DFS

October 18, 1960

THE FRITO COMPANY

FILE

Bill Little phoned October 10th or 11th and stated that the heater in Los Angeles had been rebuilt in the same form as the original design. The Aroclor was filtered and replaced in the system. Bill asked if we would run a daily analysis on samples of Aroclor from this system and report results to him with a carbon copy to W. T. Crow, Jr. of their company's Los Angeles Plant writing on Monsanto letterhead. I agreed to do this for a limited time. Other details are in Mr. Little's confirming letter to me dated October 11, 1960.

Mr. Little phoned on October 12th to state that after filtration through diatomaceous earth, the original Aroclor had been brought to a neutralization number of 0.3 or less, on Thursday (October 6th); on Monday, October 10th, the acid number was up to 1.23; and on Tuesday it was 1.37. He said they believe they found chlorine in their cooking fat and suspected a leak in their heat exchanger. They were replacing the cooking fat and asked if they should replace the Aroclor. I answered that they should replace the Aroclor with new Aroclor or remove the acidity from the present charge of Aroclor. Although we could not make a statement on the corrosive nature of this material, certainly an acid number of 1.37 could be considered relatively high.

Mr. Little said that because time was important, they would purchase 18 drums of new Aroclor 1248 and would save the old material for possible future reclaiming.

Richard Davis

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