has a little indention in it, a well, so you put that drop in there and allow the particles to settle to the bottom for a few minutes and then you count particles, all particles with a low power microscope, and by knowing the amount of air that you have drawn through this device and the particle count, you can express it in millions of particles per cubic foot of air, so you counted all particles that were less than 10 micrometers in size, and that was an expression of sort of a relative dust concentration.

Q Dr. Dreessen, did he use that procedure in his study?

A That procedure had been developed and was actually developed and perfected by the U.S. Public Health Service, and that was the method that was used.

Q And you used the term total dust.

Does that mean all of the dust particles were counted, not just asbestos dust?

A Yes. He counted all particles. The particles would include asbestos particles and