Mix Unfibered Miniature | JM-8 |
| Light Mix Glass Fibered for Machine App. Miniature | JM-9 |
| Light Mix Masonry Miniature | JM-10 |
| Gauging Slow Set Miniature | JM-11 |
| Gauging Quick Set Miniature | JM-12 |
| Keenes Cement Regular Set Miniature | JM-13 |
| Keenes Cement Quick Set Miniature | JM-14 |
| Joint System Compound (no tape) Miniature | JM-15 |
| Joint System (with tape) Miniature | JM-16 |
| Joint System Bedding Compound Miniature | JM-17 |
| Joint System Topping Compound Miniature | JM-18 |
| Joint System Multi-Purpose Compound Miniature | JM-19 |
| Laminating Compound Miniature | JM-20 |
| Texture Miniature | JM-21 |
| Special Plaster Miniature | JM-22 |
| Hitzelberger Agricultural Gypsum Miniature | JM-23 |
| Fast Set Compound Miniature | JM-24 |

(Revised 3/15/63)

SGP 0003784

INSTRUCTIONS

Johns Manville bags take the same number as Bestwall bags, except the "P" is omitted and "JM" is added to represent Johns Manville.

These bags will have the same construction as that shown under the Bestwall bag number. The bag size and valve size will likewise be the same as the corresponding Bestwall bag. These instructions apply to all Johns Manville bags except the "Special Bag." This item will be used for several different types of products and our plant will specify construction, size, and all pertinent information on the order specification sheet.

Bestwall patent numbers are to be printed on these bags. They will be the same as on the corresponding Bestwall bag.

The directions for these bags are not shown separately as are the Bestwall directions. Directions and other copy must be taken from the miniatures. The direction number shown under the Bestwall bag number does not apply.

Ink colors are to be as shown on the miniature.

Color of outer kraft ply to be the same as miniature.

NEAT
BASECOAT



JOHNS MANVILLE
FIBERGLASS

NEAT
BASECOAT

JOHNS MANVILLE
FIBERGLASS
PLASTER
BASE COAT
GLASS FIBERED

**NEAT
BASECOAT**

**DIRECTIONS FOR
JOHN-MANVILLE PLASTER**

JOHNSMANVILLE PRESSUMBLASTER

**NEAT
BASECOAT**

五

Johns-Manville Gypsum

PLASTER NEAT BASECOAT

UNFIBERED

05/11/2010 10:01

[illegible]

BEING

NEAT
BASECOAT

JOHNS-MANVILLE

NEAT THE 15 MINUTE, NON-FLAMMABLE FIBERED
GYP-SUM BASE COAT

DIRECTIONS FOR
JOHNS-MANVILLE PLASTER

JOHNS-MANVILLE
GYPSUM PLASTER



NEAT
BASECOAT

EXTRA FIBERED



Johns-Manville

Gypsum

PLASTER
NEAT BASECOAT

EXTRA FIBERED

JOHNS-MANVILLE
GYPSUM PLASTER

EXTRA FIBERED



JOHNS-MANVILLE
GYPSUM PLASTER

NEAT
/SECO

CELEBRATE

2000

LIBRARY

**DIRECTIONS FOR
JOHNS-MANVILLE PLASTER**

JOHNS-MANVILLE GYPSUM PLASTER



Johns-Manville Gypsum

PLASTER NEAT BASECOAT

GLASS FIBERED

FOR MACHINE APPLICATION

TO HAVE OR NOT TO HAVE

THE
WILLIAMS
BOOK

JM JOHN'S MANN GYPSUM PLASTER

YES NO

PAGE NO

NEAT
BASECOAT

UNFIBERED
FOR MACHINE APPLICATION

JOHNS-MANVILLE
GYPSUM PLASTER



Johns-Manville
Gypsum

PLASTER
NEAT BASECOAT

UNFIBERED
FOR MACHINE APPLICATION

JOHNS-MANVILLE
GYPSUM PLASTER

UNFIBERED
FOR MACHINE APPLICATION

DIRECTIONS FOR

JOHNS-MANVILLE PLASTER

JOHNS-MANVILLE PLASTER is a high quality, non-shrink, non-cracking, and non-sagging plaster. It is suitable for use in all types of construction, including interior and exterior walls, ceilings, and floors. It is also suitable for use in areas of high humidity and moisture.

MIXING

APPLICATION

FINISHING

JOHNS-MANVILLE SALES CORPORATION

STORE IN DRY PLACE
PROTECT FROM MOISTURE AND ALL OTHERS



NEAT
BASECOAT

UNFIBERED
FOR MACHINE APPLICATION

LIGHT MIX
REGULAR
FIBERED

JOHNS-MANVILLE
LIGHT MIX PLASTER

JOHNS-MANVILLE
Gypsum
LIGHT MIX
PLASTER
REGULAR
GLASS FIBERED

JOHNS-MANVILLE
LIGHT MIX PLASTER

JOHNS-MANVILLE
LIGHT MIX PLASTER
REGULAR
GLASS FIBERED
JOHNS-MANVILLE SALES CORPORATION
STORE IN DRY PLACE
PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

LIGHT MIX
REGULAR
FIBERED

REGULAR UNFIBERED
LIGHT MIX

JOHNS-MANVILLE
LIGHT MIX PLASTER

JOHNS-MANVILLE
Gypsum
LIGHT MIX
PLASTER
REGULAR
UNFIBERED
JOHNS-MANVILLE
PLASTER

JOHNS-MANVILLE
LIGHT MIX PLASTER
JOHNS-MANVILLE SALES CORPORATION
STORE IN DRY PLACE
PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

