

Material Safety Data Sheet

conoco

Emergency Medical Telephone (800) 441-3637

on Ims 8-15-89

PMI-m 011

CRUDE OIL (SWEET)

I. MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

Name	CAS Registry Number
Crude Oil (Sweet)	Mixture; See Section XI
Chemical Family	Transportation Emergency Phone
Petroleum Hydrocarbons	1-(800) 424-9300 (Chemtrec)

II. OSHA HAZARD DETERMINATION

The material is hazardous as defined by OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. Refer to Section XI of this MSDS for federal and state regulatory information.

Hazardous Ingredients	CAS Registry Number	Concentration
Hydrocarbons (Aromatic & Paraffinic)	Mixture	> 95%
Benzene	71-43-2	< .01 - 2 wt %

Hazardous Physical Properties

Variable-Flammable or combustible depending on flash point. Could be as hazardous as Class IA Flammable Liquid - NFPA 30-1987.

III. PHYSICAL DATA

Appearance and Odor	Specific Gravity (H ₂ O = 1)
Usually greenish-black liquid; Petroleum aromatic odor	0.7 - 1.1

Boiling Point/Range	Evaporation Rate
50° - >1100°F	Variable

Vapor Pressure (mmHg) @ 68°F
100 - 800 (Variable)

IV. REACTIVITY DATA

Stable: X Unstable:

Hazardous Decomposition Materials: Normal combustion forms carbon dioxide; incomplete combustion may produce carbon monoxide.

Conditions to Avoid: Oxidizing materials, heat, flame.

V. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

LEL: < 1 UEL: 10

Flash Point: Less than Ambient (Variable)

Flash point is variable; handle and store in accordance with NFPA procedures. Could be hazardous as a Class 1A Flammable Liquid - NFPA 30-1987.

Extinguishing Media: Use dry chemical, CO₂ foam.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may be ineffective to extinguish, but water should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop a leak. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from areas of potential ignition.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Products of combustion may contain carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic materials. Do not enter enclosed or confined space without proper protective equipment including respiratory protection.

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Classification

Health 1 Fire 3 Reactivity 0

HAZARD RATING

Least-0 Slight-1 Moderate-2
High-3 Extreme-4

VI. TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE

Storage Conditions: Store in accordance with National Fire Protection Association regulations.

Shipping Information:

DOT:

Flash Point < 100°F	Flash Point ≥ 100°F
Proper Shipping Name: Crude Oil, Petroleum	Crude Oil, Petroleum
Hazard Class: Flammable Liquid	Combustible Liquid
UN/NA No.: UN 1267	UN 1267
DOT Label(s): Flammable Liquid	None
DOT Placard: Flammable	Combustible

IATA/IMO:

Flash Point < 73°F	Flash Point ≥ 73°F
Proper Shipping Name: Petroleum Crude Oil	Petroleum Crude Oil
Hazard Class: 3 (3.2 IMO)	3 (3.3 IMO)
UN No.: UN 1267	UN 1267
IMO/ICAO Label: Flammable Liquid	Flammable Liquid
Packaging Group: II	III

VII. HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

Exposure Limits for Crude Oil (Sweet)

PEL: None Established

TLV: None Established

Exposure Limits for Petroleum Distillates

PEL: 400 ppm; 1600 mg/m³ TWA

Exposure Limits for Benzene

PEL: 1 ppm - 8 Hr. TWA

TLV: 10 ppm - 30 mg/m³

5 ppm - (Short-Term Exposure Limit)

Du Pont AEL: 1 ppm - 8 & 12 Hr. TWA

0.5 ppm - Action Level

5 ppm - 15 Min. TWA

Primary Routes of Exposure/Entry: Skin, Inhalation.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure/Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:

Studies with mice and rats have shown that some petroleum distillates have caused either damage or tumors of the kidneys or tumors of the liver. However, kidney effects were not seen in similar studies involving guinea pigs, dogs or monkeys. Also, the significance of the liver tumors in rodents is highly speculative.

Mouse skin painting studies have shown that some crude oils caused a low incidence of tumors. However, these studies involved repeated exposure of shaved skin which was never washed free of test material. The product contains petroleum hydrocarbons which may cause irritation to the eyes, skin and lungs after prolonged or repeated exposure. Extreme overexposure may cause weakness, headache, nausea, confusion, blurred vision, drowsiness and other nervous system effects; greater exposure may cause dizziness, slurred speech, flushed face, unconsciousness or convulsions.

A few studies have indicated that workers exposed many years to high concentrations of benzene have a slightly higher incidence of leukemia. Benzene can also be toxic to the blood and blood-forming tissues.

Carcinogenicity:

The following components are listed by NTP, IARC, or OSHA as carcinogens:

	<u>NTP</u>	<u>IARC</u>	<u>OSHA</u>
Benzene	Yes	Category 1	Yes

VIII. EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID INFORMATION

Eyes: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

Skins: In case of contact, immediately wash skin with soap and plenty of water. If irritation develops, consult a physician.

Inhalations: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

Ingestion: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician.

Notes to Physician: Gastric lavage by qualified medical personnel may be considered, depending on quantity of material ingested.

IX. SPILL, LEAK AND DISPOSAL INFORMATION

In Case of Spill or Leak: Contain spill immediately in smallest possible area. Recover as much of the product as possible by mechanical means, followed by recovering residual fluids by using absorbent materials. Nonrecoverable product, contaminated soil, debris and other materials should be placed in proper containers for ultimate disposal. Avoid washing, draining or directing material to storm or sanitary sewers.

