

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF
THE LEAD INDUSTRIES ASSOCIATION

New York, N.Y.

September 22, 1941

The annual meeting of the members of the Lead Industries Association was held on Monday, September 22, 1941, at 12:30 P.M., at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, New York, N.Y.

Present

Norman Hickman
K. C. Brownell
Clarence Glass

A. E. Bendelari
A. R. Knight
F. H. Brownell
Lambert Goldsmith
Mark Goldsmith
O. E. Planteroth
P. E. Sprague
F. W. Rockwell
Harold Rowe
B. F. Ewell
C. M. Chapin, Jr.
I. H. Cornell
Clinton M. Crane
F. F. Colcord

Representing

American Metal Co. Ltd.
American Smelting & Refining Co.
Anaconda Sales Co. (Agent, International Smelting & Refining Co.)
The Eagle-Picher Lead Co.
Euston Lead Co.
Federal Mining & Smelting Co.
Goldsmith Bros. Smelting & Ref. Co.
" " " "
Marks Lissberger & Son, Inc.
Metals Refining Co.
National Lead Co.
" " " "
Rochester Lead Works, Inc.
St. Joseph Lead Co.
" " " "
" " " "
United States Smelting Refining
Mining Co. Inc.

GUEST

W. S. Robinson, British Metals Corp.

F. E. Wormser, Secretary-Treasurer
R. L. Ziegfeld, Assistant Secretary
D. Van Norden

REPRESENTED BY PROXY

American Metal Co. Ltd.	Lewin Metals Corp.
Cambridge Smelting Co.	John R. MacGregor Lead Co.
Crown Metal Co.	Park Utah Consolidated Mines Co.
Division Lead Co.	River Smelting & Refining Co.
Ethyl Gasoline Corp.	Sherwin-Williams Co.
W. P. Fuller & Co.	Silver King Coalition Mines Co.
General Lead Mfg. Co.	Silverstein & Pinsof, Inc.
Hammond Lead Products, Inc.	Standard Rolling Mills, Inc.
Hecle Mining Co.	United American Metals Corp.
Imperial Type Metal Co.	Vulcan Lead Products Co.
Johnston Tin Foil & Metal Co.	Wensley Metal Products Co.
White Metal Rolling & Stamping Corp.	

The minutes of the annual meeting of June 6, 1940 were approved.

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REPORT OF THE SECRETARY

The Report of the Secretary, covering the calendar year of 1940, was approved, as follows:

MEMBERSHIP

At the end of 1940, membership in the Lead Industries Association comprised 55 companies, with two new members added during the year. There were no resignations but two of our members were absorbed by other companies in the Association. A membership list is attached.

STATISTICS

The manufacturers of lead plumbing goods, at a meeting in October, 1940, instructed the Secretary to procure monthly statistics of the sales, in short tons, of all lead products to the plumbing and water works field, beginning January 1, 1941. Although the information will not be in the detailed form likely to be of greatest benefit to the industry, it marks an important step to provide the members of the Association with an overall picture of the size and position of the lead plumbing goods industry from month to month. It will, in the long run, be one measure of the value to the industry of promotional work in the plumbing and water works field.

Although the lead industry is served with statistical information better than the average, there are little data available for certain important products. The lack of this information may prove a handicap in the planning being done in Washington by defense officials. As a result of the present rearmament program and the need frequently for current information as to capacity, production and consumption of various products, business will find that it is to its advantage to have this information on tap. In most cases there are a sufficiently large number of enterprises in an industry so that the statistical data can be collected and published without competitive disadvantage to any one in the industry.

LEGISLATION

The Association has been cooperating with representatives of the Advisory Committee for National Defense, the Office of Production Management, and other emergency governmental bureaus. Fortunately for the lead industry, there have been plentiful supplies of foreign metal available to supplement the domestic supply and so our industry doesn't face the shortage problems other non-ferrous metals have had to meet.

Because of the great importance of Government buying in present-day business, it has been advisable to explore the field for the use of lead products such as white lead, red lead, calking lead, lead plumbing goods, lead pipe and sheet lead, where the supply has been ample and the opportunity for their use in Government construction warranted. We have worked with

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many of the Government departments having to do with building and building construction and have helped to procure the specification or selection of many lead products in the defense program where the selection was in the public interest. In addition, we are trying to promote the adoption of Federal Specifications for some lead products where none have hitherto existed. I refer particularly to lead pipe, lead traps and lead bends.