REGULAR UNFIBERED
LIGHT MIX

LIGHT MIX

REGULAR
GLASS FIBERED

JOHNS-MANVILLE
LIGHT MIX PLASTER

JOHNS-MANVILLE
Gypsum

LIGHT MIX
PLASTER

REGULAR
GLASS FIBERED
FOR MACHINE APPLICATION

JOHNS-MANVILLE
Gypsum

JOHNS-MANVILLE
LIGHT MIX PLASTER

JOHNS-MANVILLE
Gypsum

JOHNS-MANVILLE GYPSUM CORPORATION
STORE IN DRY PLACE
PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES



LIGHT MIX

JOHNS-MANVILLE
Gypsum

LIGHT MIX

MASONRY



Johns-Manville

Gypsum

LIGHT MIX

PLASTER

MASONRY

JOHNS-MANVILLE



JOHNS-MANVILLE
LIGHT MIX PLASTER

JOHNS-MANVILLE
LIGHT MIX PLASTER



DIRECTIONS FOR JOHNS-MANVILLE

LIGHT-MIX MASONRY PLASTER

1. MIX PLASTER WITH WATER TO A PASTE

2. APPLY PLASTER TO SURFACE

3. FINISH PLASTER WITH TROWEL

4. ALLOW PLASTER TO DRY

5. PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE

6. REPAIR PLASTER WITH PLASTER

7. CLEAN UP PLASTER

8. STORE PLASTER IN DRY PLACE

9. PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

JOHNS-MANVILLE SALES CORPORATION

100 EAST 42ND STREET - NEW YORK 17, N.Y.

PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES



LIGHT MIX

MASONRY

BR. NO. JM 252

Page No. JM 1001

**GAUGING
PLASTER**

SLOW SET



**JOHNS-MANVILLE
GAUGING PLASTER**



**GAUGING
PLASTER**

SLOW SET



**Johns-Manville
Gypsum**

**GAUGING
PLASTER**

SLOW SET

**JOHNS-MANVILLE
SALES CORPORATION**
11100 N. 15th Ave., Minneapolis, Minn. 55412
Phone: 821-1111



**JOHNS-MANVILLE
GAUGING PLASTER**

Bag No. **JM 300**

Page No. **1001-11**

**GAUGING
PLASTER
QUICKSET**



**JOHNS-MANVILLE
GAUGING PLASTER**

**GAUGING
PLASTER
QUICKSET**

**JOHNS-MANVILLE
Gypsum
GAUGING
PLASTER
QUICK SET**

**JOHNS-MANVILLE
SALES CORPORATION
125 WEST 41ST STREET, NEW YORK 18, N.Y.
OFFICE IN ALL PRINCIPAL CITIES**

**JOHNS-MANVILLE
GAUGING PLASTER**

Buy No. **JM 544**
Page No. **12**

KEENES
CEMENT
REGULAR SET

JOHNS-MANVILLE
CEMENT

KEENES
CEMENT
REGULAR SET



Johns-Manville
Gypsum

KEENES
CEMENT

REGULAR SET

JOHNS-MANVILLE
CEMENT

JOHNS-MANVILLE
CEMENT

KEENES QUICK SET
CEMENT

JOHNS-MANVILLE
CEMENT

KEENES
CEMENT QUICK SET



Johns-Manville
Gypsum

KEENES
CEMENT

QUICK SET

JOHNS-MANVILLE
CEMENT

QUICK SET



JOHNS-MANVILLE
CEMENT

015 6 016-017

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

IMPORTANT: READ CAREFULLY

CAUTION: Add water only. Do not mix any other material or ingredients with the dry powder (sorbent) in this package. Use clean water (not water for drinking) at 60° to 80° Fahrenheit. Do not heat or mix the sorbent with steam. Sorbent

Table 10.8. of Admix System Composites (as collocated with 10% plots of water, dry powder or water or both are used, more water will be required in such a case to achieve consistency. Mix of about the consistency he required will be used. The wet mixers will often during the first 10 to 15 minutes, then, after 20 to 30 minutes working, all has its stiffness. Cold water or cold powder or both may sometimes be required to keep the mix. After the mixing period has elapsed, the material should be removed until it becomes plastic and creamy. Add more water to obtain a better consistency if desired.

Apply Adhes System Components to all the plates and shape all surfaces, leaving no corners on the high edges. Allow to dry for about 2 to 12 hours (depending on drying conditions) before taping. This operation will leave a uniform depth of tape at least for all other advantages of subsequent applications under and over the fabric.

Only Joint System Component is tested and sealed in place, leaving a uniform thickness of material under the tapes. At the same time, many of our products, Joint System Component, require the latter operation with each before every installation of material in its entire length or width.

When the Anti System Campaign has influenced America she will have lost her soul.

Cover the joints a second time with Joint System Compound and place of the caulk. Let the compound cure for 24 hours. After the joints are dry the caulk, leaving a smooth, well finished joint. After the joints are dry the caulk, leaving a smooth, well finished joint. After the joints are dry the caulk, leaving a smooth, well finished joint.

For best results, cover the joints a third time with Joint System Compound. In an alternate to this step, apply Joint System Compound to the entire area of board and joints and clean off light. This operation, called a skin coat, produces the uniform, soft, matte surface shown below and opposite.

[illegible]

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN LIBRARY

JOHNS-MANVILLE SALES CORP.

