

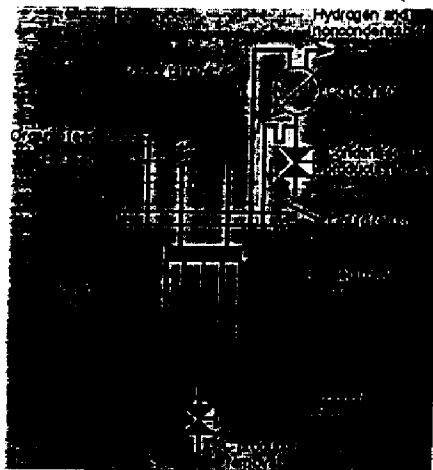
Environmental Fate and Effects of Fluorochemicals

*Dr. Robert D. Howell
Senior Environmental Engineer
Environmental Science & Assessment Group*

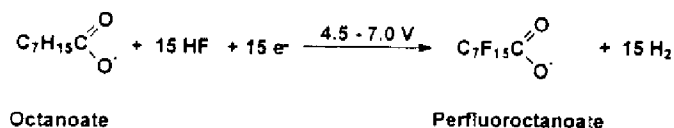
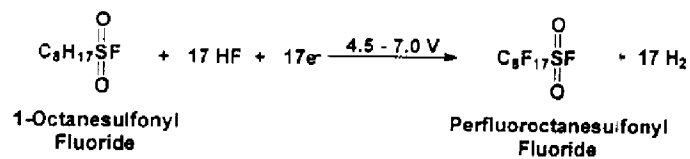
Environmental Issues of Fluorochemicals

- What are "fluorochemicals"?!?!
- How are they made and used?
- What are the environmental issues?
- What has been done to address the issues?
- What are we doing now to address the issues?
- Where are we going from here?

Simons Electrochemical Fluorination (ECF) Process



Simons Electrochemical Fluorination (ECF) Process



Electrochemical Fluorination Cell Products

Desired Product: Perfluorooctanesulfonyl Fluoride (POSF, FX-8)



Also Get-

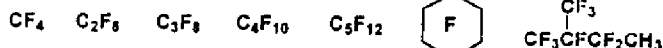
- Other Straight Chain Perfluoroalkyl Products of Various Chain Lengths



- Branched Chain Perfluoroalkyl Products of Various Chain Lengths

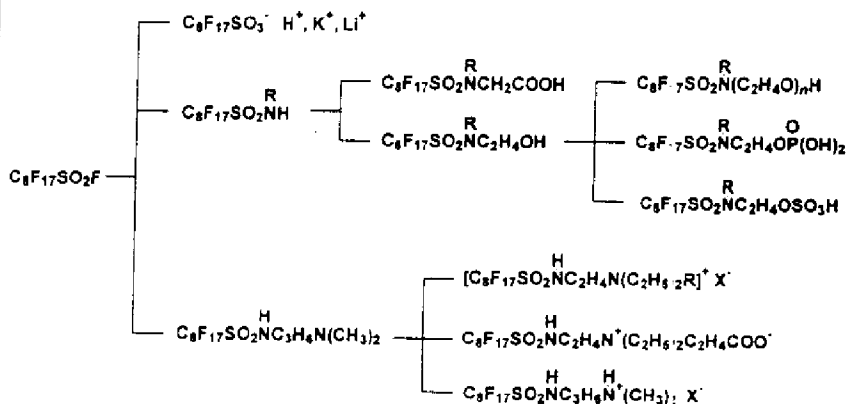


- Other Straight Chain, Branched, and Cyclic Perfluoroalkyl Compounds



- Tars* and Other By-Products Such As SF_6

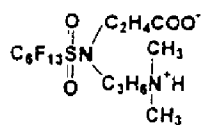
Fluorochemical Products & Intermediates



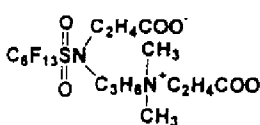
R.A. Guenther, R.A. and Victor, M.L. Surface active materials from perfluorocarboxylic and perfluorosulfonic acids. *I&EC Product Research and Development* 1 (1962) 165-169.

