compared with the evidence opposed to, it has more convincing force and produces in your minds a belief that it is more likely true than not true.

In determining whether a party has met the burden of proof, you should consider the quality of all of the evidence regardless of who called the witness or introduced the exhibit and regardless of the number of witnesses which one party or the other may have produced.

If you believe that the evidence is evenly balanced on an issue, then your finding on that issue must be against the party who has the burden of proving it.

Let me demonstrate for you what the preponderance of the evidence is.

Assume my hands are the scales of justice. When this case began and until you actually reached a verdict, the scales of justice are in a state of even balance.

That is, nobody has an uneven balance. The scales are equal on the scales of justice.