the man who handed him the bomb.

The man has also been arrested, the spokesman said, and has made confessions.

Details of the confessions will be released after investigations are complete, the spokesman said.

U.S. Pullout Begins

Continued From Page 1

after the announcement by President Richard M. Nixon and President Thieu on Midway Island that 25,000 Americans would be sent home by the end of August.

Nixon said last month that he hoped to beat a timetable proposing the withdrawal of all American combat forces by the end of 1970.

The farewell ceremony was attended by the American military commander, Gen. Creighton W. Abrams, U.S. Ambassador Ellsworth Bunker and South Vietnam's Vice President Nguyen Cao Ky.

Gen. Abrams told the men of the "Old Reliables"—the nickname for the 9th Infantry Division—that in their nearly three years of service in the Mekong Delta, men of the division had conducted themselves magnificently in action against a tough, wily and determined enemy.

"You laid the groundwork for the Republic of Vietnam's armed forces to carry on your important role in the defense of their nation," he said.

The first unit to leave Vietnam is the 3rd Battalion, 60th Infantry Regiment of the 9th Division.

Their departure symbolized the reversal of a process that began almost exactly 10 years ago. Since Jan. 1, 1961 36,866 Americans have died in Vietnam.

On July 15, 1950, the first U.S. military mission arrived in Saigon to liaison with French forces fighting the Viet Minh.

From this handful of observers, the figure steadily increased over the years and reached a peak of 543,000 last August. It has remained at a plateau of roughly 540,000 for more than a year.

This week, there were 539,500 men in Vietnam, not counting 35,700 U.S. sailors and Coast Guard men in ships in the South China Sea.

Lull Being Watched

WASHINGTON (AP)—The White House said Monday the lull in fighting in Vietnam is being watched carefully and the matter of U.S. troop withdrawals is under constant review.

But press secretary Ronald L. Ziegler gave no definite confirmation to reports that if the lull continues the withdrawal of U.S. forces might be speeded up.

Ziegler said he had no information to provide either, on a report that some of the less essential civilian and military personnel may be re-

Bran Oil Poisoning Patient Dies

FUKUOKA (Kyodo)—A 19-year-old Yamaguchi Prefecture boy suffering from a skin disease—one of 864 recognized patients in the rice bran oil poisoning case—died Tuesday.

Motohiro Miyoshi of Ajine, was the first fatality among the victims in the sensational poisoning case blamed on a chlorine-containing compound that accidentally got into the product.

Miyoshi collapsed at about 11:30 a.m., soon after he went out of his house too seek fresh air. He had complained of headache and vomiting after he got home from school.

He was already dead when a doctor was called.

An autopsy was held on the body in the evening at Yamaguchi University Hospital.

The doctors who performed the autopsy said the boy died of a heart attack and his death may not be directly related to the poisoning.

Miyoshi had pimple-like eruptions all over the face and dark pigmented skin all over his body.

He was not considered a serious case and was examined every 10 days at the Yamaguchi University Hospital in Ube.

He was said to have consumed an average 1.4 liters of the rice bran oil produced and sold by Kanemi Soko Co., of Fukuoka between March 1967 and October 1968. He was said to be excessively fond of fatty dishes.

Miyoshi and three other members of his family are among 864 recognized patients in the poisoning from 12 prefectures.

About 13,000 persons who ingested the oil have been examined.

Tokyo Tech. Prof. Kills Self in Woods

A professor of Tokyo Institute of Technology hanged himself Tuesday, supposedly out of excessive fatigue from the diehard campus strife, Zushi police said.

Kazuo Niira, 49, a professor of physics at the state-run university, was found dead in a woods in the precincts of Jinmuji Temple in Zushi, Kanagawa Prefecture, at about 3:15 p.m. by a passerby.

He had left no suicide note, but a notebook found in his bag near the body contained scribblings with a description of his strife-weary mind.

Some congressional and business circles are calling for some restrictive measures to curb U.S. imports from Japan and a number of protectionist bills are being introduced in the congressional floor, he explained.

The U.S. Government however, thinks that efforts should be made to expand trade, not to restrict it, Meyer said, and added that he hoped the U.S. and Japan could maintain mutually beneficial trade relationships.

What the U.S. wants in economic relations with Japan is to bring the trade balance, currently some $1,100 million in favor of Japan, in a more proper line, he said.

A reporter mentioned the report that only three Cabinet members of the Nixon Administration will take part in the 7th meeting of the Joint Japan-U.S. Committee on Trade and Economic Affairs and asked whether this indicates decreased interests of the U.S. in the ministerial committee.

The U.S. envoy said he has not received the final information on the composition of the U.S. delegation to the meeting but that he is sure that there will be no decrease of American interests in Eastern Asia.

He regretted, however, that certain Cabinet members would have to join the presidential delegation which plans to visit Romania and six Asian countries at the same time.

But he said U.S. Secretary of State William P. Rogers and Foreign Minister Kiichi Aichi would also hold discussions on Okinawa.

He added that in the meeting held between Nixon and Aichi in Washington in early June the President said Eastern Asia will be the most important area for the U.S. in the remainder of the 20th century.

Prior to the question and answer session, the U.S. ambassador read a brief, prepared statement. He said in the course of the statement that he hopes that the sufferers of the heavy rains in western Japan will be able to return to normal life at an early date.

Sea Limits

PORT OF SPAIN (AP)—Legislation aimed at extending Trinidad and Tobago's territorial sea limits from 3 miles to 12 miles will be introduced this week, said acting Prime Minister Arthur Robinson.

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