Example: Surfactant used in AFFF Products

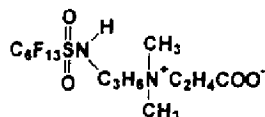
- Three Major Components



"L-4640"



"Diadduct"



- Perfluoro Moiety Primarily Six Carbons Long

Electrochemical Fluorination Cell Products - Issues

- Mixtures of Unknown Composition
 - ~80% straight chain
 - ?% branched of same chain length
 - ?% straight chain of different length
 - ?% branched chain of different chain lengths
- Lot-to-Lot Variability in Composition
 - by cell run
 - by location (Antwerp ≠ Cordova ≠ Cottage Grove ≠ Decatur)
- What Do You Test?
 - Products as they are sold?
 - Specific compounds extracted from the mixture?
 - Do you test the impurities? Which ones?

Nomenclature An *Enormous* Issue

- Experimental Chemical
 - "L-4640" for AFFF
 - "L-1223" for general surfactant use (e.g. cleaning products)
- MSDS
 - Group Number 04-6084-0; 3M ID 98-0211-5617-3
 - "Amphoteric Fluoroalkylamid Derivative Trade Secret"
- Toxicology Services
 - T-2816
- PMNs - "PMN Substance"
- Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
- Product Development Lab
 - "Acrylic Foamer" or "The Foamer" or "New Foamer" or "Old Foamer"
- Environmental Laboratory
 - Use "L-Number"
 - May use Environmental Laboratory "Lab Request Number"

Environmental Issues of Fluorochemicals

- Halogenated
- Persistent
- Widely Dispersed in the Environment
- Potential to Bioaccumulate
- Biologically Active

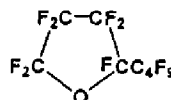
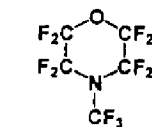
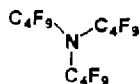
Atmospheric Issues

Extensive Program to Evaluate Atmospheric Fate and Effects of 3M Fluorochemicals as CFC and Halon Replacements

- Experimental
 - IR Spectra
 - UV Cross Sections
 - Hydroxyl Radical Reactivity
 - Singlet Oxygen Reactivity
- Data Analysis
 - Radiative Effects
 - Global Warming Potential

Atmospheric Issues

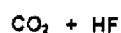
CFC and Halon Replacement Candidates

 C_4F_{10} C_5F_{12} C_6F_{14} 

Atmospheric Issues

CFC and Halon Replacement Candidates

Highly Fluorinated Ethers HFE 401



~5 years for product

Atmospheric Issues of Perfluorinated Compounds

Ozone Depletion Potential

CFC-11 = 1

Perfluorochemical = 0

CFC-113 = 0.8

1,1,1-TCE = 0.1

Atmospheric Lifetime

Perfluorochemicals = 5,000 years

1,1,1-TCE = 5.4 years

Global Warming Potential

$\text{CO}_2 = 1$

$\text{n-C}_4\text{F}_9\text{OCH}_3 = 300$

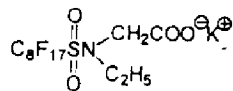
$\text{C}_3\text{F}_{12} = 4,100$

$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14} = 7,400$

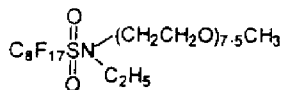
CFC-11 = 4,000

1,1,1-TCE = 110

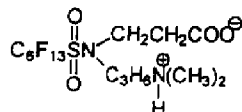
Aerobic Biodegradation Results



37% ThOD in 6.25 hrs. at 30
O₂ uptake

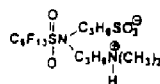
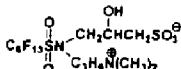
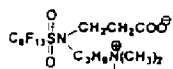
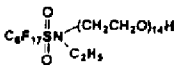
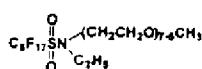
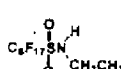
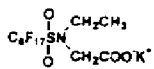
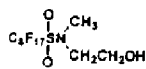
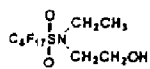


