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REPARATE HONORS

SCHUEER, Times Motion Picture Editor
a long time since a musical won an Acad-
or best picture, but last night "Gigi" did
"Gigi" made a runaway-out-of-the-Oscar
ling nine awards and taking an honorary

ard won, the
ward for her
1 "I Want to

David Niven
in "Separate
change of pace
excellent com-
ward for best

on the Oscar
in a support-
ited for his
Big Country,"

Wendy Hiller
Miss that, this figure of 10 ties
with 1939's eight plus two

presentation
pattern that
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cluding my
aday's Times

of Nine
nphed—with
e possible en-
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Chevalier.
Hilton. The Academy

ventured to
carried the
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ll) I wish
st-luck-in-Las

ssed on were
ement in film
d Fazan of
d "The De-
ter—and mu-
tic picture, I
erome Moros-
Country," al-
xpress a per-

Another
was raised for Miss Hay-
wards victory as best ac-
tress in her devastating per-
formance as the ill-fated
Barbara Graham, who went
to her death in the San Quen-
tine death chamber. Miss
Hayward was making it on

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Must Be Big, Truman Advises
ave big fist and be sure any agreements
kept by Russia, before we hold a summit
x-President Truman says. Page 1, Part 3

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of their supreme Atlantic
commander, Adm. Jerauld
Wright who declared that
"one of the reasons the So-
viets picked Berlin (for the
current showdown) is that
naval and marine forces
can't get at it."

The four-star American
admiral, who heads one of
NATO'S two international

military commands, pointed
out that most of the cold
war's previous trouble spots
have bordered on the sea,
where allied sea power—
described by NATO Council
President Joseph Luns as
"second to none"—has given
the West decisive advantage.

Called Artificial
Luns, who is foreign min-
ister of the Netherlands,
told a press conference that
"it is often forgotten that
the whole Berlin crisis is an
artificial, Russian-provoked
crisis" to test the West's
unity and resolve.

The tall, English-speaking
Dutch statesman, flanked by
Adm. Wright and NATO
Secretary General Paul-Hen-
ri Spaak, said that success
in the forthcoming Big Four
foreign ministers' conference
at Geneva and a possible
summit meeting with the So-
viet Union later this sum-

mer "depends on whether on
the Russian side there is a
real desire to negotiate."

He said there will be
something gained if only to
show whether or not the
Russians are sincere. If they
do reconfirm the western
powers' rights in West Ber-
lin, which Khrushchev chal-
lenged last November with
"not the slightest reason,"
then there is some chance

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ing shipped to Basra, Iraq's
main Persian Gulf port, un-
der a pretext of being repa-
tiated to their country of
origin. They would be given
Iraqi nationality immedi-
ately upon their arrival, pos-
sibly for use as soldiers in
the armed forces of leftist
Premier Abdel Karim Kas-
sein, the sources added.

More Expected

That Egyptian agency
without giving a source, ad-
ded that other ships are ex-
pected to carry additional
Communist groups to Iraq.
Port and police officials of
Port Said were reported to
have had difficulty going
aboard the Gruzia to make a
routine check.

Port Said said other Rus-
sian ships loaded with arms
had passed through the canal
last week and headed for
Iraq, while their papers gave
their destinations as ports of
Yemen and Red China.

This report follows ac-
counts in the press of the

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**Coast Guard
Races to Aid
Russ Seaman**

WASHINGTON, April 6
(AP)—The U.S. Coast Guard
cutter Storis was en route
to a Russian trawler in the
Bering Sea tonight to ren-
der aid to a critically injured
Soviet seaman.

The emergency aid was
being rendered in response
to a call to the State De-
partment from the Russian
embassy, asking for help in
getting the man to a hospital
at the earliest possible mo-
ment.

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**Defeat HPL
Amendments**

BY ROBERT BLANCHARD
Times Staff Representative

SACRAMENTO, April 6.
Gov. Brown today scored a
decisive victory in his fight
for fair employment prac-
tices legislation that virtual-
ly assured its enactment
later in the week.

The test of strength came
when the Senate, by a vote
of 23-14, rejected changes
that Brown said would
emasculate the administra-
tion-backed bill.

The changes, which were
supported by the Senate Fi-
nance Committee, were pro-
posed by Senate President
Pro Tempore Hugh M.
Burns (D-Fresno).

Effect of Changes

Basically, they were de-
signed to strip the five-mem-
ber commission—which the

bill would set up to investi-
gate cases of discrimination
in employment because of
race, creed, color, national
origin or ancestry—of its
investigative powers and
make it a quasi-judicial
body, with the investigative
work done by its staff mem-
bers.

They also would have lim-
ited the pay of the commis-
sion members to \$50 a day
for each commission meet-
ing.

Burns told the Senate that
unless his amendments were
adopted, there would be
nothing to prevent the five
members of the commission
from running all over the
state initiating cases.

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**Primary Balloting to
Schools and Fill Pub**

BY CARL TO

With an opportunity to
concerning the city tax re-
portant municipal offices at
approximately a million vot-
ers today at the regular
election.