Owing to the availability of lead and the scarcity of competitive non-ferrous metals, some industries are turning to the use of lead or lead alloys as emergency substitutes. This is true, for example, in the foil industry, die-casting, coated steel sheets, and the collapsible tube industry. It promises to continue as long as the price of lead stays at its present comparatively low level and other metals are scarce. In fact, it appears that some of the markets that we lost during World War No. 1 may be regained during World War No. 2.

LEAD HYGIENE AND SAFETY

A growing appreciation in medical circles of the fact that lead is not a cumulative toxic material in small concentrations, is evident. However, there are still some physicians who do not know the results of the most recent scientific studies about lead. They frequently break into print with articles unsupported from a scientific standpoint which are quickly seized upon by medical columnists to plague us with unfounded and needlessly alarming statements in the press.

On the constructive side was the appearance during the year of an important article by Dr. Robert A. Yehoc of the University of Cincinnati, published in the November, 1940, issue of the "Journal of Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology," entitled, "Experimental Studies on the Ingestion of Lead Compounds." This is entitled, "Experimental Studies on the Ingestion of Lead Compounds." This is the first time, I believe, that an effort had been made to ascertain the effect of feeding small amounts of a soluble lead compound to human beings for long periods of time. The results must have been a shock to those who have held that lead is toxic no matter what its concentration. It confirms the work of other competent investigators on the subject.

In addition, another important investigation was completed during the year, this one by the U.S. Public Health Service, investigating the use of lead arsenate sprays on apples in the Pacific Northwest. The investigation, a thorough one extending over three years, indicates that the spray residue danger has also been exaggerated. In fact, the U.S. Department of Agriculture, in August of 1940 lifted the lead tolerance from 2.045 to 0.05 grains of lead per pound on the strength of the U.S. Public Health Service investigation.

Dr. Aub is continuing his studies on lead at the Harvard Medical School.

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The American Public Health Association has in preparation a booklet on lead poisoning, a revision of an earlier treatise, which may express some of the newer discoveries about lead toxicology.

We have continued to make numerous investigations of alleged cases of lead poisoning described in the daily press and, as usual, have found them almost invariably to be distortions of the truth. The problem of how to obtain a better press for our products is indeed a troublesome one. Our promotional work and especially our national advertising helps to build up good-will for our metal and in the long run will share in dispelling anxiety about its use. In any event, the problem remains serious for our industry. Hardly a day passes but what this office has to devote some attention to lead poisoning.

"LEAD"

Our house organ, "Lead," was published without interruption, six times during 1940. It continues to be an inexpensive means for reaching architects, engineers, specification writers and other key people with messages about lead products likely to make them retain their interests in the metal. "Lead" has a circulation of about 22,000.

WHITE LEAD PROMOTION PROGRAM

The White Lead Promotion Program began its second year in 1940 and has grown in influence. I don't think there has been any time in recent years when so much attention has been given by magazines and the press to the question of quality in paints, with specific mention of white lead than during 1939-1940. The program - of national scope - includes not only consumer and trade paper advertising, but also field work with agricultural agents, Federal Government bureaus, journeymen painters and lumber groups.

One important development during 1940 was the decision of the leading producer to make available nationally during 1941, in convenient prepared form for two-coat work, a 100% white lead paint, thus doing away with the competitive disadvantage under which white lead paint has labored for years by virtue of the relatively inconvenient paste form under which it is sold.

Detailed progress reports of the campaign have been furnished subscribers from time to time. Inquiries as the result of the promotional work have steadily grown.

White lead paint remains a product without a peer in the decoration of structures but one that is subject to intense competition from substitutes. It requires the attention of all interested parties to preserve and improve its position in commerce.