25 to 33% in 2 days
DOC removal



6% in 5 days
CO₂ production

Aerobic Biodegradation of Fluorochemicals



Research at Michigan State University

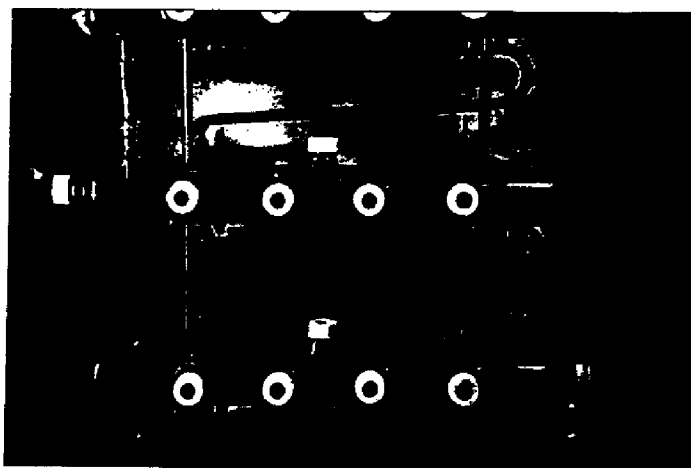
Dr. Craig Criddle
Blake Key

NSF Center for Microbial Ecology and
Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering

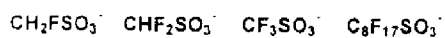
Research at Michigan State University

Multichamber Microcosms

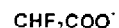
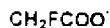
- Fermenting
- Acetogenic
- Methanogenic
- Sulfidogenic
- Denitrifying
- Aerobic



Fluorinated

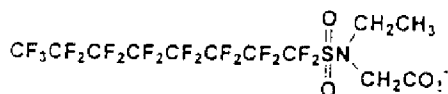
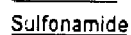
[illegible]

Fluorinated



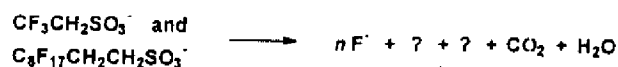
Carboxylates

Fluorinated

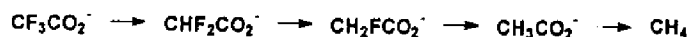


N-ethyl-N-[(heptadecafluorooctyl)sulfonyl]-glycine potassium salt

Recent Results

At MSU: Aerobic and Anaerobic Systems

- several volatile degradation products
- fluoride released concentration dependent

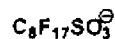
At USGS in Menlo Park, Calif.: Anaerobic Systems

Light Water™ AFFF Usage Wastes

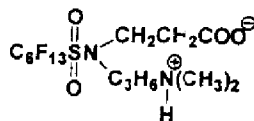
- Continuing Issue with Customers
 - Fire Fighting Training Sites
 - Fire Protection Equipment Testing
 - Accidental Discharge by Automatic Equipment
 - Simple Operation and Maintenance Required
- Potential Environmental Harm
 - Fish Kills
 - Bird Exposure
 - Disruption of Wastewater Treatment Plants
- Potential Negative Publicity for the Corporation

