

FILE NAME: Newspaper & Magazine Articles (NMA)

DATE: 1952

DOC#: NMA116

DOCUMENT DESCRIPTION: Chicago Daily Tribune - How to Keep Well

HOW TO KEEP WELL

by Dr. Theodore R. Van Dellen

To the limit of space, questions pertaining to the prevention of disease will be answered. Personal replies will be made when return stamped envelope is inclosed. Telephone inquiries not accepted. Dr. Van Dellen will not make diagnoses or prescribe for individual diseases.

HEAVY SMOKING AND LUNG CANCER

[Copyright: 1952: By The Chicago Tribune]

CANCER of the lung continues on the increase. It now is the second most common malignancy in males and in some institutions has passed cancer of

the stomach, to take first place. For the more optimistic side of the picture, more than 90 per cent of the cases can be diagnosed before it is too late and modern surgery has



proved most successful.

Altho the cause is not known, many theories have been advanced. Cigaretts are the main target and logically so, because the disease is more prevalent in men and is on the rise, as is the consumption of tobacco. Absolute proof is lacking but many physicians are dogmatic about smoking as the cause and offer evidence that is extremely convincing. Dr. Evarts A. Graham of St. Louis led the fight in this direction. Most of their conclusions stem from a study of the smoking habits of 684 persons with lung cancers. These patients came from all parts of the country and all social and economic classes.

Of the 605 male victims of the disease, 96.5 per cent had smoked more than one-half package of cigarettes daily for more than 20 years. This compares with 780 men, or 73.7 per cent in the same age group without lung cancer who had smoked as much as the men with cancer. The difference is not great but demonstrates the difficulty of making a statistical study of this kind because smoking is so prevalent in this country. On the other hand, the figures become a little more convincing when more than a pack a day has been used for at least 30 years. Of the cancer group, 51.2 per cent fell into this category compared with 19.1 per cent of the controls. But not every one with cancer was a smoker; 2 per cent abstained completely or smoked less than a half pack a day. No attempt was made to classify the victims as to pipe, cigar, and cigaret smoking.

Women do not smoke as much as men and it often is stated that this is the reason why cancer of the lung is more common in men. Numerous studies along this line have given inconclusive results. There is no agreement on the ratio of men to women smokers, or men to women cancer victims. Graham concludes, however, that a correlation seems to exist between heavy smoking over a long period and cancer of the lung. The answer will not be forthcoming until it becomes possible to produce cancer experimentally from some or all of the products contained in cigaret smoke. Meanwhile the problem remains an individual one and each person must be his own judge.

Other irritants also have been incriminated but without proof. These include industrial dusts from chromates, asbestos, tar, radioactive gases and dusts, nickel, and many others. Gasoline and oil fumes belong in the same category. The bronchitis associated with the influenza pandemic of 1917-18 has been entered as a contender. This is understandable because the epidemic has been blamed for every other human ill, so why not lung cancer? Ample studies have disproved this belief; the age group and the sex ratio are not in keeping with the contention.

For the time being, it is wise for all of us to be on the lookout for the disease. X-ray is in order whenever an unusual cough develops or there is pain in the chest that fails to disappear within a reasonable length of time. The same can be said when blood appears in the sputum or unexplained fever exists.

TOMORROW: The mighty mite causes wholesale itching.

FLUORIDATED WATER

B. T. writes: Is it safe for a grownup to drink water to which fluoride has been added to prevent cavity in children's teeth?

REPLY

Yes, provided the usual concentration of the chemical is not exceeded.

ENLARGED HEART

M. S. writes: Is any operation possible for an enlarged heart? My father has this condition.

REPLY

I doubt it, but why not ask your father's physician whether the condition causing the enlargement can be changed thru surgery.

STONE SQUATTERS

N. J. writes: Could a person go thru life with gallstones without having to be operated on?

REPLY

Yes, and many persons do. Autopsy studies have demonstrated the presence of gallstones in many individuals who were unaware of the condition.

ARTHRITIS AND DIARRHEA

L. Z. writes: Are frequent attacks of diarrhea common in arthritis?

REPLY

No, but certain anti-arthritic medications may cause diarrhea.