**222 E. 40TH ST.
NEW YORK 18, N.Y.**

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT AGAINST MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

JOINT SYSTEM TAPE AND COMPOUND

**JOHNS-MANVILLE GYPSUM
JOINT SYSTEM TAPE AND COMPOUND**



JOINT SYSTEM TAPE AND COMPOUND



Johns-Manville Gypsum

JOINT SYSTEM

(an adhesive)

FOR USE WITH
GYPSUM WALLBOARD

PLASTICIZED FOR SMOOTH WORKING

CAUTION

**DO NOT MIX THIS COMPOUND
WITH ANY OTHER MATERIAL**

add water only and mix and use according to directions on
 each of bag. Addendum 1.00 Joint System Compound without
 water is suitable for use with water.

THIS PACKAGE CONTAINS 100

I ROLL FIRST RESPONSE TYPE - 250 FT. LONG
IS LINE LAM JOINT SYSTEM COMPOUND IN POWDER

APPROX WEIGHT 20 LBS.

**JOHNS-MANVILLE
SALES CORPORATION**

JM
22 E. 40th ST.
N.Y.C. 19 N.Y.



100



JOHNS-MANVILLE GYPSUM JOINT SYSTEM TAPE AND COMPOUND

Bag. No. JM 1051

Page No. J M 16.

SGP 0003800

212

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

IMPORTANT: READ CAREFULLY

CAUTION: Add water only. Do not mix any other material or ingredients with the dry powder contained in this package. Use clean water suitable for drinking at 60 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit. Do not hold or use this mix. Protect from frost.

It is not the case, however, that the "new" and "old" groups are mutually exclusive. The "new" group includes some individuals who were also in the "old" group, and vice versa. The "new" group is defined by the date of the first publication of the individual's work, while the "old" group is defined by the date of the first publication of the individual's work.

[illegible][illegible]

1. The first of these is the *Journal of the American Medical Association*, which is published weekly, except on Sundays and public holidays, and is the largest and most influential of the medical journals in the United States. It is published by the American Medical Association, which is a non-profit organization.

JOHNS-MANVILLE SALES CORP.
222 E. 40th St.
NEW YORK 16, N. Y.

STORE IN DRY PLACE
PROTECT COMPOUND FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

JOHNS-MANVILLE GYPSUM
BEDDING COMPOUND



BEDDING COMPOUND



Johns-Manville Gypsum

BEDDING COMPOUND

(an adhesive)

**FOR USE WITH
GYPSUM WALLBOARD**

PLASTICIZED FOR SMOOTH WORKING

CAUTION

DO NOT MIX THIS BEDDING COMPOUND WITH ANY OTHER MATERIAL.

old water city and are according to directions on back of bag, then by backing hips and by covering and heads.

NET WEIGHT 28 LBS.

JOHNS-MANVILLE
SALES CORPORATION
 OFFICES IN ALL
222 E. 40TH ST. PRINCIPAL CITIES
N. Y. C. 16, N. Y.



JOHNS-MANVILLE GYPSUM BEDDING COMPOUND

Bag. No. JM 1052

Page No. J M 17

JUL 20 1962

SGP 0003801

BEDDING COMPOUND

020 3-210-AL

IMPORTANT: READ CAREFULLY

JM
JOHNS-MANVILLE SALES CORP.
222 E. 40TH ST.
NEW YORK 18, N.Y.

STORE IN DRY PLACE

PROTECT YOURSELF FROM MOLD AT ALL TIMES

TOPPING COMPOUND

JOHNS-MANVILLE GYPSUM
TORSION COMPOUND



TOPPING COMPOUND



Johns-Manville Gypsum

TOPPING COMPOUND

FOR USE WITH
GYPSUM WALL BOARD

JOINT SYSTEM

PLASTICIZED FOR SMOOTH WORKING

100-443887-100

SECRET

**JOHNS-MANVILLE
SALES CORPORATION**

JM OFFICERS IN ALL
PRINCIPAL CITIES

U

SGP 0003802

3-240-AL 017

IMPORTANT: READ CAREFULLY

CAUTION: All
information
contained
herein is
unclassified
DATE 10-1-80
BY 6032

JOHN MANVILLE SALES CORP.
OFFICES IN ALL
PRINCIPAL CITIES
NEW YORK 10, N.Y.

STORE IN DRY PLACE
PRODUCT COMPOSED OF 100% MANUFACTURED AT ALL TIMES

**MULTI-PURPOSE
COMPOUND**

JOHNS-MANVILLE GYPSUM
JOINT SYSTEM MULTI-PURPOSE COMPOUND



LTC



Johns-Manville (Gypsum)

**JOINT SYSTEM
MULTI-PURPOSE
COMPOUND**
(an adhesive)
FOR USE WITH
GYPSUM WALLBOARD

PLASTICIZED FOR SMOOTH WORKING

STATION

STRENGTH

**JOHNS-MANVILLE
SALES CORPORATION**
OFFICES IN ALL
PRINCIPAL CITIES



JOHNS-MANVILLE JOY-SEIN JOINT SYSTEM MULTIPURPOSE COMPOUND

SGP 0003803

Page No. 31

JOHNS-MANVILLE GYPSUM LAMINATING COMPOUND



LAMINATING COMPOUND

Johns-Manville Gypsum

LAMINATING COMPOUND

CAUTION
DO NOT MIX THIS LAMINATING COMPOUND WITH ANY OTHER MATERIAL.
Add water only, mix and use according to directions on back of bag.
For use in laminating gypsum, sandstone or stone tiles.
Do not use for backing or topping base or wall boards.

