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53		Investigation..																	
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Evaluation: This study was undertaken to determine the relative pathogenicity of Coalinga chrysotile from California with Canadian chrysotile and other non-asbestos dusts when injected into the trachea of rats. It was found that Coalinga dust produces effects similar to Canadian chrysotile. "The lesions observed in the lungs of these rats suggest that the pathogenic potential of Coalinga dust resembles that of chrysotile dust. Whether this potential is less or greater than that of chrysotile dust cannot be determined from the available data."