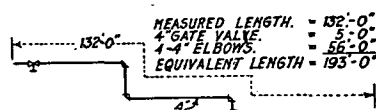


TABLE 6. LENGTH IN FEET OF PIPE TO BE ADDED TO ACTUAL LENGTH OF RUN—OWING TO FITTINGS—TO OBTAIN EQUIVALENT LENGTH

SIZE OF PIPE INCHES	ST'D. ELBOW	SIDE OUTLET TEE	GATE VALVE	GLOBE VALVE	ANGLE VALVE
	Length in Feet to be Added to Run				
2	5	16	2	18	9
2½	7	20	3	25	12
3	10	26	3	33	16
3½	12	31	4	39	19
4	14	35	5	45	22
5	18	44	7	57	28
6	22	50	9	70	32
7	26	55	10	82	37
8	31	63	12	94	42
9	35	69	13	105	47
10	39	76	15	118	52
12	47	90	18	140	63
14	53	105	20	160	72

Example of length in feet of pipe to be added to actual length of run.

TABLES FOR PIPE SIZING¹

Factors determining the size of a steam pipe and its allowable limit of capacity are as follows:

1. Pipe condensate flowing with steam.
2. Pipe condensate flowing against steam.
3. Pipe and radiator condensate flowing with steam.
4. Pipe and radiator condensate flowing against steam.

It is apparent that (3) and (4) are practically limited to one-pipe systems while (1) and (2) cover all other systems.

Tables 7 and 8, worked out for determining pipe sizes, have their columns lettered continuously, Columns A through L being in Table 7, and M through EE in Table 8. In the following text, reference made to columns will be by letter. The tables are based on the actual inside diameters of the pipe and the condensation of ¼ lb (4 oz.) of steam per square foot of equivalent direct radiation² (abbreviated EDR) per hour. The drops indicated are drops in pressure per 100 ft of equivalent length of run. The pipe is assumed to be well reamed without unusual or noticeable defects.

¹Pipe size tables in this chapter have been compiled in simplified and condensed form for the convenience of the user; at the same time all of the information contained in previous editions of THE GUIDE has been retained. Values of pressure drops, formerly expressed in ounces, are now expressed in fractions of a pound.

²As steam system design has materially changed in recent years so that 240 Btu no longer expresses the heat of condensation from a square foot of radiator surface per hour, and as present day heating units have different characteristics from older forms of radiation, it is the purpose of THE GUIDE to gradually eliminate the empirical expression square foot of equivalent direct radiation, EDR, and to substitute a logical unit based on the Btu. The new terms to express the equivalent of 1000 Btu (Mb), and 1000 Btu per hour (Mbh), have been approved by the A.S.H.V.E.

TABLE 7. STEAM PIPE CAPACITIES

Capacity Expressed in Square Feet of Equivalent Direct Radiation

(Reference to this table will be by column letter A through L)

This table is based on pipe size data developed through the research investigations of the AMERICAN SOCIETY OF HEATING AND VENTILATING ENGINEERS.

CAPACITIES OF STEAM MAINS AND RISERS										SPECIAL CAPACITIES FOR ONE-PIPE SYSTEMS ONLY		
PIPE SIZE IN.	DIRECTION OF CONDENSATION FLOW IN PIPE LINE							Supply Risers Up-Feed	Radiator Valves and Vertical Connections	Radiator and Riser Run-outs		
	With the Steam in One-Pipe and Two-Pipe Systems						Against the Steam Two-Pipe Only					
	1/32 lb or 1/2 Os Drop	1/24 lb or 3/4 Os Drop	1/16 lb or 1 Os Drop	1/8 lb or 2 Os Drop	1/4 lb or 4 Os Drop	1/2 lb or 8 Os Drop	Vertical				Horizontal	
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G				H	I
3/4	-----	-----	-----	30	-----	-----	-----	30	-----	25	-----	-----
1	39	46	56	79	111	157	56	26	45	20	20	-----
1 1/4	87	100	122	173	245	346	122	58	98	55	55	-----
1 1/2	134	155	190	269	380	538	190	95	152	81	81	-----
2	273	315	386	546	771	1,091	386	195	288	165	165	-----
2 1/2	449	518	635	898	1,270	1,797	635	395	464	-----	260	-----
3	822	948	1,163	1,645	2,326	3,289	1,129	700	799	-----	475	-----
3 1/2	1,228	1,419	1,737	2,457	3,474	4,913	1,548	1,150	1,144	-----	745	-----
4	1,738	2,011	2,457	3,475	4,914	6,950	2,042	1,700	1,520	-----	1,110	-----
5	3,214	3,712	4,546	6,429	9,092	12,858	-----	3,150	-----	-----	2,180	-----
6	5,276	6,094	7,462	10,553	14,924	21,105	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
8	10,983	12,682	15,533	21,967	31,066	43,934	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
10	20,043	23,144	28,345	40,085	56,689	80,171	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
12	32,168	37,145	45,492	64,336	90,985	128,672	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
16	60,506	69,671	84,849	121,012	169,698	242,024	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
All Horizontal Mains and Down-Feed Risers							Up-Feed Risers	Mains and Un-dripped Run-outs	Up-Feed Risers	Radiator Connections	Run-outs Not Drilled	

Note.—All drops shown are in pounds per 100 ft of equivalent run—based on pipe properly reamed.

*Do not use Column H for drops of 1/24 or 1/32 lb; substitute Column C or Column B as required.

bDo not use Column J for drop of 1/32 lb except on sizes 3 in. and over; below 3 in. substitute Column B.

cOn radiator runouts over 8 ft long increase one pipe size over that shown in Table 7.

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Table 7 may be used for sizing piping for steam heating systems by determining the allowable or desired pressure drop per 100 equivalent feet of run and reading from the column for that particular pressure drop. This applies to all steam mains on both one-pipe and two-pipe systems, vapor systems, and vacuum systems. Columns B to G, inclusive, are used where the steam and condensation flow in the same direction, while Columns H and I are for cases where the steam and condensation flow in opposite directions, as in risers and runouts that are not dripped. Columns J, K, and L are for one-pipe systems and cover riser, radiator valve, and vertical connection sizes, and radiator and runout sizes, all of which are based on the critical velocities of the steam to permit the counter flow of condensation without noise.

Sizing of return piping may be done with the aid of Table 8 where pipe capacities for wet, dry, and vacuum return lines are shown for the pressure drops per 100 ft corresponding to the drops in Table 7. It is customary to use the same pressure drop on both the steam and return sides of a system.