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E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company
Haskell Laboratory for Toxicology and Industrial Medicine
Elkton Road, Newark, Delaware 19711

HASKELL LABORATORY REPORT NO. 120-81 [REDACTED]

Material Tested

Haskell No.

13,861

Other Codes [REDACTED]

Study Initiated/Completed
1/7/81 - 2/18/81

Material Submitted by

[REDACTED]
Chemicals & Pigments Dept.
Jackson Laboratory

ORAL LD50 TEST IN RATS

Procedure: The test material, as an aqueous solution, was administered by intragastric intubation in divided doses to a group of 10 young adult Cr1:CD ϕ male rats. A Range Finding Study was conducted to determine the initial dose level for the LD50 test.** The surviving rats were weighed and observed during a 14-day recovery period and then sacrificed.

Results:

<u>Dose</u> <u>(mg/kg)</u>	<u>Average Body</u> <u>Weight (g)</u>	<u>Solution</u> <u>(%)</u>	<u>Average</u> <u>Dose (ml)</u>	<u>Mortality</u> <u>Ratio</u>	<u>LD50</u>
25,000	252	69	9.13	0/10	> 25,000 mg/kg

Clinical Signs:

25,000 mg/kg: Salivation and slight weight loss.

Summary: [REDACTED] has very low toxicity when administered orally to young adult Cr1:CD ϕ male rats in divided doses; its LD50 is greater than 25,000 mg/kg of body weight, the maximum feasible dose. Clinical signs included: salivation and slight weight loss.

*

Composition of mixtures by %: [REDACTED]

Synonym: [REDACTED]

CAS Registry Number: [REDACTED]

**

A Range Finding Study using 1 rat per dose level produced no deaths when administered from 670 to 25,000 mg/kg, the maximum feasible dose level.

Report by: John A. Hall

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