

STATE OF TEXAS
COUNTY OF TRAVIS

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CERTIFICATE

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that in my official capacity as General Counsel, Texas Department of Health, I am authorized to make this certification. I further certify that the attached is a true, correct and exact copy of the following described document:

Occupational Health Regulation No. 3 entitled
"Maximum Permissible Concentrations of
Atmospheric Contaminants in Places of Employment"
as adopted by the Texas [State] Board of Health
on June 9, 1958, effective July 1, 1958.

as contained in the official records of the Texas Department of Health.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Texas Department of Health on this the 29th day of April, 1987.

EXHIBIT NO. 1
DATE: 10-17-87
FILED: 10-17-87

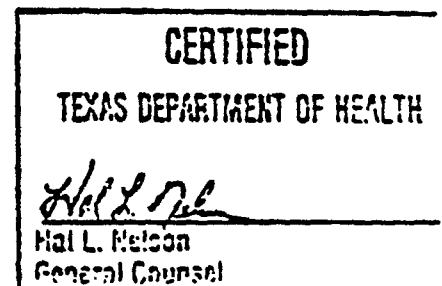

Hal L. Nelson
General Counsel
Texas Department of Health

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OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH REGULATIONS
NO. 3 **MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATIONS**
OF ATMOSPHERIC CONTAMINANTS IN PLACES OF EMPLOYMENT

Effective July 1, 1958

CONSULT LOCAL HEALTH DEPARTMENTS AND PHYSICIANS
FOR
INFORMATION AND ADVICE
ON METHODS OF CONTROL OVER
HEALTH HAZARDS TO ALL WORKERS
AND
INDUSTRIAL DISEASES AND INJURIES



OH-13-2
July 1958
(Supersedes OH-13-1
September 1957)

TEXAS STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
DIVISION OF OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH
Austin, Texas

These standards were amended and adopted by
The Texas State Board of Health on June 9, 1938
in accordance with the authority granted in
Article 44184 of the Revised Civil Statutes, State of Texas,
and are promulgated also in accordance with
Article 4477, Section 19.

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MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATIONS
OF ATMOSPHERIC CONTAMINANTS IN PLACES OF EMPLOYMENT

I. Scope; Purpose; Availability of Pertinent References

Scope: This regulation applies to all places of employment in Texas. It does not cover maximum permissible dose of radiation or the minimum environmental sanitation requirements, nor include measures required for control of community external air pollution or air pollution nuisances.

Purpose: The purpose of this regulation is to prescribe to employers the maximum average atmospheric concentration of contaminants to which they are permitted to expose employees during an eight-hour working day in their places of employment, including industrial establishments.

Pertinent References: Copies of related laws, regulations, opinions of the Attorney General of Texas, and Advisory Standards currently applicable will be provided to any citizen of Texas upon request.

II. Applicability of Figures Listed Herein

Individual people react differently after excessive exposures to atmospheric concentrations of contaminants in places of employment. Listed herein are weighted average concentrations generally safe in places of employment during an eight-hour working exposure. These are not maximum values which cannot be exceeded momentarily depending upon, but not limited to, such factors as nature of contaminant; frequency of occurrence of high concentration; variable durations of exposure; probability of acute poisoning from high concentration for even short periods; cumulative effects. Employers shall consider these factors prior to exceeding values listed herein.

III. Revision

Values listed herein are based upon information obtained from recent experience, experimental study reports, or a combination of the two. Regular review will result in revision as justified. The State Board of Health solicits and will consider pertinent data based upon facts and experiences received from individuals, industries, governmental agencies, or others.

IV. Definitions

1. Industrial Establishment is defined to mean an institution, a place, building or location related to manufactures or to the product of industry or labor.
2. Places of Employment is defined to mean any place where two or more persons are directly or indirectly employed by another for direct or indirect gain or profit.

V. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATIONS DURING ONE WORKING DAY