NET WEIGHT 25 LBS.
JOHNS-MANVILLE SALES CORPORATION
1115 40th St. J.M. OFFICES IN ALL
MAJOR U.S. PRINCIPAL CITIES

LAMINATING COMPOUND



JOHNS-MANVILLE GYPSUM LAMINATING COMPOUND

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

IMPORTANT: READ CAREFULLY

CAUTION: Add water only. Do not mix any other material or ingredients with the contents of this product. Use clean water suitable for drinking or for in 100°F. water. Do not use for drinking.

Preparation: Compared to water in the ratio of 1 part dry Laminating Compound to 1 1/2 parts water. Mix thoroughly in a clean container. The mixture should be used immediately. Do not allow the mixture to set in the container. The mixture should be used immediately. Do not allow the mixture to set in the container.

Application: Apply the Laminating Compound to the surface of the material to be laminated. Spread the mixture evenly over the surface. Press the material into the mixture. Allow the mixture to set. Do not touch the material until the mixture has set.

JOHNS-MANVILLE SALES CORP.
1115 40th St. J.M. OFFICES IN ALL
MAJOR U.S. PRINCIPAL CITIES

STORE IN DRY PLACE
PROTECT COMPOUND FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

0 M 7 0 5 0

Bag No. _____

Page No. _____

JOHNS-MANVILLE GYPSUM
J-M TEXTURE



J-M TEXTURE



Johns-Manville
Gypsum

J-M
TEXTURE

DIRECTIONS ON BAG

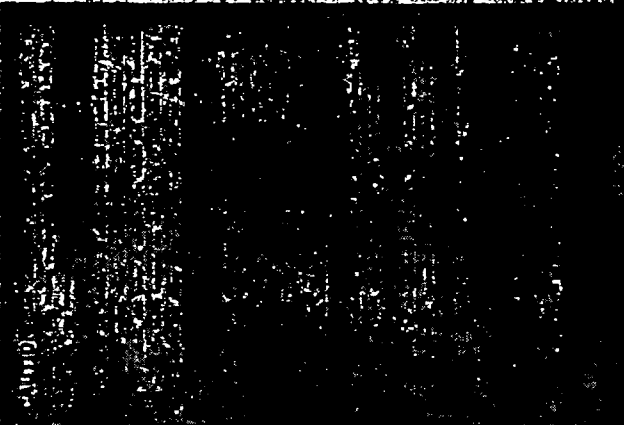
NET WEIGHT 25 LBS.
JOHNS-MANVILLE
SALES CORPORATION
 24 E. 40th ST. OFFICES IN ALL
 N.Y.C. 16, N.Y. **J-M** PRINCIPAL CITIES

JOHNS-MANVILLE GYPSUM
J-M TEXTURE



**DIRECTIONS TO
 PREPARE AND APPLICATION
 OF J-M TEXTURE**

IMPORTANT: READ CAREFULLY



JOHNS-MANVILLE GYPSUM CORP.
 24 E. 40th ST. OFFICES IN ALL
 N.Y.C. 16, N.Y. **J-M** PRINCIPAL CITIES

STORE IN DRY PLACE
 PROTECT TEXTURE FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

JAN 1964

Bag No. **JM 1**
 e No. **JM 20**

JOHNS-MANVILLE
SPECIAL PLASTER



MADE IN U.S.A.

JOHNS-MANVILLE
SPECIAL PLASTER



JOHNS-MANVILLE
SPECIAL PLASTER



Johns-Manville
Gypsum



SPECIAL
PLASTER

JOHNS-MANVILLE
SALES CORPORATION

100 LBS. GROSS W. \$9.25 LBS. NET



JOHNS-MANVILLE
SPECIAL PLASTER

Bag No. 22
Page No. JAM 22



AGRICULTURAL GYPSUM

**** best for your lawn ****

1. PRODUCT IMPROVED and
 having no restrictions of
 APPLICABLE RESIDENT CLASSIFICATION
 Pennsylvania, CT, SD, and CO.

024 3-130

Directions for Applying

For Lawns: 15-20 lbs. per 100 sq. ft.
 Old Lawns: 15-20 lbs. per 100 sq. ft.
 After Application
 Water thoroughly.

A John-Manville Product

50 LBS. GROSS

SGP 0003807

Bag No. 57115
 Page No. J M 215



Johns-Manville Gypsum

FAST-SET COMPOUND

CAUTION

DO NOT MIX FAST-SET COMPOUND WITH ANY OTHER MATERIAL.

Add water only and use according to directions on back of bag.
Use for bedding tape and for covering nail heads.
Use J-M Topping Compound for finishing work.

NET WEIGHT 25 LBS.

JOHNS-MANVILLE
SALES CORPORATION

 OFFICES IN ALL
PRINCIPAL CITIES
N. Y. C. 16, N. Y.

22 E. 40TH ST.



JOHNS-MANVILLE GYPSUM FAST-SET COMPOUND

FAST-SET COMPOUND

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MIXING AND APPLICATION

IMPORTANT: READ CAREFULLY

GENERAL

- 3) J.M First-Stage Wetland Joint Commission It is to stand for testing and off costs are covered by the local cost in the building of plants, connecting of roadways and covering in dryum wetland construction.
- 4) J.M First-Stage Wetland Joint Commission It is formulated to Jordan Is 5% to 3 hours. The working time is approximately 2 years.
- 5) When handling J.M First-Stage Wetland Joint Commission will be deleted.
- 6) Material from a previously mixed batch added to a freshly mixed batch will generate the wetland life.

