In PCB 71-334, Robert L. Winsor v. EPA, the Board granted a variance to connect one home in Zion, Illinois,to the NSSD. The home has a bad septic tank that connot be replaced.

In PCB 71-343, NSSD v. EPA, the Board consolidated this proceeding with PCB 70-7, League of Women Voters v. NSSD, and authorized a hearing to consider NSSD's request for partial relief from the sewer connection ban.

In PCB 71-327, Farmers Opposed to Tollway v. Illinois State Toll Highway Authority, the Board granted a hearing on the complainants' allegation that the extension of the East-West Tollway will cause various kinds of pollution. The Board noted, however, that it had no intention of ordering an end to the building of new highways in Illinois.

In PCB 71-51C, EPA v. City of Champaign v. the Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois, and Alpha Material and Fuel Company, the Board denied a Motion by the University for a Stay of that portion of the Board's September 16 order which directs the University to submit a report concerning the causes and possible solutions for pollution of Boneyard Creek.

In PCB 71-52, EPA v. Bath, Inc., et al and PCB 71-244, Bath, Inc. v. EPA, the Board denied a motion for modification of the Board's original order concerning operation of a refuse site near Decatur. The Board noted that the motion raised only issues that had already been resolved in the original order.

In PCB 71-291, EPA v. James McHugh Construction Company and the City of Chicago, the Board denied a motion to dismiss by the City of Chicago. The City contended that it is an independent contractor and is not liable for the acts of those with whom it has contracted. The suit alleges water pollution of the Chicago River stemming from a construction project.

In PCB 71-325, EPA v. Airtex Products, Inc., et al, the Board denied a motion by Airtex to dismiss. Airtex held that the original complaint by the EPA contains insufficient information. The Board noted that additional information can be provided by discovery.

In PCB 70-8, EPA v. Village of Glendale Heights, the Board formally lifted the sewer connection ban it had imposed on Glendale Heights in its order of February 17, 1971. The Board took this action after receipt of a certification from the EPA that the Village had accomplished the expansion, tertiary treatment, and effluent disinfection needed to comply with regulations.