A. <u>Gases and Vapors</u>	<u>P.P.M.*</u>	<u>Approx. Mg. per Cu. M.</u>
Acetaldehyde	200	360
Acetic acid	10	25
Acetic anhydride	5	20
Acetone	1,000	2,400
(t)Acetylene tetrabromide	1	14
Acrolein	0.5	1.2
Acrylonitrile	20	45
Allyl alcohol	5	12
Allyl chloride	5	15
(t)Allyl glycidyl ether (AGE)	10	45
Allyl propyl disulfide	2	12
Ammonia	100	70
Amyl acetate	200	1,050
Amyl alcohol (isoamyl alcohol)	100	360
Aniline	5	19
Arsine	0.05	0.2
Benzene (benzol)	25	80
Benzyl chloride	1	5
(t)Boron trifluoride	1	3
Bromine	1	7
Butadiene (1,3-butadiene)	1,000	2,200
Butanone (methyl ethyl ketone)	250	740
Butyl acetate (n-butyl acetate)	200	950
Butyl alcohol (n-butanol)	100	300
(t)Butyl glycidyl ether (BGE)(n-butyl glycidyl ether).	50	270
Butylamine	5	15
Butyl cellosolve (2-butoxyethanol)	50	240
(t)Butyl mercaptan	10	35
Carbon dioxide	5,000	9,000
Carbon disulfide	20	60
Carbon monoxide	100	110
Carbon tetrachloride	25	160
Cellosolve (2-ethoxyethanol)	200	740
Cellosolve acetate (2-ethoxyethyl acetate)	100	540
Chlorine	1	3
(a)(t)Chlorine dioxide	0.1	0
Chlorine trifluoride	0.1	0.4
(t)Chloroacetaldehyde	1	3
Chlorobenzene (monochlorobenzene)	75	350
(t)Chlorobromomethane (ClBrCH ₃)	400	2,100
Chloroform (trichloromethane)	100	490
1-Chloro-1-nitropropane	20	100
Chloropicrin	1	7

*Parts of vapor or gas per million parts of air by volume.

/Approximate milligrams per cubic meter of air.

(t)Toxicological information or injury reports on these items is of recent origin and most probably will require revision at an early date.

(a)New - Added 1958.

A. <u>Gases and Vapors (Cont.)</u>	P.P.M.*	Approx. Mg. per Cu. Ft.
Chloroprene (2-chloro-1,3-butadiene)	25	90
Cresol (all isomers)	5	22
Cyclohexane	400	1,400
Cyclohexanol	100	410
Cyclohexanone	100	400
Cyclohexene	400	1,350
Cyclopropane	400	690
Decaborane	0.05	0.3
Diacetone alcohol (4-hydroxy-4-methyl- 2-pentanone)	50	240
Diborane	0.1	0.1
o-Dichlorobenzene	50	300
Dichlorodifluoromethane	1,000	4,950
1,1-Dichloroethane	100	400
1,2-Dichloroethane (ethylene dichloride)	100	400
1,2-Dichloroethylene	200	790
Dichloroethyl ether	15	90
Dichloromonofluoromethane	1,000	4,200
1,1-Dichloro-1-nitroethane	10	60
Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	1,000	7,000
Diethylamine	25	75
Diffuorodibromomethane	100	860
(t) Diglycidyl ether (DGE)	10	55
Diisobutyl ketone	50	250
(t) Dimethylaniline (n-dimethylaniline)	5	25
(t) Dimethyl formamide	20	60
(a)(t) 1-1 Dimethylhydrazine	0.5	1
Dimethylsulfate	1	5
Dioxane (diethylene dioxide)	100	360
(t) Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	100	600
(a)(t) Epichlorohydrin	25	90
Ethyl acetate	400	1,400
Ethyl acrylate	25	100
Ethyl alcohol (ethanol)	1,000	1,900
(t) Ethyl mercaptan	250	640
Ethyl amine	25	45
Ethylbenzene	200	870
Ethyl bromide	200	890
Ethyl chloride	1,000	2,600
Ethyl ether	400	1,200
Ethyl formate	100	300
Ethyl silicate	100	850
Ethylene chlorohydrin	5	16

*Parts of vapor or gas per million parts of air by volume.

/Approximate milligrams per cubic meter of air.

(t) Toxicological information or injury reports on these items is of recent origin and most probably will require revision at an early date.

(a) New - Added 1958.

A. <u>Gases and Vapors (Cont.)</u>		P.P.M.*	Approx. Mg. per Cu. M.
	Ethylenediamine	10	30
	Ethylene dibromide (1,2-dibromoethane)	25	190
	Ethylene imine	5	9
	Ethylene oxide	50	90
	Fluorine	0.1	0.2
	Fluorotrichloromethane	1,000	5,600
	Formaldehyde	5	6
	Furfural	5	20
(c)	Furfuryl alcohol	50	200
	Gasoline	500	2,000
(c)	Glycidol	50	150
	Heptane (n-heptane)	500	2,000
	Hexane (n-hexane)	500	1,800
	Hexanone (methyl butyl ketone)	100	410
	Hexone (methyl isobutyl ketone)	100	410
(a)(c)	sec-Baxyl acetate	100	590
	Hydrazine	1	1.3
	Hydrogen bromide	5	17
	Hydrogen chloride	5	7
	Hydrogen cyanide	10	11
	Hydrogen fluoride	3	2
	Hydrogen peroxide, 90%	1	1.4
	Hydrogen selenide	0.05	0.2
	Hydrogen sulfide	20	30
	Iodine	0.1	1
	Isophorone	25	140
(c)	Isopropyl glycidyl ether (IGE)	50	240
	Isopropylamine	5	12
(n)	Mesityl oxide	25	200
	Methyl acetate	200	610
	Methyl acetylene	1,000	1,650
	Methyl acrylate	10	35
	Methyl alcohol (methanol)	200	260
	Methyl bromide	20	80
	Methyl cellosolve (2-methoxyethanol)	25	80
	Methyl cellosolve acetate (ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate)	25	120
	Methyl chloride	100	210
	Methylal (dimethoxymethane)	1,000	3,100
	Methyl chloroform (1,1,1-trichloroethane)	500	2,700
	Methylcyclohexane	500	2,000
	Methylcyclohexanol	100	470
	Methylcyclohexanone	100	460

