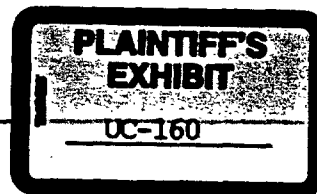


140.2
JAR
INTERNAL CORRESPONDENCE

CHEMICALS AND PLASTICS

P. O. BOX 579, NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK 14302

To (Name) Mr. B. K. Barton
Company 565 Riford Road
Location Neenah, Wisc. 54956

Date November 21, 1969
Originating Dept. Research and Development Department

Answering letter date

Copy to See Attached Distribution

Subject American Can Company
Green Bay, Wisconsin

The attached report summarizes the machine trial held at the American Can Company mill in Green Bay, Wisconsin on November 6, 1969 for the purpose of evaluating High Purity Asbestos as a softening agent in paper. Except for the contained analytical test data, the report is mainly of academic interest, as the success of the trial depends entirely on the results of the subjective handfeel test program which their marketing group will perform. If they decide that the benefits produced by our material are a salable asset, it will probably be necessary to run a second trial so that adequate towel samples can be obtained for field testing.

G. L. Dickson
G. L. Dickson

GLD/bsn
Attach.

RECEIVED
NOV 21 1969
DOC. CALIFORNIA
KING CITY, CA.

A17270

TECHNICAL SERVICE REPORT

THE EVALUATION OF HIGH PURITY ASBESTOS AS A
SOFTENING AGENT IN PAPER TOWELING

for

American Can Company
Green Bay, Wisconsin
November 6, 1969

by

G. L. Dickson

Group Manager - W. L. Carrick

Project No. 452-M33

November 17, 1969

UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION
Chemicals & Plastics
Research and Development Department
Niagara Falls, New York 14302

A 17271

SUBJECT

This report summarizes the High Purity Asbestos trial performed by American Can Company at their Green Bay, Wisconsin mill on November 6, 1969. The primary objective of this work was to acquire sufficient samples of toweling containing two levels of asbestos which would eventually be evaluated by American Can's marketing department. It is their intent to develop a product with improved handfeel softness properties, but which possesses strength characteristics similar to their present production. Also of consideration at this time was the effect of asbestos addition on both their production and converting operations.

TRIAL RESULTS

Samples of converted toweling of adequate size containing two levels of asbestos addition were obtained from this trial. It has been reported that portions of these have been forwarded to American Can's marketing group for their review, which should be carried out in the near future. No operational problems were encountered during either the manufacture of these trial samples or their subsequent conversion into household towel rolls. Although no formal evaluation was made at the time on the effect of asbestos addition on handfeel softness, it is felt that a significant increase resulted. As is usual, this was accompanied by a loss in strength which was minimized by the presence of IAD (carboxymethyl cellulose) and Kymene 557 in the furnish.

TRIAL DISCUSSION

This evaluation was carried out in four parts, only the last two directly involving the addition of asbestos to the papermaking furnish. The following is a brief summary of the four trial periods.

Part A

Production was carried out under normal conditions but with 0.39% Kymene 557 being added to the furnish. (For strength improvement).

Part B

During this period, 2.02 lb. IAD (carboxymethyl cellulose)/ton of paper and 0.21% Kymene were added to the furnish. This reportedly was similar costwise to the total amount of Kymene added in Part A. However, based on the small amount of test data available (refer Table I),

A17272

it appears that better physical test results were obtained under the latter conditions.

Part C

Approximately 2% High Purity Asbestos was introduced into the system at the machine stuff box (in slurry form), utilizing an asbestos pellet repulper (R-1). Because of the brief trial period involved, it must be assumed that equilibrium conditions were probably not attained. However, because of the proximity of the asbestos point of addition to the headbox, the major effects of the asbestos were realized in a relatively short time.

Part D

The final trial period was the same as Part C except the addition of asbestos was increased to about 4% based on their machine production.

Additional data concerning various aspects of the trial are contained in the attached Mill Trial Data Sheet. Table I contains a summary of the physical test results obtained by their paper inspectors during the four trial phases. Table II contains analytical data obtained by our Niagara Falls laboratory on reel specimens and samples of converted towels (after embossing, printing, and rewinding).

CONCLUSIONS

No problems were encountered during the trial and sufficient converted towels were obtained for evaluation by their people. Initial results indicate that softness was benefited with a moderate loss in sheet strength. The lower tensile strength did not effect converting in any respect. Because of the short trial periods and the presence of talc in the pulp (contains magnesium which interferes with analyzing for asbestos), it was not possible to calculate asbestos retention. This is an important parameter however, and some effort should be made to determine this value at a later date.