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LUMBER PRODUCTS - BETTER PAINT CAMPAIGN

The Lead Industries Association has been in the envious position, as a result of its extensive work with the lumber trade, of having cultivated very cordial relations with practically every branch of the lumber industry on our common problem of seeing that only good paint is applied to good lumber. As a result of the work, I believe that annually as much money is spent by various units in the lumber industry on painting recommendations and on the subject of painting various species of wood as has been expended by us on the campaign itself. The Red Cedar Shingle Bureau, for example, invited us last year to help them in the preparation of a painting sequence for its full color kodachrome talking picture, "The Land of the Totem," to be circulated widely throughout the United States in 1941, at no cost to us. Our expense in this connection was nominal.

Then again, the National Small Homes Demonstration Program has distributed, without cost to us, a leaflet prepared by us on "How Lumber and Paint Keep Your Home Always in Style."

The response to our work among the branches of the lumber industry has been uniformly and enthusiastically helpful.

PLUMBING PROMOTION PROGRAM

Construction in connection with national defense made necessary some changes in the detailed operation of the Plumbing Promotion Program, although basically this program remained unchanged in 1940. The budget was approximately the same as the year before and the same three men conducted the work in the field, supported by PLUMBERS' FORUM and trade paper advertising and publicity.

However, a much larger amount of time had to be spent in Washington in connection with specifications for defense building by the War and Navy Departments, the Public Buildings Administration, U. S. Housing Authority and other Federal agencies. Definite progress was made in that lead plumbing is now included in many Federal government master specifications where it had been excluded for many years. Also it was necessary to visit many of the large Federal construction projects in order to have lead finally used within the framework of the optional specifications issued from Washington.

These new activities resulted in the use of lead plumbing on a number of large Federal projects where it would not otherwise have been employed. They also forestalled changes in a number of local plumbing codes requiring lead which would have admitted other materials. At the same time, this additional work made it impossible to concentrate so intensively on code changes where lead is involved.

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A simplified standard for lead fittings was put into effect at the end of the year. Also the first steps toward obtaining a Commercial Standard for lead pipe, traps and bends and calking lead, promulgated by the National Bureau of Standards, were taken. It is expected that Federal Specifications for lead pipe, traps and bends will follow soon after adoption of the Commercial Standards.

A new Plumbing Manual, issued by the bureau of Standards and used as a basis for plumbing specifications for Federal projects, includes lead pipe and fittings meeting the Lead Industries Association Standards.

CONCLUSION

The present rearmament program has called for extraordinarily large amount of lead and other metals. Fortunately, the lead situation has been one of the best among the non-ferrous metals, owing chiefly to the proximity of foreign sources of supply willing and anxious to supplement American resources. Provided there is no interruption in shipping facilities from Mexico, Peru, Australia, Canada, Newfoundland and elsewhere, the current large demand for lead should be readily filled.

The relative abundance of lead (coupled with the comparatively low price) as contrasted with the scarcity of most other non-ferrous metals, has brought about a windfall for lead. Markets ordinarily thought out of reach for lead competitively, are now lead's without an effort. In fact, the huge volume of the market and the ease with which new business has been obtained raises the natural question as to whether any promotional efforts are justified at this time in behalf of lead or should be abandoned for the duration of the emergency. The answer is that there have been similar occasions in the past when lead was also in great demand only to be plunged with startling rapidity into a depression shortly thereafter. The lesson of the past is that business aspects change suddenly. It is not safe to relax competitive efforts in good times in the struggle to hold and increase markets. All the promotional work of the Lead Industries Association is helping to lay the foundation for the future and will stand the industry in good stead, come rain or shine.

* * *

ELECTION OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

A quorum being present, in person or by proxy, the following Directors were duly nominated, and there being no other nominations, and all nominees being eligible, the following were unanimously

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elected Directors of the Lead Industries Association for the year 1941:

B. N. Zimmer	representing	American Metal Co. Ltd.
F. H. Brownell		American Smelting & Refining Co.
Clarence Glass		Anaconda Sales Co.
S. A. Easton		Bunker Hill & Sullivan Mining & Concentrating Co.
A. E. Bendelari		Eagle-Picher Lead Co.
E. L. Newhouse, Jr.		Federated Metals Division of American Smelting & Refining Co.
L. E. Hanley		Hecia Mining Co.
P. F. Sprague		Metals Refining Co.
P. W. Rockwell		National Lead Co.
O. N. Friendly		Park Utah Consolidated Mines Co.
C. H. Crane		St. Joseph Lead Co.
James Ivers		Silver King Coalition Mines Co.
J. W. Wade		Tintic Standard Mining Co.
P. F. Colcord		United States Smelting Refining & Mining Co. Inc.

