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Du Pont HLR 813-91

Study Title

Approximate Lethal Dose (ALD) of
[REDACTED] in Rats

Author

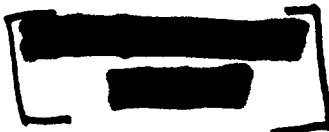
John W. Sarver

Study Completed On

February 24, 1992

Performing Laboratory

E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company
Haskell Laboratory for Toxicology and Industrial Medicine
Elkton Road, P. O. Box 50
Newark, Delaware 19714



Laboratory Project ID

Haskell Laboratory Report No. 813-91

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Substance Tested:

[REDACTED]

Medical Research No.:

[REDACTED]

Haskell No.:

19,173

Haskell Test Code:

[REDACTED]

Physical Form:

Slightly yellow liquid

Purity:

100%

Composition:

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Synonym:

[REDACTED]

Submitter's Notebook No.:

[REDACTED]

Stability:

In the absence of visible evidence to the contrary, the test substance was assumed to be stable under the conditions of administration.

Sponsor:

Du Pont Chemicals
E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company
Wilmington, Delaware

Substance Submitted By:

[REDACTED]

Du Pont Chemicals
E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company
Jackson Laboratory
Deepwater, NJ

Study Initiated - Completed:

10/21/91 - 2/24/92

In-Life Phase
Initiated - Completed:

10/28/91 - 11/18/91

Notebook:

[REDACTED]

There are 6 pages in this report.

Distribution:

[REDACTED]

Approximate Lethal Dose (ALD) of
 in Rats

SUMMARY

 (100% pure) was administered as a single oral dose by intragastric intubation to male rats. No deaths occurred and no clinical signs of toxicity were observed. Under the conditions of this test, the ALD was greater than 11,000 mg/kg of body weight. This substance is considered to be very low in toxicity (ALD greater than 5000 mg/kg) when administered as a single oral dose.

Work by: Anne M. Myers
Anne M. Myers
Technician

Study Director: John W. Sarver
John W. Sarver
Technologist

Approved by: Nancy C. Chorney
Nancy C. Chorney, Ph.D.
Manager
Acute Toxicology

Reviewed and Approved for Issue: John W. Sarver 2/24/92
John W. Sarver
Study Director

JWS/lmr

[Compend, Sanitized. Does not contain TSCA CBI]

QUALITY ASSURANCE DOCUMENTATION

Dates of Inspection:

Conduct - 10/28/91

Records, Report(s) - 2/18,19,21/92

Findings reported to:

Study Director - 2/21/92

Management - 2/21/92

Reported by: Kimberly B. Brebner
Kimberly B. Brebner
Quality Assurance Auditor

3/21/92
Date

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INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this test was to determine an approximate lethal dose of [redacted] when administered as a single oral dose to male rats. The ALD was defined as the lowest dose administered which caused death either on the day of dosing or within 14 days post exposure. This study was conducted according to the applicable EPA Good Laboratory Practice Regulations. Areas of noncompliance are documented in the study records. No deviations existed that affected the validity of the study.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

A. Animal Husbandry

Male Crl:CD®BR rats, approximately 7 weeks old, were received from Charles River Breeding Laboratories, Kingston, N.Y. Rats were housed singly in suspended, stainless steel, wire-mesh cages. Each rat was assigned a unique identification number which was recorded on a card affixed to the cage. Purina Certified Rodent Chow® #5002 and water were available ad libitum. Rats were quarantined, weighed, and observed for general health for approximately one week prior to testing. Animal rooms were maintained on a timer-controlled, 12-hour light/12-hour dark cycle. Environmental conditions of the rooms were targeted for a temperature of $23^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ and relative humidity of $50\% \pm 10\%$. Excursions outside these ranges were of small magnitude and/or brief duration and did not adversely affect the validity of the study.

B. Protocol

The test substance was dispersed in deionized water and administered to 1 rat per dose rate by intragastric intubation. Dose rates administered ranged from 2300 to 11,000 mg/kg of body weight in increments of approximately 50%. Additionally, one rat was dosed at 670 mg/kg. The dosing day was test day 1; postexposure day 14 was test day 15. Following administration of the test substance, rats were observed for clinical signs of toxicity. Surviving rats were weighed and observed daily until signs of toxicity subsided, and then at least 3 times per week throughout the 14-day recovery period. Observations for mortality were made daily throughout the study. Pathological examinations of test animals were not performed.

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C. Records Retention

All raw data and the final report will be stored in the archives of Haskell Laboratory for Toxicology and Industrial Medicine, E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company, Newark, Delaware or in the Du Pont Records Management Center, Wilmington, Delaware.

RESULTS**A. Dosage and Mortality Data**

The dosage regimen and the mortality resulting over the 15-day test period are detailed below. No deaths occurred during the study.

<u>Dosage (mg/kg)</u>	<u>Dose Volume (mL)</u>	<u>Emulsion Concentration (mg/mL)</u>	<u>Initial Body Weight (g)</u>	<u>Mortality</u>
670	1.1	150	246	No
2300	3.7	150	242	No
3400	1.7	500	251	No
5000	2.5	500	250	No
7500	3.6	500	239	No
11,000	5.2*	500	236	No

* Dosed in 2 portions approximately 15 minutes apart.

B. Clinical Signs

There were no adverse clinical signs of toxicity observed during the study.

CONCLUSION

Under the conditions of this study, the ALD for [REDACTED] was greater than 11,000 mg/kg of body weight. This substance is considered to be very low in toxicity (ALD greater than 5000 mg/kg) when administered as a single oral dose to male rats.

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