G. L. Dickson/bsn

TABLE I

SUMMARY OF PAPER INSPECTION REPORT

<u>Trial Period</u>	<u>No. of Tests</u>	<u>Basis Weight</u>	<u>Bulk</u>	<u>Tensile</u> <u>WM</u> <u>AM</u>	<u>Stretch</u> <u>WM</u>	<u>Aged WM</u> <u>Wet Tensile</u>	<u>Absorbency</u>
Specs.	Aim Min Max	14.6 13.9 15.3	.040 .038 .042	750 250 450 150	20.0	220 150	10 50
Part A	6	14.6	.039	725 250	30.0	240	6-1/2
Part B	2	14.5	.037	790 280	37.0	210	7
Part C	4	14.3	.041	680 200	38.4	165	5
Part D	2	13.8	.038	480 150	32.5	150	7

A17274

TABLE II

SAMPLE ANALYSES

<u>Time Sampled</u>	<u>% Ash</u>	<u>% Mg</u>	<u>% Mg due to Asbestos</u>	<u>Asbestos Content</u>
		<u>Reel Samples</u>		
6:10 AM (Part A)	0.32	0.10	0	0
10:40 AM (Part B)	0.25	0.07	0	0
11:20 AM (Part C)	1.17	0.32	0.235	0.94%
12:20 PM (Part D)	2.86	0.73	0.645	2.58%
		<u>Converted Samples</u>		
Part A	0.63	0.11	0	0
Part B	0.58	0.10	0	0
Part C	1.86	0.48	0.375	1.50%
Part D	2.63	0.68	0.575	2.30%

A 17275

UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION
MINING & METALS DIVISION
MILL TRIAL DATA SHEET

November 6, 1969

- I. COMPANY LOCATION AND DATE OF TRIAL American Can Co., Green Bay, Wisc.
- II. COMPANY REPRESENTATIVES AND TITLES Bruce Robertson, Earl Sandstrum,
Marvin Fobes
- III. UCC REPRESENTATIVES B. K. Barton and G. L. Dickson
- IV. TRIAL OBJECTIVES (In order of importance) To prepare samples of toweling contain-
ing two levels of High Purity Asbestos
- V. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION
- Type of Product White Dry Creped Toweling Coated XX Yes/No
- Grade Name 670
- Basis Weight 14.6 lb. (24 x 36-500)
- Daily Production 100-110 tons lb./hour 8,800
- Total Daily Production of Mill -
- (Tissue and Board) No. of Plys -
- VI. MACHINE DESCRIPTION
- Type of Machine Fourdrinier (Yankee)
- Machine No. 9 (Cylinder) No. of Cylinders -
- Machine Speed 2540 FPM (Tissue) Reel Speed 1960 FPM
- (Tissue) % Crepe 23.2 Wire Mesh -
- Wire Width - Machine Trim 184 inches
- Size Press No Calenders No

VII. AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

Refiners	Type	Location	Loading (amp.)

Saveall (Type)_____ Flow Rate_____

VIII. STOCK PREPARATION - Continuous or Batch

Type Beater and Capacity_____

No. of Beater Chests and Capacity_____

Machine Chest Capacity_____

Stock Freeness (Mach. Chest and Stuff Box)_____

Headbox Consistency_____ 0.182 - 0.199%

Makeup pH_____ Machine pH_____

IX. FURNISH MAKEUP* Basis (lb./ton, etc.) (Refer to trial log for addition levels.)

Furnish Constituent	%	Pounds
Kymene 557		
IAD (Carboxymethyl cellulose)		
High Purity Asbestos		

* For board systems include furnish for each medium - topliner, underliner, filler, and backliner.

X. ASBESTOS ADDITION - Pellet Repulper (Type) R-1

Asbestos: Grade High Purity Pellets Lot No. -

Point of Addition Stuff box (immediately prior to fan pump)

Pounds of Asbestos Added _____ per ton BDF _____ per beater

_____ per hour

Per cent asbestos addition on BDF 2% and 4%

XI. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Quality Control Data Record

Stock Prep. Log

Sampling (in order of importance)

Pitch & Retention Trials

Beard Trials

Tissue and Towel

Reel

Tray Water

Stuff box

Stuff box

Vat

Reel

Headbox

Stuff box

Headbox

Tray

Reel

Saveall effluent

Saveall effluent

Saveall influent

Saveall influent

Identify samples by name, date, time

Wet samples should approximate 500 ml.

Weight of BD filter pad is required for all vat, tray, and saveall samples.

XII. TRIAL LOG (Comments including changes in furnish and operating conditions)

<u>Time</u>	<u>Comments</u>
<u>Part A</u>	0.39% Kymene 557 added
<u>Part B</u>	0.21% Kymene 557 added. 2.02 pounds IAD/ton
<u>Part C</u>	0.21% Kymene 557 added 2.02 pounds IAD/ton 200 pounds/hour High Purity Asbestos (2.25%)
<u>Part D</u>	0.28% Kymene 557 added. 2.02 pounds IAD/ton 353 pounds/hour High Purity Asbestos (4%)

Recorded by

Charles L. Jackson

Date

Nov 18, 1969

Witnessed and Understood by

Date

A 17279

DISTRIBUTION LIST

Messrs. M. P. Ballmer	New York
B. K. Barton	Chicago
W. L. Carrick	Bound Brook
F. D. Dexter	New York
G. L. Dickson	Niagara Falls
B. D. Dobbs	Cincinnati
T. Dougherty	New York
C. F. Gray	New York
W. V. Gutzmer	Chicago
P. G. Horecka	Detroit
R. T. Larkin	Seattle
J. K. Marshall	Charlotte
R. A. Miller	Atlanta
G. J. Norberg	Charlotte
E. J. O'Keefe	Dallas
T. R. Orme	Los Angeles
<i>JMA</i> J. L. Myers ✓	King City
J. A. Riddle	King City
H. B. Rhodes	Niagara Falls
R. T. Scott	Detroit
N. J. Setter	New York
H. M. Short	Houston
J. Sidlovsky	New York
R. M. Tong	New York
C. A. Wilson	Chicago
W. S. Young	New York
Miss. J. Ulrey	Bound Brook

A 17280