The meeting adjourned at 1:50 P.M.


Secretary

The report on the audit of the accounts of the Association as of December 31, 1940, by Haskins and Sells, was read by the Treasurer and accepted, as follows:

LIA20671

HASKINS & SELLS
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

22 EAST 40TH STREET
NEW YORK

ACCOUNTANTS' CERTIFICATE

Lead Industries Association:

We have examined the balance sheet of Lead Industries Association as of December 31, 1940, and the statements of income and expenses for the year ended that date, have reviewed the system of internal control and the accounting procedures of the Association, and have examined or tested its accounting records and other supporting evidence by methods and to the extent we deemed appropriate.

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheet, with the footnote thereon, and related statements of income and expenses fairly present the financial condition of the Association at December 31, 1940, and the results of its operations for the year ended that date, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles followed by the Association on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Haskins & Sells

New York,
February 27, 1941.

LEAD INDUSTRIES ASSOCIATIONBALANCE SHEET, DECEMBER 31, 1940ASSETS

CASH.....	\$29,365.94
DUE FROM MEMBERS.....	693.75
ADVANCES FOR TRAVELING EXPENSES.....	1,264.87
AIR TRAVEL DEPOSIT.....	<u>425.00</u>
TOTAL.....	<u>\$31,749.56</u>

LIABILITIES
AND RESERVES

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE.....	\$ 1,259.70
ACCRUED SOCIAL SECURITY TAXES.....	477.86
RESERVES:	
Ordinary Fund.....	\$16,051.41
Lumber Products - Better Paint Campaign Fund.....	4,534.68
Plumbing Promotion Fund.....	5,570.79
Sheet Lead Promotion Fund.....	3,002.00
White Lead Promotion Fund.....	<u>853.12</u>
TOTAL.....	<u>\$31,749.56</u>

NOTE: The cost of furniture, fixtures, and equipment
has been written off to expense.

LEAD INDUSTRIES ASSOCIATION

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENSES
OF WHITE LEAD PROMOTION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1940

INCOME FROM MEMBERS' ASSESSMENTS FOR 1940.....	\$235,246.00
EXPENSES:	
Salaries.....	\$ 9,188.00
Travel expense.....	6,512.36
Advertising space.....	201,253.94
Printing.....	5,026.66
Illustrations.....	94.79
Mailing expense.....	1,962.94
Cost of publication - Lead (remainder of total cost of \$9,687.86 charged to Ordinary Fund).....	3,523.34
Rent and light.....	900.00
Stationery and office supplies.....	146.15
Entertainment, luncheons, etc.....	317.72
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment.....	650.96
Publicity.....	8,076.89
Advertising production.....	14,398.57
WH Club expense.....	1,762.02
Miscellaneous.....	177.30
Total expenses.....	\$253,991.64
NET LOSS FOR THE YEAR.....	\$ 18,745.64
RESERVE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR.....	19,598.76
RESERVE AT END OF YEAR.....	\$ 853.12

STATE OF INDIANA

INCOME (exclusive of White Lead Promotion) - Members'
assessments for 1940.....

EXPENSES (exclusive of White Lead Promotion):

Salaries.....
Travel expense.....
Medical research.....
Advertising.....
Conventions and exhibits.....
Printing.....
Illustrations.....
Mailing expense.....
Cost of publications:
 Plumbers' Forum.....
 Lead (remainder of total cost of \$9,687.86 charged to
 White Lead Promotion).....
Rent and light.....
Telephone and telegraph.....
Association dues.....
Stationery and office supplies.....
Social security taxes.....
Books and subscriptions.....
Entertainment, lunches, etc.....
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment.....
"Seal of Approval" inspection expense.....
Miscellaneous.....

Total expenses.....

NET INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR (exclusive of White Lead
Promotion).....

RESERVES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR (exclusive of White Lead
Promotion).....

RESERVES AT END OF YEAR (exclusive of White Lead Promotion).

