

CONFIDENTIAL

DEC C - 1949

J. H. C.

Newark, New Jersey
December 5, 1949

DR. J. H. COOPER (3)

NEWARK

GRINDING STUDIES
HF PROCESS

This represents an informal progress report on the HF Process for the month of November 1949.

During the month, CPC-LB appreciably above the strength level of BT-304-D has been obtained on several occasions with a 2-hour grind using very finely powdered salts. Na_2SO_4 (anhydrous N-108), pulverized NaCl (screened thru 40 mesh), commercial Borax and NaHCO_3 have given essentially equal results when used on the basis of equal volume as determined by the specific gravity. Fine Wheelabrator shot and regular NaCl (N-71) have approached this quality when used at double the agitator speed.

20 mesh sand has been definitely inferior even at high speeds. A sample of fine sea sand (all thru 40 mesh but mostly retained on 100 mesh) gave a product close to BT-304-D, but somewhat inferior to that obtained with the fine salt. The separation problem with this material was very serious.

Some attempts have been made to separate the salt in a simple centrifuge, but all of the material settles readily. It is, however, partially classified and it seems probable that a centrifugal classifier would effect a good separation.

A brief study of agitator disc diameter and position indicates that 4 inch discs give better results than 3-1/2 inch or 3 inch discs. As the discs are placed closer together they are less effective. One grind at 2 inches apart seemed a little better than the usual 1-1/2 inches apart. This will be studied further.

Some study of time variables indicates a normal strength development curve. This will be studied further to determine the optimum time cycle.

One grind of chlorine-free CPC was made with powdered salt and material of high strength was obtained. It is substantially equal to ABT-318-D in strength but sli.red and sli.dull. There is no evidence of phase change to the beta form at this point.

One attempt was made to obtain BL-288-D by grinding CPC-LB crude and whiting together in water with sand as the grinding aid. The resulting product, by rubout, was weaker than an equivalent dry mix of the crude and whiting.

A. J. Stratton
A. J. STRATTON,
CHEMICAL DIVISION

AJS:RMK

N41992