



Foster D. Snell, Inc.
General Laboratories
Hanover Road
Florham Park, New Jersey 07932
(201) 377-6700

August 31, 1973

Dr. Kenneth D. Johnson, Ph.D.
Assistant Technical Director
Occupational Health
Manufacturing Chemists Association
1825 Connecticut Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D. C. 20009

Dear Dr. Johnson:

This proposal is in response to your letter of July 30, 1973 to Mr. J. W. Taylor requesting a bid on a proposed feasibility study designed to establish safe residue levels of vinyl chloride monomer in foods and/or beverages.

You have correctly pointed out the potential dosage error factors which may arise from incorporating a highly volatile material such as vinyl chloride monomer into the usual diet or drinking water. But, of course, many "tricks" can be used to prevent such loss and thus ensure a predictable ingested dose.

For clarity we shall review in more detail each point mentioned by you.

1. Rat rations containing known concentrations of vinyl chloride monomer (up to 250 ppm VCM) may be prepared as follows:

a. Microencapsulation

The vinyl chloride gas may be microencapsulated in a moderately soft fat (tallow or margarine) using a coacervation technique (gelatin) or another microencapsulation method.

b. Adsorption

As an alternative to the above the vinyl chloride may be adsorbed on such materials as ion-exchange resins, charcoal, silica gel, etc. The vinyl chloride gas will be released at the acid pH of the stomach.

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c. Solution

Vinyl chloride monomer is soluble in alcohol and thus it should be possible to incorporate the gas into a glycerol/water mixture. Hopefully a level of glycerol can be established which will maintain appropriate concentrations of VCM for adequate dosing using reasonable quantities of water. If necessary, this amount could be administered by gavage. This procedure could be most appropriate since it resembles the manner in which VCM normally enters the body following extraction by alcoholic beverages.

2. Determine the storage stability of the diet, both in closed containers and in the feed pans and/or water dispensers. This problem is actually an extension of Phase 1 and is intended to ensure that the VCM remains in the feeding vehicle for as long as necessary between preparations of feed batches or water for drinking.
3. Demonstrate absorption of the ingested dose.
This phase represents a bioavailability type of test. Groups of rats will be administered VCM by gavage in an aqueous solution, and blood levels measured over a period of one to six hours. Comparison will then be made with another group administered VCM by the method selected for Phase 1. Blood will be taken from the orbital sinus in a time sequence to be followed in the same animal. Ten animals will be used in each group. VCM will be measured in serum by gas chromatography utilizing for detection either (a) thermal conductivity, (b) flame ionization, or (c) electron capture. Use of C^{14} tagging will also be explored.
4. Quality control methods.
Appropriate sampling of the prepared diets will be made initially and after several days storage to determine if the appropriate VCM levels are present. It would also be important to measure certain key vitamin levels since VCM may interact with vitamins thus producing a vitamin deficient diet.
5. The problems of working with VCM are obvious and we need not oversimplify them; however, with proper care, no major difficulty should be encountered.

The cost of the proposed feasibility study as a fixed price on a "best effort" basis would approximate \$14,500.

Dr. Kenneth D. Johnson
Manufacturing Chemists Association
August 31, 1973
Page Three

POLICY AND CONDITIONS

This assignment is specifically accepted under the following terms and conditions:

- . FDS performs all services for its clients on a best efforts basis. In addition, any confidential information received from its clients as a result of an assignment is held by FDS in strictest confidence and is not disclosed to anyone other than the necessary members of the staff of FDS, except on specific authorization from the client.
- . FDS reports are submitted to its clients for the client's sole use. Any use of all or any portion of the report(s) in any manner of advertising or public announcement without the express written permission of an officer of FDS is prohibited except as may be required by law.
- . Title to all inventions, whether or not patentable, conceived or developed by FDS under this Agreement shall vest solely in the client and shall become its exclusive property only to the extent that these inventions are specifically directed to the assignment which is the subject of this Agreement.
- . No express or implied warranty is made for results or interpretations, except for types of analysis and testing which employ published, accepted, clearly defined, standard methods (U.S. Pharmacopeia, A.O.A.C. and A.O.C.S. methods...). In the event that results, conclusions or recommendations from such analytical or testing work are proved to be erroneous, the liability of FDS, or its subsidiaries, shall not exceed the fee charged for that part of the information which has been found to be in error.
- . FDS shall save and hold its clients harmless against all claims for injury to person or damage to property arising out of the negligent acts of members of FDS's staff during the actual period of the performance of services under this Agreement; moreover, FDS further agrees to maintain insurance to cover any such claims.

Dr. Kenneth D. Johnson
Manufacturing Chemists Association
August 31, 1973
Page Four

Clients shall save and hold FDS harmless against all claims for injury to person or damage to property arising out of and during the course of:

- .. Assignments in which, with the prior knowledge of the client, human subjects are used for testing and evaluating a product or products or process, or
- .. The testing, evaluation, and use of any and all products or processes manufactured or furnished by the client, or
- .. The use of any and all products or processes developed by FDS for the client when FDS no longer has absolute control over such formulation, development, or manufacture, or
- .. The period of time subsequent to the date of completion of the assignment;
- .. moreover, the client further agrees to maintain insurance to cover any such claims.

The client represents and warrants to FDS that it is duly authorized and empowered to enter into this Agreement and the funds are available for payment to FDS hereunder, both without the further consent or authorization of any other person or organization.

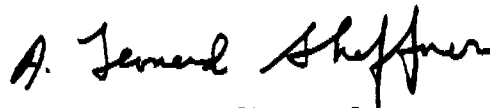
Failure of the client to accept the independent conclusions or recommendations of FDS on the basis of differences of opinion in judgmental areas shall in no way be construed as a failure on the part of FDS to meet the requirements of this Agreement or provide a basis for disapproval or non-payment of monthly invoices.

Charges to clients are comprised of fees for professional services rendered plus reimbursement of expenses incurred as a result of

Dr. Kenneth D. Johnson
Manufacturing Chemists Association
August 31, 1973
Page Five

If we can be of any further service please do not hesitate to call upon us.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "A. Leonard Sheffner".

FOSTER D. SNELL, Inc.

A. Leonard Sheffner, Ph.D.
Vice President

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