

SECTION IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data			
Flash Point (Method Used)	NA	Flammable Limits	NA LEL UEL
Extinguishing Media Water, (Class A, B, or C)			
Special Fire Fighting Procedures NK			
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards NK			

SECTION V - Reactivity Data			
Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid NK
	Stable	X	
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid) NK			
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts Incomplete combustion will create carbon monoxide and dioxide.			
Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid NK
	Will Not Occur	X	

SECTION VI - Health Hazard Data			
Route(s) of Entry:	Inhalation? Yes	Skin? Yes	Ingestion? Yes
Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic) Some persons may be sensitive to cashew resins and develop dermatitis-type problems. Dust of asbestos, silica, talc, graphite, carbon black, and coal can produce pneumoconiosis and other lung damage. Metal dusts can be irritants of the eyes and upper respiratory system. There is little evidence of chronic industrial poisoning from iron, aluminum, and zinc dust. Chronic exposure to lead can affect kidneys, blood, gums, gastrointestinal system, and central nervous system.			
Carcinogenicity:	NTP?	IARC Monographs?	OSHA Regulated?
Asbestos	Yes	Yes	No
Signs and Symptoms of Exposure Cashew resin - skin eruptions, similar in appearance to poison ivy. Pneumoconiosis - coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, impaired pulmonary function. Dusts in eye may cause irritation. Gastrointestinal disturbances possible from ingestion. Lead may decrease physical fitness, cause fatigue, sleep disturbance, headache, aching bones and muscles, abdominal pain and decreased appetite and progressive to more severe symptoms.			
Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure NK			
Emergency and First Aid Procedures Should not be necessary from reasonable handling of this product.			

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