*Parts of vapor or gas per million parts of air by volume.

†Approximate milligrams per cubic meter of air.

(c) Toxicological information or injury reports on these items is of recent origin and most probably will require revision at an early date.

(n) New value, 1958.

(a) New - Added 1958.

A. <u>Gases and Vapors (Cont.)</u>		<u>P.P.M.*</u>	<u>Approx. Mg. per Cu. M.</u>
	Methyl formate	100	250
	Methyl isobutyl carbinol (methyl amyl alcohol) .	25	100
(t)	Methyl mercaptan	50	100
(t)	Methyl styrene	100	480
	Methylene chloride (dichloromethane)	500	1,750
(t)	Monomethyl aniline	2	9
	Naphtha (coal tar)	200	800
	Naphtha (petroleum)	500	2,000
	Nickel carbonyl	0.001	0.007
	Nitric acid	5	25
	P-Nitroaniline	1	6
	Nitrobenzene	1	5
	Nitroethane	100	310
	Nitrogen dioxide	5	9
	Nitroglycerin	0.5	5
	Nitromethane	100	250
	2-Nitropropane	50	180
	Nitrotoluene	5	30
	Octane	500	2,350
	Ozone	0.1	0.2
	Pentane	1,000	2,950
	Pentanone (methyl propyl ketone)	200	700
	Perchloroethylene (tetrachloroethylene)	200	1,350
(t)	Perchloromethyl mercaptan	0.1	0.8
	Phenol	5	19
(t)	Phenyl glycidyl ether (PGE)	50	310
	Phenylhydrazine	5	22
	Phosgene (carbonyl chloride)	1	4
	Phosphine	0.05	0.07
	Phosphorus trichloride	0.5	3
	Propyl acetate	200	840
	Propyl alcohol (isopropyl alcohol)	400	980
	Propyl ether (isopropyl ether)	500	2,100
(a)(t)	n-Propyl nitrate	25	110
	Propylene dichloride (1,2-dichloropropane)	75	350
	Propylene imine	25	60
(t)	Propylene oxide	100	240
	Pyridine	10	30
	Quinone	0.1	0.4
	Stibine	0.1	0.5
	Stoddard solvent	500	2,900
	Styrene monomer (phenylethylene)	100	420
	Sulfur dioxide	5	13

*Parts of vapor or gas per million parts of air by volume

/Approximate milligrams per cubic meter of air.

(t) Toxicological information or injury reports on these items is of recent origin and most probably will require revision at an early date.

(a) New - Added 1958.

A. <u>Gases and Vapors (Cont.)</u>		P.P.M.*	Approx. Hg. per Cu. M.†
	Sulfur hexafluoride	1,000	6,000
	Sulfur monochloride	1	6
	Sulfur pentafluoride	0.025	0.25
	p-Tertiary butyl toluene	10	60
(c)	Tertiary butyl alcohol	100	300
	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5	35
	Tetrahydrofuran	200	590
	Tetranitromethane	1	8
	Toluene (toluol)	200	750
	o-Toluidine	5	22
(c)	Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate	0.1	0.7
	Trichloroethylene	200	1,050
(a)(c)	Trichloropropane	50	300
(c)	Triethyl amine	25	100
	Trifluoromonomobromomethane	1,000	6,100
	Turpentine	100	560
	Vinyl chloride (chloroethylene)	500	1,300
(c)	Vinyl toluene	100	480
	Xylene (xylol)	200	870
(c)	Xylidine	5	25
(#)(c)	Teflon decomposition products	0	0
(#)(c)	Pentaborane (B ₅ H ₉)	0	0

B. Toxic Dusts, Fumes, and Mists

	Hg. per Cu. M.†
Aldrin (1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-1,4,4a,5,8,8a-hexahydro-1,4,5,8-dimethanonaphthalene)	0.25
Amate (ammonium sulfamate)	15
Antimony	0.5
ANTU (alpha naphthyl thiourea)	0.3
Arsenic	0.5
Barium (soluble compounds)	0.5
(c) Beryllium	0.002
Cadmium oxide fume	0.1
Calcium arsenate	0.1
Chlordane (1,2,4,5,6,7,8,8-octachloro-3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro-4,7-methanoindane)	2
Chlorinated camphene, 60%	0.5
Chlorinated diphenyl oxide	0.5

*Parts of vapor or gas per million parts of air by volume.

