

LEGAL DEVELOPMENTS**937 Miner--Pulmonary Tuberculosis--Aggravation By Silicosis--Findings of Fact.**

A miner, while riding an underground motor, suddenly felt like he wanted to cough, and started to spit blood. His condition while at first being diagnosed as pulmonary pneumonia was later established with further examination as pulmonary tuberculosis. Medical testimony showed without appreciable conflict that the claimant did not at any time suffer or incur silicosis. Diagnostic tests revealed that the tuberculosis was of the pneumonic type, uncomplicated by silicosis, and was not the result either primarily or by inducement or aggravation, of an accident arising out of and in the course of his employment by the mining company. Failing to establish his claim, the claimant was barred from compensation by the Board. The court upheld a finding that the disability complained of was not a compensable one, under either the Workmen's Compensation Law, or the Occupational Disease Law. Davis v. Sunshine Mining Co., Idaho Supreme Court. No. 7837. June 25, 1952.

938 Dermatitis--Allergy to Mica Dust--Agreement to Return to Work Not Enforceable Before Cured--Findings of Fact.

Where a worker contracted occupational dermatitis and her recovery depended, according to medical evidence, on an avoidance of mica, as the probable source of the original incidence of the disease, an order for her to return to work where there was a possibility that mica dust would be present would run the risk of exposing the claimant to further infection before she was completely cured and would not be justified. Cornell-Dubilier Electric Corp. v. Manocchia. Rhode Island Supreme Court. No. 2143. July 9, 1952.

939 Pharmaceutical Employee--Effemination and Permanent Sexual Impotency as Result of Chemical Poisoning--Coverage of Benefits by Compensation Act.

An employee in a pharmaceutical plant while processing a chemical known as stilbestrol which contained female sex hormones inhaled and absorbed dust particles of the chemical causing "permanent impairment