Major Components of 3M AFFF Products

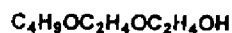
1% "Filmer" FC-95



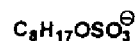
3% "Acrylic Foamer" L-4640



20% Butyl Carbitol

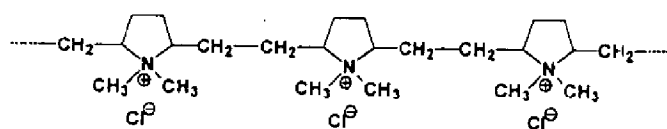


8% Octyl Sulfate



AFFF Waste Treatment

Cationic Polyelectrolytes



MW ~ 200,000 Daltons

~ 160 Daltons

Calgon Merquat 100

AFFF Waste Treatment

- 1. Addition of Cationic Polyelectrolyte**
- 2. Flocculation**
- 3. Separation**
 - Precipitation**
 - Centrifugation**
 - Sand Filtration**
 - Reverse Osmosis/Ultrafiltration**
- 4. Discharge of Treated Water**
- 5. Disposal of Polymer/Surfactant Precipitate**
 - Incineration**
 - Landfill**



Environmental Laboratory

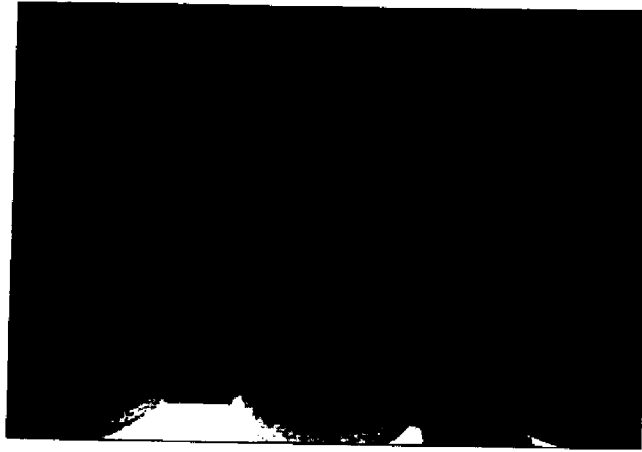
3M



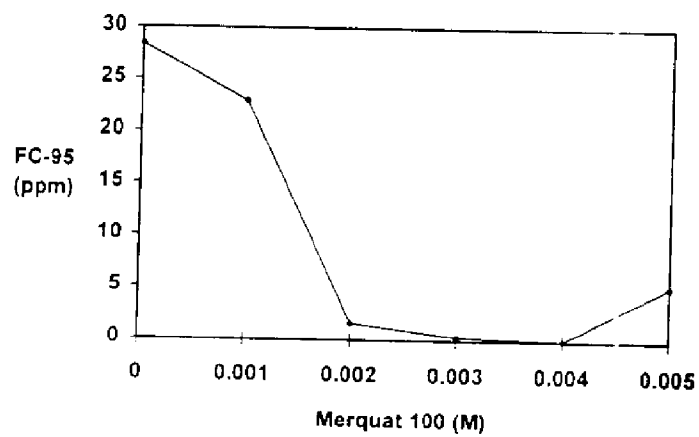
Environmental Laboratory

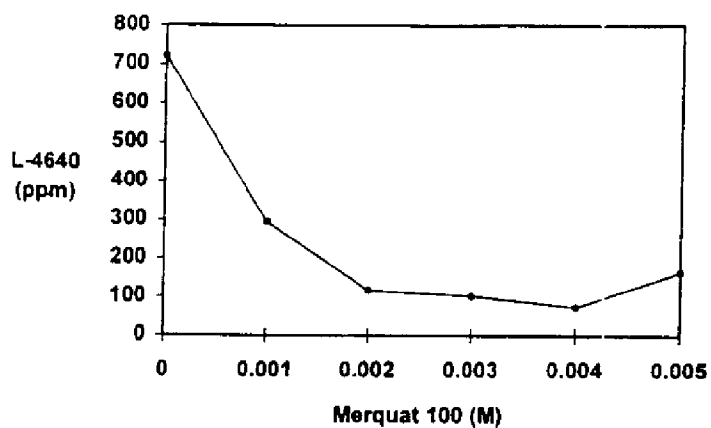
3M





Effect of Cationic Polymer Concentration



Effect of Cationic Polymer Concentration**Fluorochemical Surfactant Removal**

	Concentration in Supernatant (mg/L)	Removal (%)
L-4640		
Nalco 8157	4.9	99.4
Nalco 7735	3.4	99.6
FeCl ₃	2.2	99.7
FC-95		
Nalco 8157	0.67	99.8
Nalco 7735	0.02	99.9
FeCl ₃	0.00	100.0

Future Work on AFFF Waste Treatment

Separation Method

Is precipitation sufficient?

