

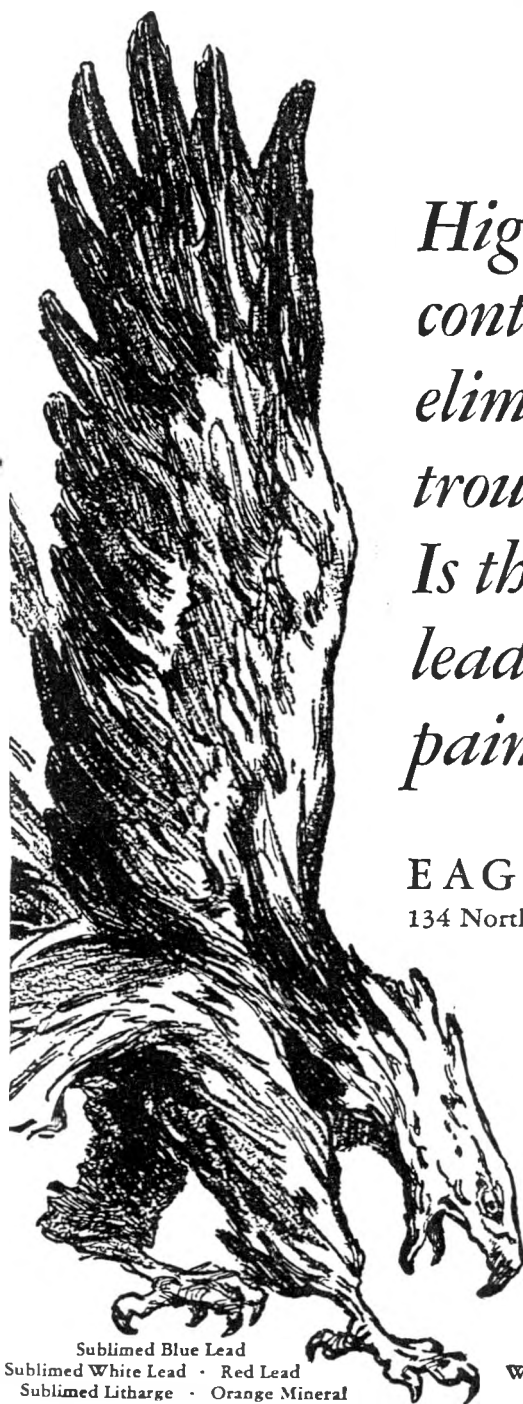
Exports from Belgium to the United States in 1927 were valued at \$158,796 for the previous year. Lithography, 1,144; 1926, \$58,313.

It was previously announced to the regulations adopted by the Control Board, all kauri gum diggers on and after January 1, secure licenses from the Board through the Commissioners of Crown Lands. At the last meeting of the Control Board it was decided that when the necessary regulations are drawn up the procedure to be followed by applicants should be published. Some diggers have communicated with the Board stating that certain sections of land in the Pourua gum reserve should be leased. The Control Board has advised the Commissioner of Crown Lands to give an opportunity of expressing their views on the proposal after making a valuation of the property. The Board further decided after considering representations that 3,000 acres of land near the reserve on lease to the Peat-Oil Company is unsuitable for leasing in small sections for ordinary digging, to place the reserve under the management of the Commissioner of Crown Lands. The land to be opened to diggers for kauri gum reserve. (Consul General Wellington.)

ports of Colors increased from 1892 to 630,000 pesos in 1925, s. The value is of considerable t is taken into consideration ation increase was only about om 728,000 in 1892 to 1,678,000 93 colors and tints embraced nt. of the total value of Uru- in 1919 the percentage was .086. The capital wealth ex- crease from \$128,000,000 in 00,000 in 1927. These figures prosperity and increased pur- or articles included in United classification, colors, dyes and

The Association of German Mineral Color Manufacturers practically the entire German has increased prices of earths by 10 per cent. Firms outside have likewise raised their price rate. The increase is expected to be due to increased production costs due to inflation. (Commercial Attache F. W.)

in Ultramarine Process. It is of high quality of the ultramarine process, particularly at Odessa, where considerable improvement compared to other times, when such products were produced on a small scale. In the Odessa ultramarine furnaces of quite a new type, now in use, these being the work of the chief engineer of the "Odessa" Eisenbud. In Odessa, the new and Leningrad systems are used, the old Vega factory. These are very defective. The Hoffmann system in use, leaves much to be desired, not admit to the full capacity being utilized, and, in consequence of the irregular distribution of quality of the goods produced is unreliable. The Bunder system, eliminating some of the defects, has a certain amount of success, still does not solve the distribution of temperature, mounting at times to as much as 100°C between different positions. The Eisenbud construction is as follows: From the heaters the system of vertical channels, extends through a series of chambers in the vault, and finishing in the vault is regularly disposed in the vault. From the vault the flame reaches the chamber to the hole extent, being directed to the regularly disposed smoke vents.



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6-7 per cent. of glycerine was mixed with the ultramarine, this admixture is now done away with entirely. The proportion of product to the raw material is increased from the former 32 per cent. to 36-37 per cent.; the number of varieties is increased. The improvements are the result of the introduction of a much higher quality of kaolin, not from Polog but from Vapnyarsky, and thereby improved the quality of the ultramarine. It is added that the Trust has received a letter from America asking for samples of the ultramarine for export purposes.—Oil and Color Trades Journal.

French Barytes. The firm, Produits Barytiques, manufacturers of barytes operating a plant at Merzig, France, has recently made arrangements with the Kuhlmann Company for the control of their entire output of barytes, and the plant has been moved from Merzig to the Kuhlmann plant at Dieuze. The Produits Barytiques in the future will devote their energies exclusively to the production of lithopone. (Assistant Commercial Attache Daniel J. Reagan, Paris)

been made in resistance to atmospheric influences. The silicate base the Institute has found to me much cheaper than boiled oil. —Oil and Color Trades Journal.

The Chemical Club of Philadelphia held its regular June luncheon-meeting at the Hotel Adelphia, June 11th. About twenty members and guests attended, while President F. C. Weber presided over the business session, immediately following the luncheon. Secretary George F. Applin read the report of the last meeting while Chairman Walters reminded those present of the combined trade Outing to be held at the Mohican Club, Delair, N. J., on the 20th of this month, urging as many as possible to attend. President Weber introduced Edwin B. George, District Manager of the United States Department of Commerce, who delivered an excellent address on the subject of Foreign Trade Conditions, outlining the trade possibilities and services offered by the Department. A brief summary of Mr.