OPTION

- 3) Mix 25 lbs. of J.H. Fast Set Wallboard Joint Compound with 15 pints of water.
- 2) Allow ribs to soak 5 minutes.
- 3) Remove, adding additional water if necessary to obtain the desired working consistency.

APPLICATION

- 3) Apply J.M. First-Set Wallboard Joint Compound to joints and nailed lap, taping with uniform thickness of material under the tapers.
- 2) Apply First coat over laps at joints as compound under laps has hardened to a point where movement of the lapped end will occur while performing the applications. At this time, if corner bead, no-edges may be applied at convenient intervals as long as the previous laps are partially or completely hardened.
- 3) Apply first light coat over openings. J.M. First-Set Wallboard Joint Compound coats with J.M. Taping Compound at other J.M. latching connections as seen in the J.M. First-Set Wallboard Joint Compound applications for corner bead.

FOR BEST RESULTS

- 3 Add only three (3) points) water to the contents of this bag. Total temperature should be 102-104°.
- 4 Do not mix any other material with the dry powder in this package.
- 5 Do not use any other material for 2 hours or, if slight swelling should occur, a small amount of water may be added to the contents to make them more creamy.
- 6 Stir gently and slowly, and do not thoroughly clean.
- 7 After the material has been used, thoroughly wash the container with water.
- 8 Mixing bowl should be cleaned after each use, otherwise hardened material will be difficult to remove.
- 9 Freshly mixed batches must be kept for a period of 15 minutes and working time may be increased accordingly.
- 10 Do not use material after 15 minutes.
- 11 Compared to other JAL Banding products in this package.
- 12 Where JAL's product features can be used to decoration on the denture.
- 13 Accidents or injury to man, animal or equipment may be applied to entire parts to be decorated.
- 14 Do not use material as equipment may be applied to entire parts to be decorated.
- 15 Protect parts from freezing.

JOHNS-MANVILLE SALES CORP.
222 E. 40TH ST.
NEW YORK 18, N.Y.

**OFFICES IN ALL
 PRINCIPAL CITIES**

STORE IN DRY PLACE
PROTECT COMPOUND FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

Bag. No. J M 1058

Page No. J M 24

SGP 0003808

I N D E X

BARRETT BAGS

| <u>DESCRIPTION</u> | <u>PAGE NUMBER</u> |
|---|--------------------|
| INSTRUCTIONS | BA -1 |
| Fibered Plaster Miniature | BA -2 |
| Unfibered Plaster Miniature | BA -3 |
| Fibered Lite Mix Miniature | BA -4 |
| Unfibered Lite Mix Miniature | BA -5 |
| Gauging Plaster Slow Set Miniature | BA -6 |
| Gauging Plaster Quick Set Miniature | BA -7 |
| Extra Fibered Miniature | BA -8 |
| Machine Application Unfibered Miniature | BA -9 |
| Machine Application Fibered Miniature | BA -10 |
| Special Plaster Miniature | BA -11 |

(Revised 12/12/62)

SGP 0003809

I N D E X

BARRETT BAGS

| <u>DESCRIPTION</u> | <u>PAGE NUMBER</u> |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| INSTRUCTIONS | BA-1 |
| Fibered Plaster | BA-2 |
| Unfibered Plaster | BA-3 |
| Fibered Lite Mix | BA-4 |
| Unfibered Lite Mix | BA-5 |
| Gauging Plaster Slow Set | BA-6 |
| Gauging Plaster Quick Set | BA-7 |

INSTRUCTIONS

Barrett bags take the same number as Bestwall bags, except the "P" is omitted and "BA" is added to represent Barrett.

These bags will have the same construction as that shown under the Bestwall bag number. The bag size and valve size will likewise be the same as the corresponding Bestwall bag.

Bestwall patent numbers are to be printed on these bags. They will be the same as on the corresponding Bestwall bag.

The directions for these bags are not shown separately as are the Bestwall directions. Directions and other copy must be obtained from the miniatures. The direction number shown under the Bestwall bag number does not apply.

Ink colors are to be as shown on the miniature.

Color of outer kraft ply to be same as miniature.



**FIBERED
GYPSUM
CEMENT
PLASTER**



PREPARED



**DIRECTIONS FOR BARRETT
GYPSUM CEMENT
FIBERED PLASTER**

Barrett's Fibered Gypsum Cement Plaster is a high quality, fast setting, and durable plaster. It is used for interior and exterior wall and ceiling finishes. The plaster is applied in three coats: a scratch coat, a brown coat, and a finish coat. The scratch coat is applied first, followed by the brown coat, and finally the finish coat. The plaster is mixed with water and applied with a trowel. The finished surface is smooth and durable. Barrett's Fibered Gypsum Cement Plaster is available in bags of 50 and 100 pounds. The 50 pound bags are used for small areas, and the 100 pound bags are used for larger areas. The plaster is easy to mix and apply, and it sets quickly. The finished surface is smooth and durable. Barrett's Fibered Gypsum Cement Plaster is a high quality, fast setting, and durable plaster. It is used for interior and exterior wall and ceiling finishes. The plaster is applied in three coats: a scratch coat, a brown coat, and a finish coat. The scratch coat is applied first, followed by the brown coat, and finally the finish coat. The plaster is mixed with water and applied with a trowel. The finished surface is smooth and durable. Barrett's Fibered Gypsum Cement Plaster is available in bags of 50 and 100 pounds. The 50 pound bags are used for small areas, and the 100 pound bags are used for larger areas. The plaster is easy to mix and apply, and it sets quickly. The finished surface is smooth and durable.