\$108,744.91	\$51,031.82	\$25,076.58	\$32,633.41
\$ 49,028.00	\$29,228.00	\$10,650.00	\$ 9,150.00
18,279.12	666.11	8,701.45	8,911.56
3,000.00	3,000.00		
5,882.74			5,882.74
4,386.97		2,262.44	2,124.53
628.53	464.53	38.37	125.63
646.39	102.06	544.33	
1,456.23	776.95	287.43	391.85
6,403.47			6,403.47
6,164.52	6,164.52		
4,560.05	4,560.05		
752.86	752.86		
359.78	150.78		209.00
930.82	930.82		
1,515.34	1,515.34		
325.21	325.21		
1,398.78	131.08	444.91	822.79
495.33	495.33		
24.05			24.05
2,035.42	544.29	918.46	572.67
\$108,273.61	\$49,807.93	\$23,847.39	\$34,618.29
\$ 473.30	\$ 1,223.99	\$ 1,229.19	\$ 1,979.88
28,685.58	14,827.42	3,305.49	7,550.67
			\$3,002.00
\$ 29,158.89	\$16,051.41	\$ 4,534.68	\$ 5,570.79
			\$3,002.00

STATEMENT OF

INCOME (exclusive of White Lead Promotion) - Members' assessments for 1940.....

EXPENSES (exclusive of White Lead Promotion):

Salaries.....
 Travel expense.....
 Medical research.....
 Advertising.....
 Conventions and exhibits.....
 Printing.....
 Illustrations.....
 Mailing expense.....
 Cost of publications:
 Plumbers' Forum.....
 Lead (remainder of total cost of \$9,687.86 charged to
 White Lead Promotion).....
 Rent and light.....
 Telephone and telegraph.....
 Association dues.....
 Stationery and office supplies.....
 Social security taxes.....
 Books and subscriptions.....
 Entertainment, lunches, etc.....
 Furniture, fixtures, and equipment.....
 "Seal of Approval" inspection expense.....
 Miscellaneous.....

Total expenses.....

NET INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR (exclusive of White Lead Promotion).....

RESERVES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR (exclusive of White Lead Promotion).....

RESERVES AT END OF YEAR (exclusive of White Lead Promotion).

AMOUNTS IN DOLLARS AND CENTS

AMOUNT	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
\$108,746.91	\$11,031.32	\$25,076.58	\$32,633.41	
\$ 49,028.00	\$29,223.00	\$10,650.00	\$ 9,150.00	
18,279.12	666.11	8,701.45	8,911.56	
3,000.00	3,000.00			
5,882.74			5,882.74	
4,386.97		2,262.44	2,124.53	
628.53	464.53	38.07	125.63	
646.39	102.06	544.33		
1,456.23	776.95	287.43	391.85	
6,403.47			6,403.47	
6,164.52	6,164.52			
4,560.05	4,560.05			
752.86	752.86			
359.78	150.78		209.00	
930.82	930.82			
1,515.34	1,515.34			
325.21	325.21			
1,398.78	131.08	444.91	822.79	
495.33	495.33			
24.05			24.05	
2,035.42	544.29	918.46	572.67	
\$108,273.61	\$49,807.93	\$23,847.39	\$24,618.29	
\$ 473.30	\$ 1,223.99	\$ 1,229.19	\$ 1,979.88	
28,685.58	14,827.42	3,305.49	7,550.67	\$3,002.00
\$ 29,158.88	\$16,051.41	\$ 4,534.68	\$ 5,570.79	\$3,002.00