Approval of Proposition A,
the last item on the ballot,
would hike the elementary
school tax ceiling 35 cents,
from \$1.30 to \$1.65 per \$100
assessed valuation; if pro-
posed City Charter Amend-
ment No. 1, heading the list
of eight proposed charter
revision measures on the
ballot, is rejected, the
rate next year will go up 1
cent more. Charter Amend-
ment 1 is designed to put the
fire and police pension sys-
tem on an actuarial basis and
spread the cost over a 10-
year period.

7 a.m. to 7 p.m.

The polls will be open from
7 a.m. to 7 p.m. City Clerk
Walter Peterson yesterday
stuck to a previous predi-
ction that only between 35 to
40% of the voters will
show up at the polling
booths. If it turns out the
Clerk doesn't expect even
33% to vote.

The complete ballot today
includes contests for eight
City-Council offices, four
posts on the Board of Ed-
ucation, eight proposed city
charter amendments and
Proposition A, the school
tax measure.

School Contest

The Board of Education
contests, which involve not
only a city-wide vote but
also include several hun-
dred precincts outside of the
city, apparently were tied
with other issues or top in-
terest in the election. A slate
of candidates backed by the
Committee for Better
Schools was opposed by 10

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Our Fist Must Be B
U.S. must have big fist at
made will be kept by Rus-
conference, Ex-President

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**Cigarette Smoking Called Major
Cause of Increasing Lung Cancer**

BY HARRY NELSON
Times Medical Editor

EXCELSIOR SPRINGS,
Mo., April 6 — A panel of
the nation's leading cancer
"detectives" today con-
demned smoking as the No. 1
culprit in the rising inci-
dence of lung cancer. Only
two of the eight experts
made more than a passing
reference to air pollution as
a cause.

"The fumes haven't been
in the air enough years and
not enough people have
lived there (Los Angeles)
long enough to get any big
change in the statistics," said
Dr. E. Cuyler Hammond,
American Cancer Society
and Yale University statisti-
cian.

"It is true that the lung
cancer rate is higher in cities
than in rural areas but much
of this difference is due to
greater cigarette consump-
tion in cities," said another
panelist, Dr. Ernest L. Wyn-
der of the Sloan-Kettering
Institute, New York.

The rarity of lung cancer

THE WEATHER

No smog today.
U.S. Weather Bureau
forecast: Decreasing
cloudiness today, be-
coming mostly sunny
this afternoon and to-
morrow. High today
near 72. Yesterday's
high, 66; low, 55.

in a nonsmoking population
such as the Seventh-day Ad-
ventists, though living in
smog-filled Los Angeles, sug-
gest that air pollution by it-
self plays a rather minor role
in the development of lung
cancer.

Smoking contributes to
more than 80% of the lung
cancer in American males,
according to available evi-
dence. The death rate for
cancer of the lung in white
American males has in-
creased from 3.5 per 100,000
population in 1930 to 28 in
1956. In females the rate has
gone from 2.1 to 7 during
the same period.

Several of the experts, who
addressed medical writers on

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Article 3 -- No Title

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CANCER SEMINAR

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the final day of an American Cancer Society seminar, indicated that smog may have far more influence in causing death in people with heart or asthma conditions.

Occupation a Factor

A new study conducted in California has indicated that several groups of workers, including welders, cooks and commercial painters, have a high incidence of lung cancer. The study was reported by Dr. Lester Breslow, chief of the chronic disease bureau of the California Department of Public Health.

"I agree that cigarette smoking seems to be the major cause of the large increase in lung cancer cases," Dr. Breslow said. "But at least a substantial minority, it appears, must be accounted for by occupation."

"Indeed, the whole subject of industrial exposure and cancer needs urgent attention."

Dr. Breslow examined records of more than 500 lung-cancer patients in 13 California hospitals starting in 1950, and found a higher-than-expected lung-cancer incidence among welders, steamfitters, boiler makers and other workers exposed to asbestos, bridge-crane operators in metal fab-

ricating plants; lead, zinc and copper miners; shipboard engine-room workers exposed to petroleum products; construction painters and commercial and restaurant cooks.

Both industry and labor organizations have social obligations to employees for the development of cancer prevention measures, Dr. Breslow said. Industry fears the costs, unfavorable publicity and increasing governmental regulations which might emerge from more general knowledge of such problems, he said.

Trade unions have sometimes stressed extra pay for hazardous occupation, such

as those involving exposures to certain disease risks, rather than emphasizing preventive measures which might be undertaken, he added.

Among the established chemical and physical cancer-causing agents for man, according to Dr. Michael B. Shimkin of the U.S. Public Health Service, are chemicals like arsenic affecting the skin, chromates for lung, nickel for nasal sinuses and lung and naphthylamine for bladder.

Only Two Smoke

Also, ultra-violet radiation, including sunshine, causing cancer after excessive exposure, and radiation from X rays or radioactive materials affecting the skin or the bone marrow. This may

even affect miners of uranium and other radioactive ores.

All eight of the specialists agreed that it has been definitely established that cigarette smoking is a major cause of lung cancer. Only two of the panelists smoked and they smoked pipes.

Dr. Breslow emphasized the potential danger of dyes, aromatic amines, chromate ores and petroleum products, including wax and paraffin, which have been associated with cancer of the scrotum.

In modern industry, he said, new chemical processes are being developed almost faster than they can be catalogued, to say nothing of their being adequately investigated for possible dangers to workers.