All asbestos waste should be disposed of in accordance with OSHA and EPA asbestos regulations. During removal of vacuum bags, an approved respirator, as described in (2) above, should be worn.

6) Good housekeeping is essential in a workplace where asbestos-containing materials are handled. Industrial vacuum cleaners equipped with multiple stage, high efficiency filters should be used for removing accumulations of asbestos dust and waste. Never use compressed air or dry sweeping for cleaning. Water or other dust suppressants should be applied if brooms are used.

7) Good personal hygiene practices are important in minimizing asbestos dust exposure. Do not smoke. Wash before eating. Shower after work. Change to work clothes upon arrival at work and change from work clothes at conclusion of work. Work clothing should not be taken home. Laundering asbestos contaminated clothing shall be done so as to prevent release of airborne asbestos fibers in excess of the exposure limits.

CAUTION: DO NOT BREATH ASBESTOS

To the best of current and reasonably available information and belief, unknown. Abex has made a reasonable and good faith effort to obtain the requested information, to the extent that it is not equally available to plaintiffs, by making a good faith search of locations where documents containing this information, if it exists, should be found, where appropriate, by inquiry to other natural persons or organizations.

Abex's lack of personal knowledge is due to the following: Abex discontinued the manufacture and sale of asbestos-containing railroad friction products in 1977 and asbestos-containing automotive friction products in 1987 and no longer operates any friction product manufacturing facilities. There are no current Abex employees, officers who worked for Abex, or directors who sat on its Board during the period Abex manufactured and sold friction products with personal knowledge of the information contained in all the records and documents that might be responsive to this interrogatory.

Abex's corporate existence spans a period of more than one hundred (100) years, during