Centrifugation, sand filtration?

Reverse osmosis/ultrafiltration: too costly,
difficult to operate and maintain.

Disposal of Polymer/Surfactant Precipitate

Incineration of fluorochemicals?

Landfill possible?

Seeking Wastewater Treatment Firm for Scale-up

Fluorochemical Bioconcentration in Fish

Uptake Experiment

25 mg/L ammonium perfluorooctanoate (FC-143)

30 fish/tank

5 fish removed and sacrificed at day 7 and day 13

Analysis by combustion and F⁻ analysis by ISE

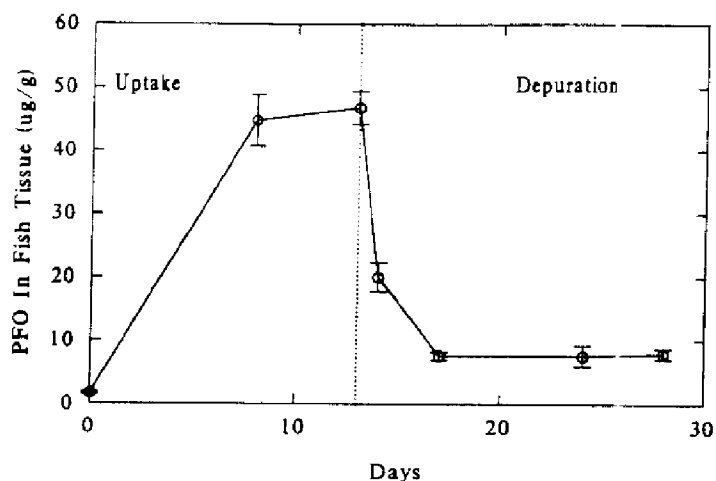
Depuration Experiment

Fish remaining at end of uptake put into fresh
water

5 fish removed at day 14, day 17, and day 20

Analysis by combustion and F⁻ analysis by ISE

Perfluorooctanoate Bioaccumulation in Fish



Perfluorooctanoate Bioaccumulation in Fish

Bioconcentration Factor

PFO concentration in fish (ppm)
PFO conc. in Test Solution (ppm)

Time (days)	PFO in Test Solution (ppm)	PFO in Fish Tissue (ppm)	BCF
8	25.5	44.7	1.75
13	25.9	46.7	1.80

Range of concern: $1,000 < \text{BCF} < 1,000,000$

Fluorochemical Bioconcentration in Fish

Accomplishments

- Developed method for fluorochemical concentration in fish by combustion method
- FC-143 report reviewed by Dr. John Giesey, Environmental Toxicology Dept., Michigan State University
- Incorporated recommendations into protocol
- Presented results to customer and at SETAC 1995

Future Work

- FC-95 (perfluorooctane sulfonate)
- Acrylic foamer (L-4640)
- Ethyl FOSE alcohol
- Others as necessary

Fluorochemical Products - Issues

- Analytical Procedures are Extremely Difficult
 - Hindered by the number of components
 - Techniques/methods valid for one component probably won't work for other components
 - Charged vs. uncharged
 - Positive charge vs. negative charge vs. zwitterionic/amphoteric
 - What matrix?
 - Soil - sand, clay, loam, compost, ...
 - Water - sewage sludge, wastewater, drinking water, sea water, groundwater, ...
 - Animal - rabbit, rat, human, fish, cockroach, ...
 - Tissue - blood, liver, skin, hair, ...
 - Food - pizza, popcorn, food simulating liquid, ...
 - Plant - corn, algae, ...
 - Atmosphere
 - Product