BARRETT DIVISION
40 REXFORD ST. N.Y.C. 17
NEW YORK 17, N.Y.
NEW YORK 17, N.Y.
NEW YORK 17, N.Y.



**GYPSUM
PLASTER** **FIBERED**



FIBERED



**PRE-MIXED PERLITED
GYPSUM
PLASTER**



BARRETT DIVISION

40 HECTOR ST., N.Y.C.N.Y.

50 LBS. BAG

75 TO 100 LBS. BAG



**GYPSUM
PLASTER**

FIBERED

**DIRECTIONS FOR BARRETT' BAR-O-LINE
FIBERED PLASTER**

BARRETT' Fibered Plaster is a pre-mixed plaster with perlite aggregate for superior insulating properties. It is a lightweight, fire-resistant, and sound-absorbing material. It is used for interior and exterior wall and ceiling finishes. It is available in 50 lb. and 75 lb. bags.

MIXING:

FOR HAND MIXING: Place one bag of Barre't Fibered Plaster in one bucket of water. Mix with a shovel or hoe until the plaster is thoroughly wet. Then add more water until the mixture is of a creamy consistency. It should be applied within 30 minutes of mixing.

APPLICATION:

FOR TWO COAT WORK ON GYPSUM LATH: First coat is applied with a trowel. Second coat is applied with a float. The plaster is finished with a smooth trowel. It is applied in a thickness of 1/2 inch.

FOR THREE COAT WORK ON GYPSUM LATH: First coat is applied with a trowel. Second coat is applied with a float. Third coat is applied with a smooth trowel. It is applied in a thickness of 3/4 inch.

PRECAUTIONS:

Barre't Fibered Plaster should be stored in a dry place. It should be kept in its original bags until used. It should be mixed and applied within 30 minutes of mixing.

Barre't Fibered Plaster is a registered trademark of Barrett Division, Inc.

Bag No. BA 15-0

Page No. BA 4

UNFIBERED

GYPSUM
PLASTER



UNFIBERED



PRE-MIXED PERLITE
GYPSUM
PLASTER



BARRETT DIVISION
40 REGENT ST. N.Y.C. 17

10-15-50



GYPSUM
PLASTER

UNFIBERED

DIRECTIONS FOR BARRETT BAR-O-LITE

UNFIBERED PLASTER

Barrett Unfibred Plaster is a pre-mixed plaster with perlite aggregate for bonding to masonry and concrete. It is used for interior and exterior wall and ceiling finishes. It is applied in three coats: a scratch coat, a brown coat, and a finish coat.

MIXING

FOR HAND MIXING: Place 100 lbs. of Barrett Unfibred Plaster in a clean, dry container. Add 4 1/2 gallons of clean water. Mix thoroughly with a shovel or hoe until a uniform consistency is reached. The mixture should be applied within 30 minutes of mixing.

APPLICATION

FOR TWO COAT WORK OR OUTSIDE LATH: Apply a scratch coat of 1/2 inch thickness. Allow to dry for 24 hours. Then apply a brown coat of 1/2 inch thickness. Allow to dry for 24 hours before applying the finish coat.

FOR THREE COAT WORK ON PREPARED LATH: Apply a scratch coat of 1/2 inch thickness. Allow to dry for 24 hours. Then apply a brown coat of 1/2 inch thickness. Allow to dry for 24 hours before applying the finish coat.

FOR ONE COAT WORK ON PREPARED LATH: Apply a finish coat of 1/2 inch thickness. Allow to dry for 24 hours before applying the next coat.

FOR FINISH COAT: Apply a finish coat of 1/2 inch thickness. Allow to dry for 24 hours before applying the next coat.

FOR FINISH COAT: Apply a finish coat of 1/2 inch thickness. Allow to dry for 24 hours before applying the next coat.

SLOW
SET



GAUGING PLASTER

SLOW SET

DIRECTIONS:

Barrett Gauging Plaster meets A.S.T.M. Specification C-268 and Federal Specification SP-42 Type G. It is a non-shrink, non-cracking, and non-sagging plaster. It is recommended for use in all types of masonry work. The plaster should be applied in a thin layer, about 1/4 inch thick, and should be finished with a smooth trowel. The plaster should be allowed to set for 24 hours before being subjected to any load. The plaster should be stored in a dry place, and should be protected from moisture.

STORE IN DRY PLACE. PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES.

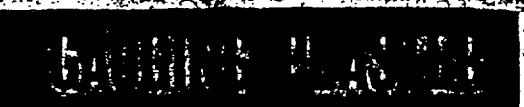


BARRETT DIVISION

40 RECTOR ST., N.Y. C. N.Y.

100 LB. GROSS WEIGHT

MADE IN U.S.A.



SLOW
SET

Bag No. BA 300
Page No. BA 6

QUICK
SET

GAUGING PLASTER



GAUGING PLASTER QUICK SET

DIRECTIONS

Barrett Gauging Plaster meets A.S.T.M. Specification C-26.53 and Federal Specification 55-A-12 Type G. Directions for use of this plaster are as follows: Apply first coat thin and smooth, pressing it into the surface. Then apply second coat, working it into the first coat and smoothing the surface. The plaster will set in 15 to 20 minutes. It is suitable for use on all surfaces and is especially recommended for use on concrete, brick, and other masonry surfaces. It is also suitable for use on wood, metal, and other non-masonry surfaces. It is a quick setting plaster and is especially recommended for use on all surfaces.

STORE IN DRY PLACE. PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES.

