

23—Sources of Help

efforts with the U S Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Public Health Service, and the U S Department of Labor. They also cooperate with medical societies and nurses' associations. (See listings earlier in this chapter.)

The names and addresses of such state, commonwealth, or territorial agencies with which the safety professional may need to communicate, are available in an up-to-date listing of health authorities in Public Health Publication No 75, "Directory of State, Territorial, and Regional Health Authorities," for sale by the U S Government Printing Office. Occupational health personnel are listed in the annual "Directory of Governmental Occupational Health Personnel," available from the Bureau of Occupational Safety and Health, Environmental Control Administration, Consumer Protection and Environmental Health Service, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, 1014 Broadway, Cincinnati, Ohio 45202.

Canadian Departments, Associations, and Boards

In all provinces of Canada there is a Workmen's Compensation Board or Commission. Some of these handle accident prevention directly. In other provinces there are provisions similar to Section 110 of the Quebec Workmen's Compensation Act, which stipulates "that industries included in any of the classes under Schedule I may form themselves into an Association for accident prevention and formulate rules for that purpose. Further, the Workmen's Compensation Commission, if satisfied that an Association so formed sufficiently represents the employers in the industries included in the class, may make a special grant toward the expense of any such Association."

It is under these provisions that the various safety associations were organized and are functioning. In some provinces, accident prevention is directly assumed by the board itself by establishing a safety department.

Furthermore, all provinces have legal safety requirements which are administered by the Department of Highways, Department of Labor, and the Department of Mines. These sources can be contacted by writing to the

deputy minister of the department located in the capital of each province.

Governmental agencies

The following list, arranged alphabetically by provinces, shows the departments of labor and workmen's compensation boards. For the convenience of safety professionals who want to communicate with such agencies, titles of top executives are indicated.

Federal

Canada Department of Labour, Accident Prevention and Compensation Branch (Director), 340 Laurier Avenue West, Ottawa, Ontario. This branch is responsible for the implementation and administration of the Canada Labour (Safety) Code, which became effective January 1, 1968. It is also responsible for the development of occupational safety regulations and standards, for the inspection of work places under federal jurisdiction, and for the enforcement of the Safety Code and all regulations prescribed under its authority.

Alberta

Department of Labour (Minister), 10808 99th Ave., Edmonton.
Workmen's Compensation Board (Chairman), 9912 107th St., Edmonton.

British Columbia

Department of Labour (Minister), Parliament Buildings, Victoria.
Chief Factory Inspector, 707 W 37th Ave., Vancouver 13.
Workmen's Compensation Board (Chairman), 707 W 37th Ave., Vancouver 13.

Manitoba

Department of Labour (Minister), Legislative Building, Winnipeg 1.
Mechanical and Engineering Division (Chief Inspector), Legislative Buildings, Winnipeg 1.
Workmen's Compensation Board (Chairman), Legislative Buildings, Winnipeg 1.

New Brunswick

Department of Labour (Minister), P O Box 580, Fredericton.
Workmen's Compensation Board (Chairman).

Newfoundland

Department of Labour (Deputy Minister), Confederation Building, St John's.
Boiler Inspection Branch (Chief Inspector).
Industrial Standards (Industrial Standards Officer).
Workmen's Compensation Board (Chairman).