Fluorochemical Products - *Issues*

- Analysis of Fluorochemicals in Environmental Samples NOT Impossible
- Tremendous Developments Since ~1993
 - Extraction Techniques
 - Separation Techniques
 - GC, HPLC, Supercritical Fluid Extraction, and many others
 - Detection Techniques
 - Mass Spectrometry, FID, PID, FTIR, and many others
 - Automated Sample Handling and Instrument Control to Maximize Throughput
- GLP Methods in Place for Several Fluorochemicals in Several Matrices
 - Including blood, livers, skin, and other animal tissues
- Non-GLP Methods in Place for Several Fluorochemicals in Several Matrices
 - Wastewater sludge, soil, drinking water, air, and others
- Can Detect Any Fluorochemical in Any Matrix

Fluorochemical Products - *Issues*

- Tremendous Quantities of Fluorochemicals Being Produced
 - Tens or hundreds of millions of pounds/year
 - Don't know production quantities of competitors
 - Don't know their chemistries
- Effects on Biosphere Unknown
 - Human health?
 - Other living creatures?
- Human Health and Environmental Studies are
 - Extremely Difficult
 - Extremely Expensive
- Ultimate Environmental Fate Unknown
- Unknown Liability

Fluorochemical Products - Issues

- Product Composition
 - Unknown
 - Not Critical to Product Use
- Products meet certain QC specifications
 - Boiling Point (Fluorinert Products)
 - Surface Tension (Fluorad Products)
 - Oil & Water Repellancy (Scotchban & Scotchgard Products)
 - Extinguishment (Light Water Products)
 - Other physical/chemical properties as appropriate to meet specifications
- End Use May Be Unknown
 - Don't know who buys them
 - Don't know what kinds of products they are used in

Fluorochemical Steering Committee

Charles Cowman	<i>Specialty Chemicals Division</i>
Thomas Dipasquale	<i>Legal</i>
Craig Olson	<i>Chemical, Film and Allied Group Compliance</i>
Sik-Toh Ting	<i>Fluorochemical Technology Center</i>
Paul Ackerman	<i>Specialty Materials Division</i>
Larry Zoebel	<i>Medical Department</i>
John Butenhoff	<i>Toxicology Services</i>
Dale Bacon	<i>Environmental Laboratory</i>
James Sugg	<i>Industrial Hygiene Services</i>
Don Theissen	<i>Corporate Product Responsibility</i>
Lael Pickett	<i>Specialty Chemicals Division</i>
Craig Burton	<i>Fluorochemical Technology Center</i>

Fluorochemical Technical Advisory Committee

Craig Burton	<i>Fluorochemical Technology Center</i>
Craig Olson	<i>Chemical, Film and Allied Group Compliance</i>
Jim Johnson	<i>Environmental Laboratory</i>
Roger Perkins	<i>Toxicology Services</i>
Steve Gordon	<i>Toxicology Services</i>
Jeff Mandel	<i>Medical Department</i>
Robert Howell	<i>Environmental Laboratory</i>
John Marhevka	<i>Corporate Research Laboratory</i>
Stan Sorenson	<i>Industrial Hygiene Services</i>
V. Prothapragada	<i>Specialty Materials Division</i>

Fluorochemical Work in Progress

- New Product Testing (Evaluate 2/week & Test 3/month)
- PMNs (2 - 4/year)
- Water Solubility (e.g. Ethyl FOSE Alcohol)
- FC-129 Degradation Study
- HFE 401 & HFE 402 - Fish, *Daphnia*, Algae
- Michigan State Research Biodegradation
- FC-845 Process Wastewater Ecotox (*Daphnia* & Fish)
- Method Development - Ongoing for different compounds and matrices
- Pesticide Working Group
- Bioconcentration (FC-143, FC-95, Ethyl FOSE, and others)
- GLP Tox Studies Underway (e.g. Dermal Transport)
- Degradable Fluorochemical Building Blocks
- Proposals
 - Soil Sorption
 - Comparison of Extinguishment with AFFF vs. Non-Extinguishment