

ESSO FLEET NEWS

PUBLISHED BY THE MARINE DEPARTMENT, HUMBLE OIL & REFINING COMPANY



Vol. 10, No. 5

March 7, 1968

Waste Not, Want Not

The Esso Seamen's Association announced Feb. 23 that their members had voted 233 to 39 to ratify the Agreement of Jan. 4, thus ending nearly 3 years of election contests and contract negotiations. During this period the Company was verbally beaten to a pulp. Every possible angle of wages, benefits and working conditions was lathered with criticisms and complaints. Example after example of Company shortcomings, real and imagined wrongs and half-truth stories were spouted with abandon.

Some of the criticism and complaints, of course, are understandable and perhaps justified. Labor and management contract bargaining is not supposed to be a Sunday School picnic. It is a time for differences of opinion, opposing views.

But now it's over. Whereas in past months we have been on opposite sides of the bargaining table, let us now think about our common interest. And that is the efficient, economical transportation of petroleum products. Without such a tanker opera-

tion to provide jobs, there would be little point in any contract negotiations.

While we have been engaged in our internal affairs, our competition has been moving ahead. Colonial Pipeline has lowered its Gulf-U. S. East Coast rate from 34.8¢ to 30.55¢ per bbl. (a 12.2% reduction) and has \$11,308,000-worth of improvements planned for 1968. Plantation Pipeline, another Gulf-East Coast transporter, has a \$50,000,000 expansion program for this year.

What does this mean to us? It means that we can't afford to feel complacent. We can't rest on our oars. It means that we must continue and intensify our efforts to improve efficiency and reduce waste.

Ah, waste — what a fertile field for reaping rewards. Who can say he never wastes time? And accidents — what a reduction in suffering, lost time and inefficiency would result from an injection of safety consciousness and alertness into

World's Oldest Tanker

There's a tanker operating on the Great Lakes that is older than any man in the Fleet. In fact, it's the oldest tanker in the world, not counting lighters or barges.

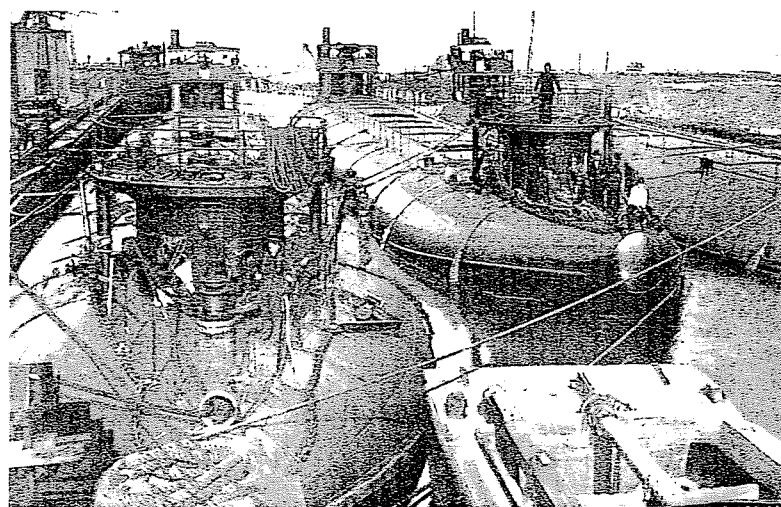
The Methuselah of oil carriers is the 72-year old *Meteor*, owned by Cleveland Tankers, Inc. She is 370' x 45' x 26' and is powered by a triple-expansion reciprocating engine developing 2,000 hp.

The *Meteor* was originally the *Frank Rockefeller*, of the Bessemer Steamship Co., and was built by the American Steel Barge Co., Superior, Wisc., in 1896. She operated in the ore trade until the late 1920s, when newer and larger carriers made her uneconomical.

Purchased by the Erie Steamship Co., the *Meteor* was converted for grain and automobile service, renamed *South Park*, and operated until she stranded near Manistique, Mich. during a storm in Nov. 1942. She was declared a total loss.

It was then that Cleveland Tankers bought the wreck, rebuilt her as a tanker and put her in service in 1943. She has been going ever since, justifying her existence by supplying ports too small for larger craft. She even operates during some winter months (with assistance from Coast Guard ice breakers) when the 700' vessels are still in winter tie-up.

Great Lakes whalebacks (also called pigboats because of their snout-like bow) of a bygone day. The *Meteor* is the last survivor of the breed.





CAPTAIN HAROLD SHOLES, *Esso Miami*, did some movie acting Feb. 8 while his ship was loading at Baytown. It was a Coast Guard film intended to help teach tanker inspection duties to new men in the Service. Captain Sholes played the role of a model ship's Master during a Coast Guard inspection.