40 RECTOR ST., N.Y.C. 17

100 LB. NET



BARRETT DIVISION

100 LB. GROSS



GAUGING PLASTER

QUICK
SET

Bag No. B A 3-0-1

DIRECTIONS FOR BARRETT

GYPSUM CEMENT

EXTRA FIBERED PLASTER

Barrett's Extra Fibered Plaster is a high strength, fast setting, and easy to apply plaster. It is made from pure gypsum and contains no harmful chemicals. It is suitable for use in all types of construction work, including interior and exterior walls, ceilings, and floors.

THE FOLLOWING DIRECTIONS ARE FOR THE PLASTER ONLY. SEE OTHER DIRECTIONS FOR THE PUTTY.

| THICKNESS OF PLASTER | WATER TO PLASTER | TIME TO SET | TIME TO FINISH |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| 1/2" to 3/4" | 1 part water to 4 parts plaster | 15 to 20 minutes | 1 to 2 hours |
| 3/4" to 1" | 1 part water to 3 parts plaster | 20 to 30 minutes | 2 to 3 hours |
| 1" to 1 1/2" | 1 part water to 2 parts plaster | 30 to 45 minutes | 3 to 4 hours |
| 1 1/2" to 2" | 1 part water to 1 part plaster | 45 to 60 minutes | 4 to 5 hours |

MIXING

For best results, mix the plaster with clean water in a clean container. Use a trowel or plastering tool to mix the plaster thoroughly. Do not mix the plaster with any other materials, including sand or cement.

APPLICATION

Apply the plaster to the wall or ceiling in a thin, even coat. Use a trowel or plastering tool to smooth the plaster. Do not apply the plaster to a surface that is wet or oily.

Do not mix the plaster with any other materials, including sand or cement.

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Do not mix the plaster with any other materials, including sand or cement.



EXTRA FIBERED GYPSUM CEMENT PLASTER



BARRETT DIVISION
40 HECTOR ST., N.Y.C. N.Y.
10014 N.Y.C.

100 LBS. BAG

100 LBS. BAG

BA 100 Bag No.

BA 8 Page No.

DIRECTIONS FOR BARRETT

GYP SUM CEMENT

UNFIBERED PLASTER FOR MACHINE APPLICATION

Barrett's Unfibered Plaster is a high quality, fast setting, and strong material for machine application. It is made from pure gypsum and cement, and is free from any harmful impurities. It is suitable for use in all types of construction work, and is particularly well adapted for use in the manufacture of wall and ceiling plaster.

The plaster should be applied in a uniform layer, and should be finished with a smooth, even surface. It should be allowed to set for a period of 24 hours before being subjected to any strain or stress. It is important to note that the plaster should not be exposed to any moisture or dampness during the setting period.

The plaster should be stored in a dry, well-ventilated place, and should be kept in its original container until it is required for use. It should be handled with care, and should not be allowed to come into contact with any other materials.

The plaster should be applied in a uniform layer, and should be finished with a smooth, even surface. It should be allowed to set for a period of 24 hours before being subjected to any strain or stress. It is important to note that the plaster should not be exposed to any moisture or dampness during the setting period.

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The plaster should be stored in a dry, well-ventilated place, and should be kept in its original container until it is required for use. It should be handled with care, and should not be allowed to come into contact with any other materials.

Barrett's Unfibered Plaster is a high quality, fast setting, and strong material for machine application. It is made from pure gypsum and cement, and is free from any harmful impurities. It is suitable for use in all types of construction work, and is particularly well adapted for use in the manufacture of wall and ceiling plaster.



UNFIBERED
FOR MACHINE APPLICATION
GYP SUM
CEMENT
PLASTER

Barrett's Unfibered Plaster is a high quality, fast setting, and strong material for machine application. It is made from pure gypsum and cement, and is free from any harmful impurities. It is suitable for use in all types of construction work, and is particularly well adapted for use in the manufacture of wall and ceiling plaster.

B A 05 Bag No.
B A q Page No.

**DIRECTIONS FOR BARRETT
GYPSUM CEMENT
FIBERED PLASTER**

FOR MACHINE APPLICATION

Barrett Fibered Plaster is a high strength, lightweight, and fire resistant material. It is recommended for use in the construction of walls, ceilings, and partitions. The plaster is applied in three coats, each about 1/2 inch thick. The first coat is applied to a prepared surface, the second coat is applied over the first, and the third coat is applied over the second. The plaster is finished with a smooth surface.

| Coat | Thickness (inches) | Weight (lb./sq. yd.) |
|--------|--------------------|----------------------|
| First | 1/2 | 12.5 |
| Second | 1/2 | 12.5 |
| Third | 1/2 | 12.5 |
| Total | 1 1/2 | 37.5 |

MIXING

The plaster is mixed with water in a mechanical mixer. The water is added to the plaster in a ratio of 1 part water to 4 parts plaster. The mixture is mixed for about 5 minutes until it is smooth and uniform. The plaster is then applied to the surface with a machine.

APPLICATION

The plaster is applied in three coats, each about 1/2 inch thick. The first coat is applied to a prepared surface, the second coat is applied over the first, and the third coat is applied over the second. The plaster is finished with a smooth surface.

PRECAUTIONS

The plaster should be stored in a dry place. It should be protected from moisture at all times. The plaster should be used within 6 months of the date of manufacture.