†Approximate milligrams per cubic meter of air.

(c) Toxicological information or injury reports on these items is of recent origin and most probably will require revision at an early date.

(a) New - Added 1958.

(#) Until more data are forthcoming, it is important that atmospheric concentrations of these materials to which workers are exposed must be kept at as near 0 as possible.

‡Milligrams of dust, fume, or mist per cubic meter of air.

B. Toxic Dusts, Fumes and Mists (Cont.)

	Mg. per Cu. M. f
Chlorodiphenyl (42% chlorine)	1
Chlorodiphenyl (54% chlorine)	0.5
Chromic acid and chromates (as CrO ₃)	0.1
Crag herbicide (sodium 2- <u>2</u> ,4-dichlorophenoxy/ ethanol hydrogen sulfate)	15
Cyanide (as CN)	5
2,4-D(2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid)	10
DDT (2,2-bis(p-chlorophenyl) -1,1,1-trichloroethane)	1
Dieldrin (1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-6,7-epoxy-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8, 8a-octahydro-1,4,5,8-dimethanonaphthalene)	0.25
Dinitrobenzene	1
Dinitrotoluene	1.5
Dinitro-o-cresol	0.2
EPN (O-ethyl O-p-nitrophenyl thionobenzenephosphonate)	0.5
Ferban (ferric dimethyl dithiocarbamate)	15
Ferrovandium dust	1
Fluoride	2.5
Hydroquinone	2
Iron oxide fume	15
Lead	0.2
Lead arsenate	0.15
Lindane (hexachlorocyclohexane, gamma isomer)	0.5
(c) Lithium hydride	0.025
Magnesium oxide fume	15
Malathion (O,O-dimethyl dithiophosphate of diethyl mercaptosuccinate)	15
Manganese	6
Mercury	0.1
Mercury (organic compounds)	0.01
Methoxychlor (2,2-di-p-methoxyphenyl-1,1,1-trichloroethane).	15
Molybdenum (soluble compounds)	5
(insoluble compounds)	15
Nicotine	0.5
(c) Paradichlorobenzene	450
Parathion (O,O-diethyl O-p-nitrophenylthiophosphate)	0.1
Pentachloronaphthalene	0.5
Pentachlorophenol	0.5
(a)(c) Phosphoric Acid	1
Phosphorus (yellow)	0.1
Phosphorus pentachloride	1
Phosphorus pentasulfide	1
Picric acid	0.1

Milligrams of dust, fume, or mist per cubic meter of air.

(a) Toxicological information or injury reports on these items is of recent origin and most probably will require revision at an early date.

(a) New - Added 1958.

B. Toxic Dusts, Fumes and Mists (Cont.)

	Mg. per Cu. M. *
Pyrethrum	2
Rotenone	5
Selenium compounds (as Se)	0.1
Sodium hydroxide	2
Sodium fluoroacetate (1080)	0.1
Strychnine	0.15
Sulfuric acid	1
TEDP (Tetraethyl dichionopyrophosphate)	0.2
TEPP (Tetraethyl pyrophosphate)	0.05
Tellurium	0.1
Tetryl (2,4,6-trinitrophenylmethylnitramine)	1.5
Thiram (tetramethyl thiuram disulfide)	5
Thallium (soluble compounds)	0.1
Titanium dioxide	15
Trichloronaphthalene	5
Trinitrotoluene	1.5
(a) Triorthocresyl phosphate	0.1
Uranium (soluble compounds)	0.05
(insoluble compounds)	0.25
Vanadium	
(V ₂ O ₅ dust)	0.5
(V ₂ O ₅ fume)	0.1
Warfarin (3-(α -acetonylbenzyl)-4-hydroxycoumarin)	0.5
(c) Yttrium and inorganic compounds	5
Zinc oxide fumes	15
Zirconium compounds (as Zr)	5

C. Mineral Dusts

	M.P.P.C.F. **
Aluminum oxide	50
Asbestos	5
Dust (nuisance, no free silica)	50
Mica (below 5% free silica)	20
Portland cement	50
Talc	20
Silica	
High (above 50% free SiO ₂)	5
Medium (5 to 50% free SiO ₂)	20
Low (below 5% free SiO ₂)	50
Silicon carbide	50
Soapstone (below 5% free SiO ₂)	20

*Milligrams of dust, fume, or mist per cubic meter of air.

(c) Toxicological information or injury reports on these items is of recent origin and most probably will require revision at an early date.

**Millions of particles per cubic foot of air.