NOTE: Review FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS before proceeding with clean up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean up.

Waste Disposal Method: Recycle as much of the recoverable product as possible. Treatment, storage, transportation and disposal must be in accordance with applicable Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations.

X. PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES

Respiratory Protection: Select appropriate NIOSH-approved respiratory protection where necessary to maintain exposures below acceptable limits.

Ventilations: Mechanical ventilation required only in emergency or extreme conditions, such as confined spaces.

Protective Gloves: Neoprene or NBR gloves should be worn to protect against chronic skin contact.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses with side shields and/or face shield where splashing is present.

Other Protective Equipment: Coveralls if splashing is present.

XI. REGULATORY INFORMATION

FEDERAL REGULATIONS

CERCLA, 40 CFR 302

Not Applicable

**SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 1986, TITLE III
SECTIONS 302, 304, 311, 312, 313**

SECTION 302/304 - Extremely Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 355)

The material does not contain extremely hazardous substances at greater than 1.0% concentration; however, it is possible that this material may contain extremely hazardous substances at a lower concentration so that a large enough spill could warrant an Emergency Release Report under Section 304.

SECTION 311/312 - MSDS and Chemical Inventory Reporting Requirements (40 CFR 370)

The material should be reported under the following EPA hazard categories:

☒ Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard	☐ Sudden Release of Pressure
☒ Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard	☐ Reactive
☒ Fire	☐ Not Applicable

NOTE: See Section II for the concentration of any ingredients classified as hazardous by OSHA.

SECTION 313 - List of Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372)

The material contains the following chemical(s) at a level of 1.0% or greater (0.1% for carcinogens) on the list of Toxic Chemicals and is subject to toxic chemical release reporting requirements.

<u>Toxic Chemical</u>	<u>CAS Registry Number</u>	<u>Approx. Concentration (Upper Bound)</u>
Benzene	71-43-2	2.0%

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA), 40 CFR 710

This material is a mixture as defined by TSCA. The chemical ingredients in this material are in Section 8(b) Chemical Substance Inventory and/or are otherwise in compliance with TSCA. In the case of ingredients obtained from other manufacturers, Conoco relies on the assurance of responsible third parties in providing this statement.

RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT (RCRA), 40 CFR 261, SUBPART C AND D
The material, when discarded or disposed of, is not specifically listed as a hazardous waste in Federal regulations; however, it could be considered hazardous if it meets criteria for being toxic, corrosive, ignitable or reactive according to U.S. EPA definitions (40 CFR 261). Additionally, it could be designated as hazardous according to state regulations. This material could also become a hazardous waste if it is mixed with or comes in contact with a listed hazardous waste. If such contact or mixing occurs, check 40 CFR 261 to determine whether it is a hazardous waste. If it is a hazardous waste, Regulations 40 CFR 262, 263, 264 and 268 may apply.

**FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT, CLEAN WATER ACT, 40 CFR 116,
SECTION 311**

The material contains the following ingredient(s) which is considered hazardous if spilled in navigable waters.

Ingredient

Petroleum Hydrocarbon

Reportable Quantity

Film or sheen upon or discoloration of the water surface or adjoining shoreline.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TRANSPORTATION REGULATIONS, 49 CFR 171-178

Not Applicable

FOREIGN REGULATION

CANADIAN HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS ACT (WHMIS)

The material is a WHMIS Controlled Product and a Canadian MSDS is available.

STATE REGULATIONS

**CALIFORNIA SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986
(PROPOSITION 65)**

The material contains ingredient(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Read and follow label directions and use care when handling or using all petroleum products.

Ingredient

Benzene

PENNSYLVANIA WORKER AND COMMUNITY RIGHT TO KNOW ACT

The material contains the following hazardous substances:

Categories: S = Special Hazardous Substance ($\geq 0.01\%$)

H = Hazardous Substance ($\geq 1.0\%$)

E = Environmental Hazard ($\geq 1.0\%$)

Ingredient

Benzene

CAS Registry Number

71-43-2

Category

E,S

Petroleum Distillates

Mixture

H

Nonhazardous ingredient(s) information is withheld as trade secret in accordance with Section 11 of the Act.

MSDS Code: MISC0011

DATE OF LATEST REVISION/REVIEW:

DEPARTMENT RESPONSIBLE FOR MSDS:

PRODUCT INFORMATION CONTACT:

8/89 - Replaces MSDS dated 3/89

Environmental and Occupational Health Services

MSDS Analyst

Conoco Inc.

(713) 293-5550

The above data are based on tests, experience, and other information which Conoco believes reliable and are supplied for informational purposes only. However, some ingredients may have been purchased or obtained from third-party manufacturers. In these instances, Conoco, in good faith relies on information provided by those third parties. Since conditions of use are outside our control, CONOCO DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY FOR DAMAGE OR INJURY WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THE ABOVE DATA. NOTHING CONTAINED HEREIN SHALL CONSTITUTE A GUARANTEE, WARRANTY (INCLUDING WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY) OR REPRESENTATION (INCLUDING FREEDOM FROM PATENT LIABILITY) BY CONOCO WITH RESPECT TO THE DATA, THE MATERIAL DESCRIBED, OR ITS USE FOR ANY SPECIFIC PURPOSE, EVEN IF THAT PURPOSE IS KNOWN TO CONOCO.