**FIBERED
FOR MACHINE APPLICATION
GYPSUM
CEMENT
PLASTER**

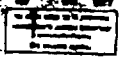


Barrett Division
The Barrett Company
Chicago, Illinois

Bag No. **BA-006**
Pare No. **BA-100**

**SPECIAL
PLASTER**

Trade Name of All and Chemical Corporation



**BARRETT
CEMENT
PLASTER**

**BARRETT
SPECIAL PLASTER**

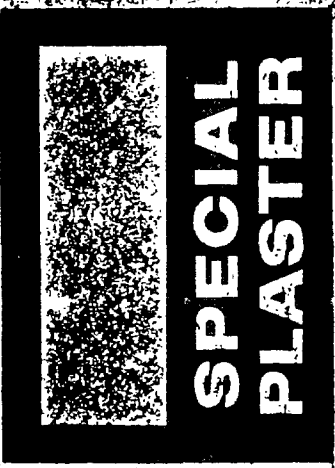


**SPECIAL
PLASTER**

Trade Name of All and Chemical Corporation



BARRETT GYPSUM



Trade Name of All and Chemical Corporation



**BARRETT
SPECIAL PLASTER**

Page No. 21-21

INDEX

WAGNER WAGO BAGS

INSTRUCTIONS
Laboratory Plaster Miniature

Page No.
W-1
W-2

(Added 7/24/63)

SGP 0003822

INSTRUCTIONS

Wagner Wago bags take the same number as Bestwall bags, except the "P" has been omitted and "W" has been added to represent Wagner Wago.

These bags will have the same construction as that shown under the Bestwall bag number. The bag size and valve size will be the same as the corresponding Bestwall bag.

Bestwall patent numbers are to be printed on these bags. They will be the same as on the corresponding Bestwall bags.

The directions for these bags are not shown separately as are the Bestwall directions. Directions and other copy must be taken from the miniatures. The direction number shown under the Bestwall bag number does not apply.

Ink colors are to be as shown on the miniature.

Color of outer kraft ply to be the same as the miniature.

WAGO
LABORATORY PLASTER

WAGO
LABORATORY PLASTER

WAGO LABORATORY PLASTER M-21-NL



MOISTURE PROOF BAG

MOISTURE PROOF BAG

WAGO
LABORATORY PLASTER

WAGO
LABORATORY PLASTER

WAGO LABORATORY PLASTER M-21-NL

Bag No. 12

Page No. 2

BESTWALL *Gypsum Company*

120 EAST LANCASTER AVENUE • ARDMORE, PENNSYLVANIA

July 20, 1962

SUBJECT: PLASTER BAG MANUAL

Gentlemen:

We are enclosing several new miniatures and several revised pages for your Bestwall Plaster Bag Manual. We will list these items below and we request that you immediately add them to the manuals in your possession. Wherever the addition replaces an existing item, the existing item should be destroyed.

Page 1 - Ink Colors - green has been added.
Page 15B - new miniature covering Wood Fibered Plaster
Page 17 - Agricultural Gypsum Bags - Bag No. P-552 has been added
Page 17C - new miniature covering Agricultural Gypsum
Page 29A - new miniature covering Spackling Compound
Page JM-2 - revised miniature for Neat Base Coat Fibered
Page JM-7 - revised miniature covering Lite Mix Regular Fibered
Page JM-17 - revised miniature covering Bedding Compound
Page JM-18 - revised miniature covering Topping Compound
Page JM-22 - new miniature covering JM Special Plaster
Barrett Index Page - revised in that several bags have been added
Page BA-8 - new miniature covering Extra Fibered
Page BA-9 - new miniature covering Unfibered
Page BA-10 - new miniature covering Fibered

Very truly yours,

BESTWALL GYPSUM COMPANY


O. J. Fly, Jr.
Ass't. General Purchasing Agent

OJF/gmm

SGP 0003825

INK COLORS

RED is to be exactly the same as Sinclair & Valentine's #740.

DARK BLUE is to be exactly the same as Sinclair & Valentine's #912.

LIGHT BLUE is to be exactly the same as Sinclair & Valentine's #906.

GREEN is to be exactly the same as Sinclair & Valentine's #249-736.

THIS BAG CONTAINS
5-10 LB PACKAGES



WOOD FIBERED PLASTER

STORING PLACE
PROTECT PLASTER FROM MOISTURE AT ALL TIMES

BESTWALL GYPSUM COMPANY

GENERAL OFFICES: ARDMORE, PA



MADE IN U.S.A.
REGISTERED TRADE MARK
OF THE
UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE



1220 P-36

AGRICULTURAL GYPSUM BAGS

BAG NO. P-550

Bestwall Agricultural Gypsum Bag - Pasted Valve (Stepped End) - Construction 2/40K-2/50K for 100#, 2/40K-1/50K for 50# - Natural brown color kraft - Patent Number - None - Printed one side - edges - top and bottom Dark Blue - Gross weight to be specified on purchase order - Direction No. NONE.

BAG NO. P-551

Bestwall Agricultural Gypsum (Export) Bag - Pasted Valve (Stepped End) - Construction 1/50K-1/90AL-1/50K-2/60K - Natural brown color kraft - (90AL to have overall perforations) - Patent Number - None - Printed one side - edges - top and bottom Dark Blue - Direction No. NONE.

BAG NO. P-552

Bestwall Agricultural Gypsum Bag - Pasted Valve (Stepped End) - Construction 2/40K-2/50K for 100#, 2/40K-1/50K for 50# - Natural brown color kraft - Patent Number - None - Printed one side - edges - bottom Red and Green - printing on rear is less than 28 square inches in area - Gross weight to be specified on purchase order - Direction No. NONE.