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Case Name:

Monsanto Company / Charles Martin

Case ID:

274

Case Cluster :

Monsanto Company

Jurisdiction of Settlement:

United States

Jurisdiction of Settlement / Enforcement Agency:

Securities and Exchange Commission

Jurisdiction of Foreign Public Official(s) :

Indonesia

Year of Settlement:

2007

Month/Day of Settlement (or Notes):

03/06

Other Jurisdictions of Settlement:

Unknown

Settlement with Individual or Legal Person?:

Individual

Type of Settlement:

Civil

Legal Form of Settlement:

Consent to Permanent Injunction

Monetary Sanctions (Types):

Civil Penalty

Total Monetary Sanctions (US\$):

\$30,000.00

Civil Disgorgement of Profits (US\$) :

\$0

Civil Prejudgment Interest (US\$) :

\$0

Civil Fine / Penalty (US\$):

\$30,000

Monetary Sanctions Returned / Ordered Returned (US\$):

\$0

UNCAC Articles(s) Implicated:

Art.16

OECD Anti-Bribery Convention Articles Implicated:

Art. 1, Art. 8

Offenses - Alleged:

Bribery of Foreign Officials, False Accounting, Aiding and Abetting Monsanto's internal controls violations, Aiding and Abetting Monsanto's falsification of books and records

Offenses - Settled:

No admission or denial of alleged offenses

Public Procurement Contract / SOE Involved?:
No (License)

Summary:

According to the June 2011 United States Report to the OECD, "Monsanto, a producer of various agricultural products, hired an Indonesian consulting company to assist it in obtaining various Indonesian governmental approvals and licenses necessary to sell its genetically modified products in Indonesia. At the time, the Indonesian government required an environmental impact study before authorizing the cultivation of genetically modified crops. After a change in governments in Indonesia, Monsanto sought, unsuccessfully, to have the new government, in which the senior environment official had a post, amend or repeal the requirement for the environmental impact statement. Having failed to obtain the senior environment official's agreement to amend or repeal this requirement, in 2002, Charles Martin, the Government Affairs Director for Asia for Monsanto, authorized and directed an Indonesian consulting firm to make an illegal payment totaling \$50,000 to the senior environment official to "incentivize" him to agree to do so. Martin also directed representatives of the Indonesian consulting company to submit false invoices to Monsanto for "consultant fees" to obtain reimbursement for the bribe, and agreed to pay the consulting company for taxes that company would owe by reporting income from the "consultant fees." In February 2002, an employee of the Indonesian consulting company delivered \$50,000 in cash to the senior environment official, explaining that Monsanto wanted to do something for him in exchange for repealing the environmental impact study requirement. The senior environment official promised that he would do so at an appropriate time. In March 2002, Monsanto, through its Indonesian subsidiary, paid the false invoices thus reimbursing the consulting company for the \$50,000 bribe, as well as the tax it owed on that income. A false entry for these "consulting services" was included in Monsanto's books and records. The senior environment official never authorized the repeal of the environmental impact study requirement." (Source: .US Report to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, "Steps taken to implement and enforce the OECD Convention on Combating Bribery of Foreign Public Officials in International Business Transactions," Information as of May 31, 2011, Monsanto Company Case Summary at 108-109.)

Sources :

US Report to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, "Steps taken to implement and enforce the OECD Convention on Combating Bribery of Foreign Public Officials in International Business Transactions," Information as of May 31, 2011, NATCO Group, Inc. Case Summary at 55-56, accessed at <http://www.oecd.org>. US Securities and Exchange Commission Litigation Release No. 2572 / March 6, 2007, SEC v. Charles Michael Martin, Case No. 1:07CV0434 (D.D.C.) (filed March 6, 2007), "SEC Sues Former Senior Monsanto Manager Charles Martin for Authorizing a Bribe of \$50,000; Martin Agrees to Pay a Penalty of \$30,000," accessed at <http://www.sec.gov/litigation/litreleases/2007/lr20029.htm>; Complaint filed March 6, 2007, accessed at <http://www.sec.gov/litigation/complaints/2007/comp20029.pdf>