In the photo, Captain Sholes (seated) is being briefed on the next scene by Lt. (jg) Paul Scholfield, Operations Officer, Captain of the Port-Houston. Contrary to appearances, the man behind the man behind the camera is not putting the "whammy" on the Skipper.

our think tanks. So many mishaps could be so easily avoided by such a little more caution or an ounce of prevention.

We had 93 shipboard accidents last year, the same as in 1966, and of these, 16 involved lost time according to National Safety Council rules. We will again probably finish in 7th place among 10 fleets in the NSC tanker safety contest. Our poor position is not so much that we are getting worse as the "other guys" are getting better.

Another area where waste can be reduced, and this is a big one, is in overtime. Overtime has grown into a very sizeable expense item in the Fleet and with the higher rates in the new Agreement, it can be expected to grow some more. In general, there's no quarrel with that. We'd venture to say that a very high percentage of the money the Company pays in overtime is well spent. Repair and maintenance work done on overtime by ship's personnel is most certainly more satisfactory to the men who operate the equipment and less expensive to the Company than shipyard work.

But on the other hand, some charges for overtime work in the past raise doubts as to just how worthwhile the projects were. Overtime work can be of benefit to the Company, to the seagoing personnel and in the interest of efficient operation, or it can be none of these. Perhaps you can do something about this latter type of overtime — if you agree that our best guarantee of staying in business long enough for some of our younger fellows to get in their 20 years is to reduce waste and become more competitive.

John Trainor Retires

There's hardly a man who has sailed in the Fleet during the past 10 or 15 years who doesn't know and appreciate John Trainor as a hard-working, cheerful fellow who comes aboard to repair and adjust the TVs, radar, gyros, ozonators in the refrigerators, electrical parts of the steering gear and, as an extra dividend, leave a newspaper in the messroom.



John retired March 1 with nearly 39 years' service, the sincere best wishes (and a sizeable kitty) from his legion of friends, and 3 retirement luncheons — all of which he has well earned.

During his entire career John had only 2 employers — the U. S. Navy and Esso. He joined the former in 1922, spent a year in the Navy's electrical school, another 14-15 months at Sperry's gyro school and the balance of his 7-year hitch in the USS *Utah*. He made 2 trips around South America in the battlewagon, one with General Pershing in 1924-25 and the other with President Hoover in 1928.

Joining the Company in July 1929 at Bayonne, John did maintenance on gyros and Fathometers at first, then got into other electronic equipment as the equipment got into the ships. He worked at Baytown for the past 7 years.

John and his wife Irene (also a former Company employee) live in Seabrook, Texas. They have 2 children, Michele, 20, a junior at Our Lady of the Lake College in San Antonio, and Jay, 17, in high school.

A Close One

A "situation" developed on the afternoon of Feb. 18 when the *Esso Lima* was about midway down the Houston Ship Channel after leaving Baytown at 1540.

A tug and an empty chemical barge, also outbound, were sighted ahead and it appeared that the tug was having difficulty in handling the barge. This was confirmed by radiotelephone and when the tow started to cross in front of the *Lima*, Captain R. E. Parkhurst sent Second Mate Gerald F. Smith forward to stand by the anchor. No sooner had he arrived forward when the order was given

ESSO FLEET NEWS is published for the seagoing employees of the Marine Department. Humble Oil & Refining Co.: T. J. Fuson, General Manager; Sydney Wire, Assistant General Manager.

W. E. Gardner, Editor

Contributions and suggestions are invited and should be addressed to The Editor, ESSO FLEET NEWS, Humble Oil & Refining Co., P. O. Box 1512, Houston, Texas 77001.

to "let her go." Assisted by OS Luke Clarke, Mr. Smith dropped the anchor immediately, sensed when sufficient chain was out and snubbed it short.

In the meantime, Captain Parkhurst put her full astern and sounded the general alarm. The entire crew responded within seconds. Hoses were led out, monitors manned by Deck and Steward's Dept. men and the Engine Dept. men reported to their stations below.

The *Lima* was stopped short of the wayward tow and, 9 minutes later, continued down channel. What might have developed into a nasty situation was avoided, thanks to "expecting the unexpected," good seamanship and teamwork by the men in the *Lima*.

