

OTHER LOCATIONS	GENERAL OFFICES	ANNISTON
	W. B. Bridges W. J. Polisarfel W. B. Polinger J. R. Savage	J. T. Bell J. L. Brown J. L. Carter W. R. House G. L. Jester L. C. Lamm J. C. Landwehr A. G. McCarty G. W. Miller S. O. Suggs

**PROGRESS REPORT
TECHNICAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT
ANNISTON, ALABAMA PLANT**

JCS NO. 002-1026

REPORT NO. 2

DATE July 21, 1970

TITLE: AROCLOR LOSSES AT THE ANNISTON PLANT

OBJECTIVE: To report all data which is available to date on Aroclor losses in the Anniston Plant. Also, to report all data on Aroclor residues in the Snow Creek - Choccolocco Creek Watershed. To summarize progress to date on Aroclor clean-up efforts at Anniston.

PERSONNEL: E. G. Wright, (J. T. Bell)

REPORTED BY: E. G. Wright

SUMMARY: Aroclor losses from the Anniston Plant for the period April 15 through June 30, 1970, averaged 16 lbs./day. This is a considerable improvement over the losses of >250 lbs./day for a comparable period during 1969. This reduction has been primarily achieved by an education program and by changing operating habits. However, projects are being installed and evaluated which will further reduce these losses toward the Business Goal of 10 ppb.

FUTURE WORK:

1. Continue sampling and analyzing for Aroclor losses on a routine basis.
2. Continue to sample and analyze grab samples from Snow and Choccolocco Creeks for Aroclor content.
3. Sample and analyze ambient air for Aroclor content.
4. Sample and analyze tank vents in the Aroclor department to pinpoint atmospheric loss points.
5. Collect additional aquatic samples from Choccolocco Creek Watershed.
6. Issue periodical reports on Anniston Plant losses and progress toward 10 ppb goal.

DSW 013202

E. G. Wright

/bs



DISCUSSION

1. Aroclor Department Sewers

A. HCl Sewer

Since the installation of a catch tank in the HCl gas line and a condenser in the acid stream, the Aroclor content in the waste acid stream has been greatly reduced (i.e., Approximately 200 pounds of organic material is being removed by these two projects.). During the sampling period, this sewer averaged 13.0 ppb of Aroclor. (See Data Sheet I.) Based on this data, the decision was made not to route this stream to the sump presently being installed. This resulted in a substantial savings on installing the sump. However, at times, the spent carbon from the HCl carbon towers is dumped into this sewer. Alternate methods are being evaluated to eliminate this situation.

B. Chlorinator and Still Room Sewers

At times these sewers had a two phase flow. The quantity of the Aroclor phase could not be determined. However, these two sewers are being routed through the Aroclor sump. When the sump is completed and put into operation, the Aroclor phase can then be quantified. The sump will, also, provide a means for recovering this second phase, which under present conditions eventually makes its way out of the plant.

When the sump is installed in these sewers, a daily sample will be taken and analyzed to determine the efficiency of the sump. Other projects are also scheduled which should result in a reduction of Aroclor in this process stream.

C. Warehouse Sewer

The major losses from this sewer are due to spills while drumming or flaking. These spills are then swept to the sewer during floor clean-up. Presently, clean-up is accomplished by use of Du-Bois steam cleaner which considerably raised the solubility of Aroclor in water. Alternate methods of clean-up and disposal are presently being evaluated.

D. Total Plant Effluent

During the period April 15 to June 30, 1970, the total plant losses averaged 16 lbs./day. This is excluding the period April 21 to June 20, 1970, when the acid neutralization pit was being cleaned out. During this period, the losses ran very high (See Data Sheet V.) due to the fact that the Aroclor which was trapped in the pit was being stirred and entrained into the plant effluent.

The discrepancy between the 1.7 lbs./day losses from the sewers and the 16 lbs./day losses reported from the plant effluent may possibly be due to two things: 1) Samples from the sewers did not include any of the Aroclor phase and 2) Due to the mixing and the velocity at the plant effluent sampler, some of the Aroclor was being entrained and therefore

OSW 013203

giving higher results. A closer correlation is hoped for when an accurate measure of the Aroclor phase can be accomplished. Close observation of the sump should provide this information.

E. Miscellaneous Samples (Data Sheet VII)

These samples were collected from Snow and Choccolocco Creeks at various times. They show that Aroclors are present in the Choccolocco Creek even above where the Monsanto effluent enters the creek. They also indicate significant amounts of Aroclor in the mud and water of Choccolocco and Snow Creeks a considerable distance (15-20 miles) downstream from the Anniston Plant. In fact, Aroclor concentrations can probably be found in the Coosa River system.

Data Sheet VII contains a complete list of all the data to date on Snow and Choccolocco Creeks. Attached is a map of the watershed showing the sample location with respect to the plant.

COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL

DSW 013204

DATA SHEET VII

<u>Sample No</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Sample Location</u>	<u>Aroclor Concentration (PPB)</u>	
			<u>Mud</u>	<u>Water</u>
1	10-8-69	Snow Creek at Glenaddie	2.36×10^7	23.3
2	10-8-69	Choccolocco Creek at Boiling Springs (upstream from Monsanto's effluent)	78	3.1
3	10-8-69	Choccolocco Creek at City Treatment Plant (1 block below confluence of Snow and Choccolocco Creeks)	738,000	< 2.0
4	10-8-69	Choccolocco Creek at Jackson Shoals ($\approx$ 20 miles downstream)	7,300	5.3
5	10-8-69	Choccolocco Creek at Eureka Bridge ($\approx$ 25 miles downstream, mouth of Choccolocco into Coosa River)	3,240	< 2.0
6	11-23-69	Snow Creek - 1 block below plant	2.19×10^6	20,300
7	11-23-69	Snow Creek at Glenaddie	1.84×10^6	1,435
8	11-23-69	Choccolocco Creek at Highway 9 ($\approx$ 15 miles upstream from the confluence of Snow and Choccolocco Creeks)	1,536	11
9	11-23-69	Choccolocco Creek at Boiling Springs (upstream from Monsanto's effluent)	26	10
10	11-23-69	Choccolocco Creek at City Treatment Plant (1 block below confluence of Snow and Choccolocco Creeks)	--	58
11	11-23-69	Choccolocco Creek at Jackson Shoals ($\approx$ 20 miles downstream)	470	10

COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL

OSW 013212