May, 1941

MEMBERS OF THE LEAD INDUSTRIES ASSOCIATION

Alpha Metal & Rolling Mills, Inc.	363 Hudson Ave.	Brooklyn, N. Y.
The American Metal Co. Ltd.	61 Broadway	New York, N. Y.
American Smelting & Refining Co.	120 Broadway	New York, N. Y.
Baker Lead Mfg. Co.	28 Cherry St.	Worcester, Mass.
Bunker Hill & Sullivan Mining & Concentrating Co.		
Cambridge Smelting Co.	100 Pacific St.	Kellogg, Idaho
Chief Consolidated Mining Co.		Cambridge, Mass.
Crown Metal Co.	117-9 E. Washington St.	Eureka, Utah
Dayrock Mining Co.	P.O. Box 334	Milwaukee, Wis.
Dickson Weatherproof Nail Co.	836 W. Kinsie St.	Wallace, Idaho
Division Lead Co.	Temple Bar Bldg.	Evanston, Ill.
The Eagle-Picher Lead Co.		Chicago, Ill.
The Electric Auto-Lite Co.	500 Penn Ave.	Cincinnati, Ohio
Euston Lead Co. (The Glidden Co.)	P.O. Box 97, No. Side Branch	Toledo, Ohio
Evans Lead Company	120 Broadway	Soranton, Pa.
Evans Metal Co.		Charleston, W. Va.
Federal Mining & Smelting Co.		Atlanta, Ga.
Federated Metals Division of American Smelting & Refining Co.		New York, N. Y.
The Flemm Lead Co., Inc.	120 Broadway	New York, N. Y.
W. P. Fuller & Co.	Bradley Ave. & School St.	Long Island City, N.Y.
Gardiner Metal Co.	301 Mission St.	San Francisco, Calif.
General Lead Manufacturing Co.	4820 S. Campbell Ave.	Chicago, Ill.
Goldsmith Bros. Smelting & Refining Co.	2132 Market St.	Denver, Colo.
Hammond Lead Products Inc.	58 E. Washington St.	Chicago, Ill.
Hecla Mining Co.	First Trust Building	Hammond, Ind.
Hercules Mining Co.		Wallace, Idaho
Hudson Smelting & Refining Co.	85-95 Hyatt Ave.	Wallace, Idaho
Imperial Type Metal Co.	3400 Aramingo Ave.	Newark, N. J.
International Smelting & Ref. Co. (Anaconda Sales Co. Agents)		Philadelphia, Pa.
The Johnston Tin Foil & Metal Co.	25 Broadway	New York, N. Y.
Kahn Brothers	6016-6120 S. Broadway	St. Louis, Mo.
Kansas City Smelting Co.	785 Humboldt St.	Brooklyn, N. Y.
The Lewin Metals Corp.	2215-23 Guinotte St.	Kansas City, Mo.
Marks Lieberger & Son, Inc.	Monsanto Post Office	East St. Louis, Ill.
John R. MacGregor Lead Co.	23-01 Borden Avenue	Long Island City, N.Y.
Metals Refining Co. (The Glidden Co.)	4520 W. 15th St.	Chicago, Ill.
National Lead Co.		Hammond, Ind.
North American Smelting Co., Inc.	111 Broadway	New York, N. Y.
Northwest Lead Co.	Edgemont & Tioga Sts.	Philadelphia, Pa.
Park Utah Consolidated Mines Co.	2700 - 16th Ave., S.W.	Seattle, Wash.
River Smelting & Refining Co.	Continental Bank Bldg.	Salt Lake City, Utah
Rochester Lead Works, Inc.	4195 Bradley Road	Cleveland, Ohio
St. Joseph Lead Co.	380 Exchange St.	Rochester, N. Y.
Sherman Lead Co.	250 Park Ave.	New York, N. Y.
The Sherwin-Williams Co.		Wallace, Idaho
Silver King Coalition Mines Co.	101 Prospect Ave., N.W.	Cleveland, Ohio
Silverstein & Pinsof, Inc.	1010 Kearns Building	Salt Lake City, Utah
Standard Rolling Mills, Inc.	1708-1720 Elston Ave.	Chicago, Ill.
Tamarack & Custer Consolidated Mining Co.	143 Jewell St.	Brooklyn, N. Y.
Tintio Standard Mining Co.	Walker Bank Building	Wallace, Idaho
United American Metals Corp.	196 Diamond St.	Salt Lake City, Utah
United States Smelting Refining and Mining Co., Inc.		Brooklyn, N. Y.
Vulcan Lead Products Co.	57 William St.	New York, N. Y.
The Wensley Metal Products Co.	1712 W. St. Paul	Milwaukee, Wis.
White Metal Rolling & Stamping Corp.	1445 Osage St.	Denver, Colo.
Winchester Repeating Arms Co.	80 Moultrie St.	Brooklyn, N. Y.
		New Haven, Conn.

*Associate Member