TAFFRAIL TALK

First checks in the \$160, \$200, \$240, \$260 (less usual deductions) lump sum payments to unlicensed men under the new Agreement were passed out to crewmembers of the *Esso New Orleans* at

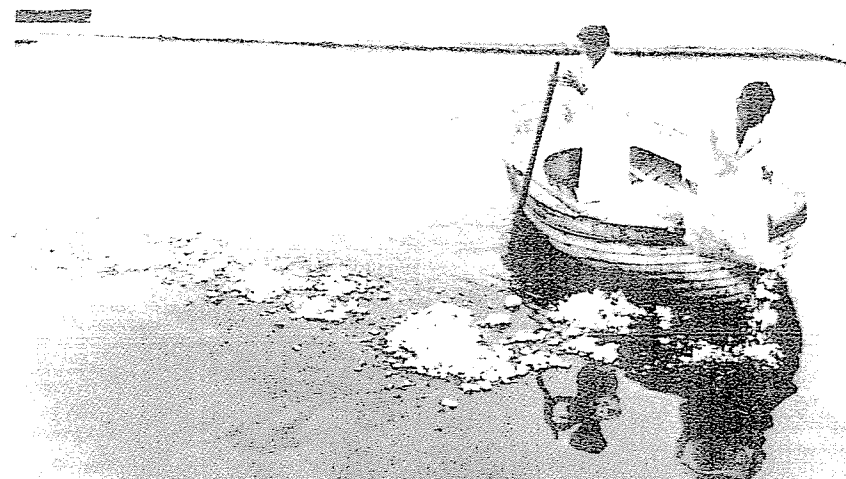
Paulsboro, March 3 and the *Esso Huntington* and *Jamestown* at New York, March 4 and 5, respectively. Payments will continue at discharge ports as ships arrive.

Checks to men on paid leave are now in the mail, or will be shortly. Y'all keep a sharp lookout for the mailman.

It's a pleasure to introduce GRADY T. (TOM) SHEARER, who has been working at the Baytown Branch Office for 3 months now. The young man is a graduate of Lamar Tech. with a degree in business administration. He lives in Baytown, likes hunting, shooting and fishing and is the kind of fellow you like to have around — good natured, willing worker, anxious to learn.



New annuitants CAPTAIN EMIL L. WIGH, CHARLES E. SCHWAB, ARTHUR H. EIDINGER and JOHN J. MARGES were luncheon guests of the New York

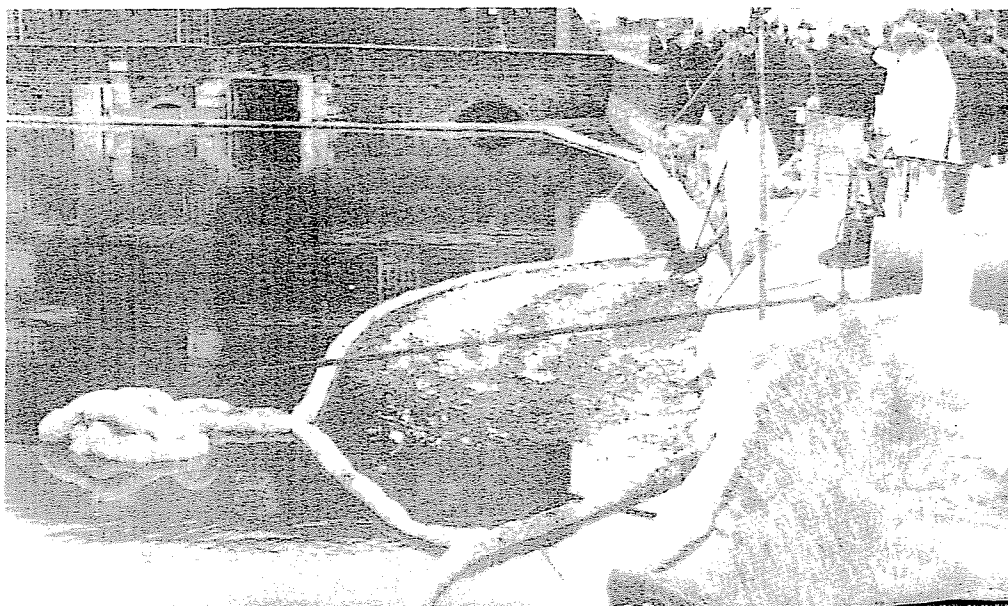


"Bread" Upon the Waters Removes Oil

These are photos of a demonstration to show how a shredded polyurethane foam called Bibbipol can remove oil spills from water. Developed by J. Bibby & Sons Ltd., of Liverpool, for Jersey's Esso Petroleum Co., the material is among the cheapest and most promising means of removing oil.

In the demonstration at Esso Petroleum's Fawley Refinery, 45 gallons of crude oil were poured on the water at a local pond. The plastic "bread crumbs" were spread over the oil. Within minutes the white foam began to turn black as it soaked up the oil.

A flexible boom and net arrangement scooped up the oily foam and towed it ashore, after which the pond was remarkably free of oil.



By passing the saturated foam through rollers, more than 80% of the oil was recovered and the foam was ready for reuse. Polyurethane foam has a natural affinity for oil but it absorbs little water. It is also non-toxic and harmless to marine life.

