

article must fall, the other article shall fall with it and not stand alone.

Section 504. The following acts are hereby specifically repealed:

Act of July 2,
1937 (P. L.
2714), repealed.

The act, approved the second day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (Pamphlet Laws, twenty seven hundred fourteen), entitled "A supplement to the act, approved the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifteen (Pamphlet Laws, seven hundred thirty-six), entitled, as amended 'An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing a system and schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties,' as amended and re-enacted; providing for the inclusion of occupational diseases within the scope thereof, and providing definitions, provisions, and procedure related to such diseases; and making an appropriation."

Inconsistent acts
repealed.

All other acts and parts of act inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

When effective.

Section 505. The provisions of this act shall become effective on October first, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-nine, except the provisions of section three hundred two of this act, which shall become effective immediately upon the final enactment of this act.

APPROVED—The 21st day of June, A. D. 1939.

ARTHUR H. JAMES

No. 285

AN ACT

To amend sections twenty-seven and twenty-eight of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven (Pamphlet Laws, eight hundred forty-nine), entitled "An act to provide for the permanent personal registration of electors in cities of the third class as a condition of their right to vote at elections and primaries, and their enrollment as members of political parties as a further condition of their right to vote at primaries; prescribing certain procedure for the conduct of elections and primaries and the challenge and proof of qualifications of electors; and prescribing the powers and duties of citizens, parties, political bodies, registration commissions, commissioners, registrars, inspectors of registration and other appointees of registration commissions, county election boards, election officers, municipal officers, departments and bureaus, police officers, courts, judges, prothonotaries, sheriffs, county commissioners, peace officers, county treasurers, county controllers, registrars of vital statistics, certain public utility corporations, real estate brokers, rental agents, and boards of school directors; imposing penalties; and repealing existing legislation," by providing for the transfer of the registration of electors, without personal ap-