FILE NAME: Owens-Corning (OC)

DATE: 1986-1987

DOC#: OC234

DOCUMENT DESCRIPTION: Barry Castleman Notes

Saxby depo 10-16-86 thru 3-13-87

I 7 joined OC in 1948, VP in 1964, senior VP since 1979
9 Boschuneltin was the 1st Pres. of OCF
26 He owns 9000 shares of OC worth $ area ($700,000)
41 OC and OI are 4 blocks apart (in Toledo)
54 identifies Baumgartner letters as coming from OC files
60 Saxby has characterized 1966 caution as "rather vague"
76 says he has no opinion on effect of cancer warning on Kaylo sales
98 admits OCF found final report on Kaylo from Savannah in its files (tends to confirm receipt from W. Hayard)
~100 denies having seen correspondence on Kaylo tests in OCF files
105 Confirms there is "an appreciable amount of dust" where Kaylo was cut by bandsaw
✓ 85 refers to 1961 Aetna warning OCF mfg (re mfg)

II 39 says precautions were advised in product use in 1953 and then backs off citing inability to recall
40 guesses they warned contract + unit employees to maintain good housekeeping and wear respirators
42 acknowledges contract + unit comp claims
43 before 1953 OCF sold a mastic w/A and metal mesh blanket with an A facing
49 LWS was with the contracting division in 1952, "we did in fact instruct our people who were using these power saws to wear respirators when they were cutting Kaylo..."
87 identifies Fiberglas Engineering & Supply Co. as an OCF company
99 was out on W. coast from 1948-1958 (LWS); then to Detroit in contracting + supply jobs

mf 6,10

II 105-9 Chemlect Div. made "firecore product for marine applications, acquired from Uranco in 1969-70

110 Madeleko charges this product bore no warnings and was sold in 1969-70 by OCF. LWS doesn't know.

III 152 refers to Aetna 1958 survey for OI, Madeleko says counts in plant over 100 MPCF.

180-84 amosite used a lot in Kaylo, crocidolite a little

187 Madeleko refers to Patent Office document saying the named product "Kaylo" was first used in Commerce Oct 12, 1943.

200 agrees A is a "deadly, dangerous material" after reviewing 155 med. rpts & claims for As involving OCF employees.

IV 3 Boechenstein was Pres. & CEO of OCF from 1938 through at least to sometime in the 1960's. He was

12 Also a director of OI in 1941, 1943, 1944

22 "Aeroarp" fiberglass cloth introduced in 1952

39 lists advantages & qualities of fiberglass insulation: easy to fabricate, light, light weight, inorganic (does not rot)

45 OCF sells asbestos insulating cements in the 1940's

71 Fiberglass materials give off more smoke in a fire than A

90 The 4 Basics of Fiberglas: only material for the job; or best material for the job at a going price; or as good as other materials cost them; or capable of yielding "cents per pound" as other products.

93 1964 Ann. Rep shows Boechenstein is Chmn. of Board

97-98 1964 " " describes new fiberglass insulation that could take 1800°F or more, for industrial plants. Sales sold well.

124 LWS is a mech. engr.

125 majority of industrial uses involve applications < 520 F (incl. refineries)

133 Ed Ahuman worked for OC from 1958-1961

144 "Fiscon" was a heavy density A C board competing w/ Marinite.

147 J. Konzen was OC med. director in 1970

150 refers to ~1970 memos on labeling Marineboard

154 10-13-70 memo on respirators at Chemboard plant

156 LWS summary of doc. reflg. advising memo specifically about respirators to use per A

162 wood fiber v alkali resistant glass fiber, enabled them to eliminate asbestos in 1971. (late in yr.)

170 Ratio of AT product involved 12 mo period of problems initially w/ breakage, returns, complaints - and then likened to an equivalent AT product. Product testing lab had reported optimum comparisons from the start of new product mfgr.

174 reiterates now that 5 mppcf TLV was for total dust, but also says he understands that was sometimes recommended to mean A only. But he now tries to restate his understanding that the TLV was for A dust only!

181 When pressed for the basis of his attempt testimony he ends by admitting he's "in over my head" on technical matter.