Fifty cu. ft. of the foam can absorb one ton of oil at a cost in materials of about \$14, according to the manufacturer. The process is still being developed and additional experiments are planned.

(We herewith donate our own contribution to the anti-pollution cause: instead of dumping the foam out of bags, how about blowing it out — like a vacuum cleaner in reverse? And if it's too windy, put the nozzle under water and let the foam come up under the oil. — Ed.)

Branch Office at the Chandelier Restaurant, Bayonne, Feb. 15. The affair, described as "delightful," included presentation of annuitant emblems and gold watches.

HOWARD A. BRILES (Chief Mate, ret. July 1, 1963) writes from Singapore. "Thought I would give the sea life another whirl. These people, Victory Carriers, out of New York, have been after me for some time so I gave in. Am sailing Chief Mate on the S. S. *St. Lawrence*."

RECENT RETIREMENTS

ABLE SEAMAN ALEXANDER ARMADI had 2 seagoing careers, one in the U.S. Navy and one in the Esso Fleet. He enlisted in the Navy in 1920, at age 17, and spent most of his 26 years in the Service in submarines. He was mustered out in 1946 with a Chief Torpedoman's Mate rating.

Mr. Armandi's 17½-year Company career, ex-



cept for one assignment, was as AB. He started in Aug. 1950 in the *Esso Cumberland* and his last ship before his mandatory retirement, March 1, was the *Esso Houston*. He also put in 2 years aboard the *Esso Seattle*.

"I am glad I sailed for Esso," Mr. Armadi said, "a good company to work for, and I mean it."

Alex lives in Stamford, Conn. and outside of gardening, fishing and puttering around the house, he is going to "play it by ear" as he goes along.

ABLE SEAMAN GEORGE Q. WHITLEY retired early, Feb. 1, with nearly 16 years of credited service. He sailed intermittently in the 1930s and continuously since Dec. 1955 as AB with but 2 exceptions. His last assignment was in the *Esso Scranton*.

Born in Cambridge, Mass., Mr. Whitley resides in Gilmanton Iron Works, N.H., which is just south of Lake Winnepesaukee.

MESSMAN JOAQUIM J. GONSALVES had continuous service in Steward's Dept. ratings from Feb. 1952, when he joined the *Esso Paterson*, until his early retirement, Feb. 1, 1968, following an assignment to the *Esso Scranton*. For most of his 15¾ years of credited service he sailed as Messman or Utilityman.

A native of the Cape Verde Islands, Mr. Gonsalves lives in New Bedford with his wife Madeline.

Raise in Grade

JOHN E. GAMACHE — to 2nd Asst., March 1.*

*Date reported to Company.

Answer to last issue's crossword puzzle.

1	F	O	O	T	A	G	E	7	H	E	P	T	A	N	E	12
	O		R	I	S	E	R		O	C	E	A	N		X	
15																
16	R	A		P	E	A	R		L	A	D		I	T		
20																
21	E	G	G		A	R	A	N	S	A	S		A	R	E	
26																
27	I	R	I	S		S	N	O	O	T		S	V	E	N	
30																
31	G	E	N	U	S		D	D	T		S	P	E	N	D	
34																
35	N	E		P	A	S	S		S	E	C	U	R	E	S	
39																
40				R	O	E				T	O	R				
41																
42	S	E	V	E	N	T	H		Y	A	R	N		A	T	
48																
49	P	R	I	M	E		A	G	O		N	E	V	E	R	
53																
54	L	A	N	E		A	L	O	U	D		D	A	R	E	
57																
58	I	T	E		S	P	O	O	N	E	D		N	I	P	
61																
62	C	O		A	P	O			G	L	E	E		E	A	
66																
67	E		S	T	O	R	M		E	V	E	N	S		N	
70																
71	D	I	N	E	T	T	E		R	E	D	D	E	N	S	

SERVICE EMBLEM AWARDS



20 YEARS



Marshall G. Price
Chief Mate
February 6, 1968



Julius Q. Brown
First Asst. Engineer
February 11, 1968



Alf. R. Weatherington
Second Asst. Engineer
February 10, 1968



Andrew Bozicevic
Third Mate
February 12, 1968



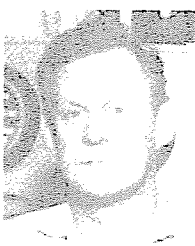
Kenneth W. Hill
Third Asst. Engineer
February 11, 1968



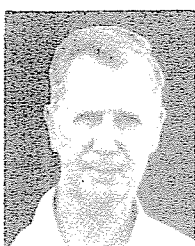
Frederick Eimans
Chief Steward
May 30, 1966



Mateus Gonsalves
Chief Steward
April 15, 1967



James Wright
Oiler
May 29, 1967



John P. Jennings
Fireman-Watertender
February 7, 1968